

California

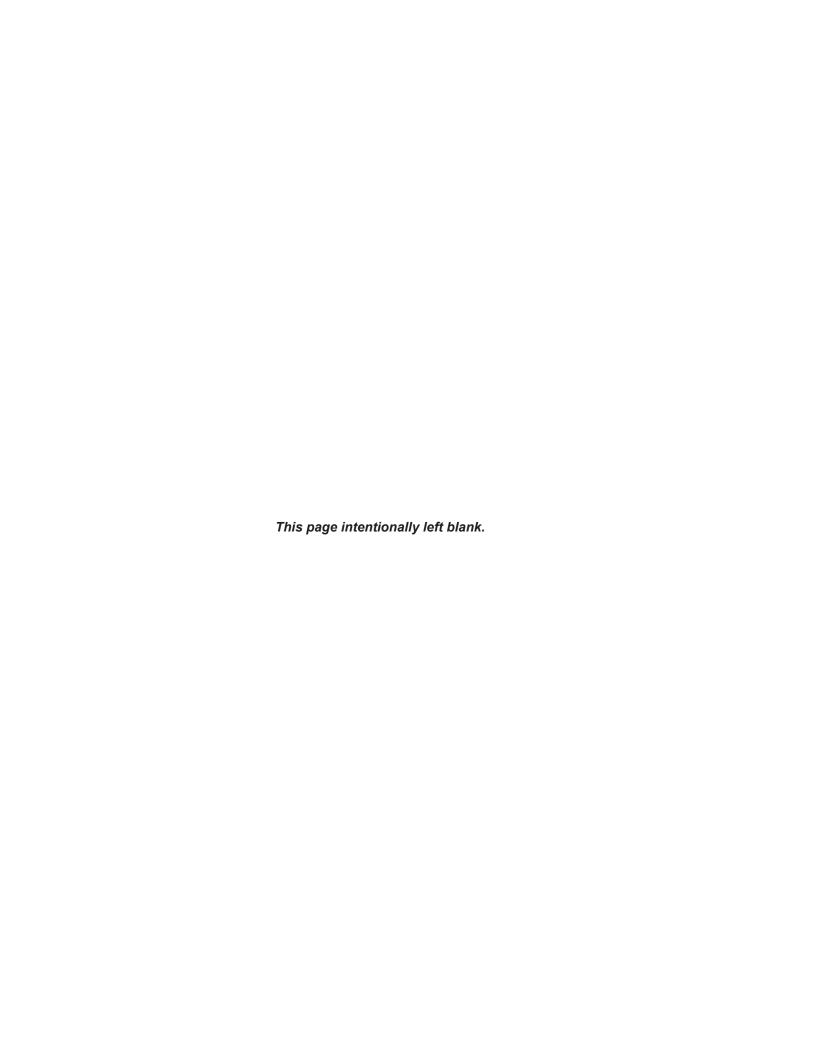
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report





For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

CITY OF POMONA, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016







COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Elliott Rothman Mayor

John Nolte Councilmember, District 1

Adriana Robledo Councilmember, District 2

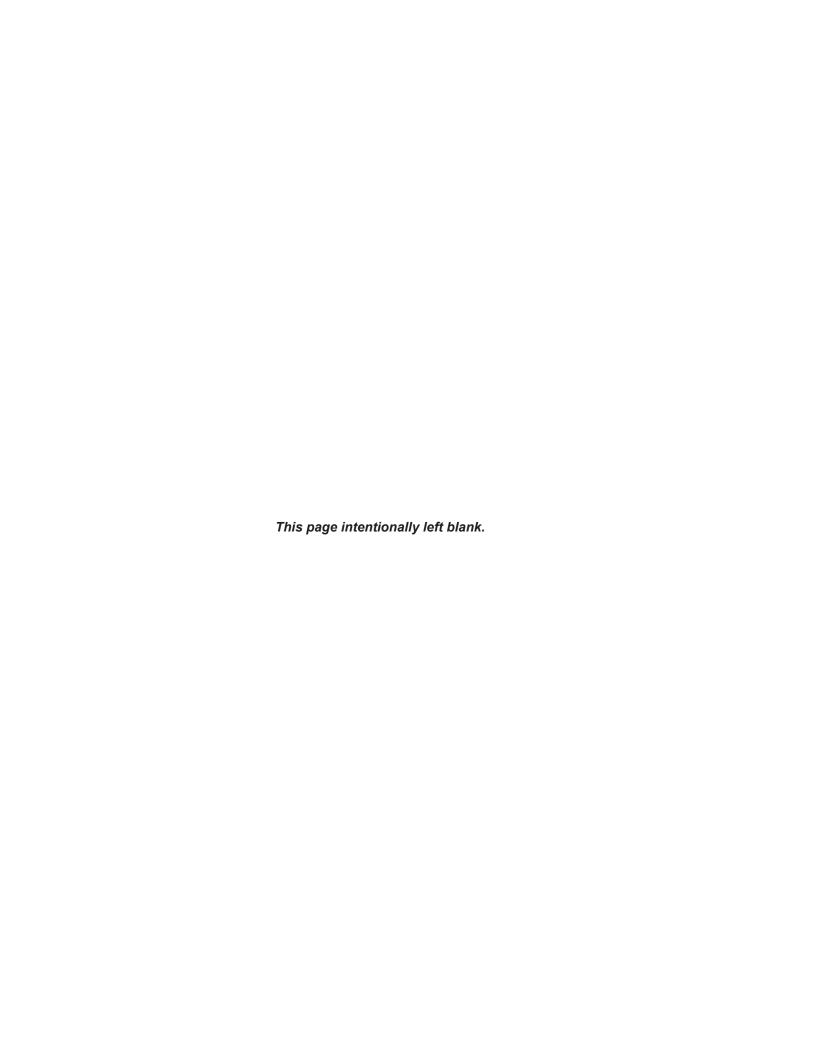
Cristina Carrizosa Councilmember, District 3

Paula Lantz Councilmember, District 4

Ginna E. Escobar Councilmember, District 5

Debra Martin Councilmember, District 6

Prepared by the City of Pomona Finance Department Onyx Jones, Finance Director



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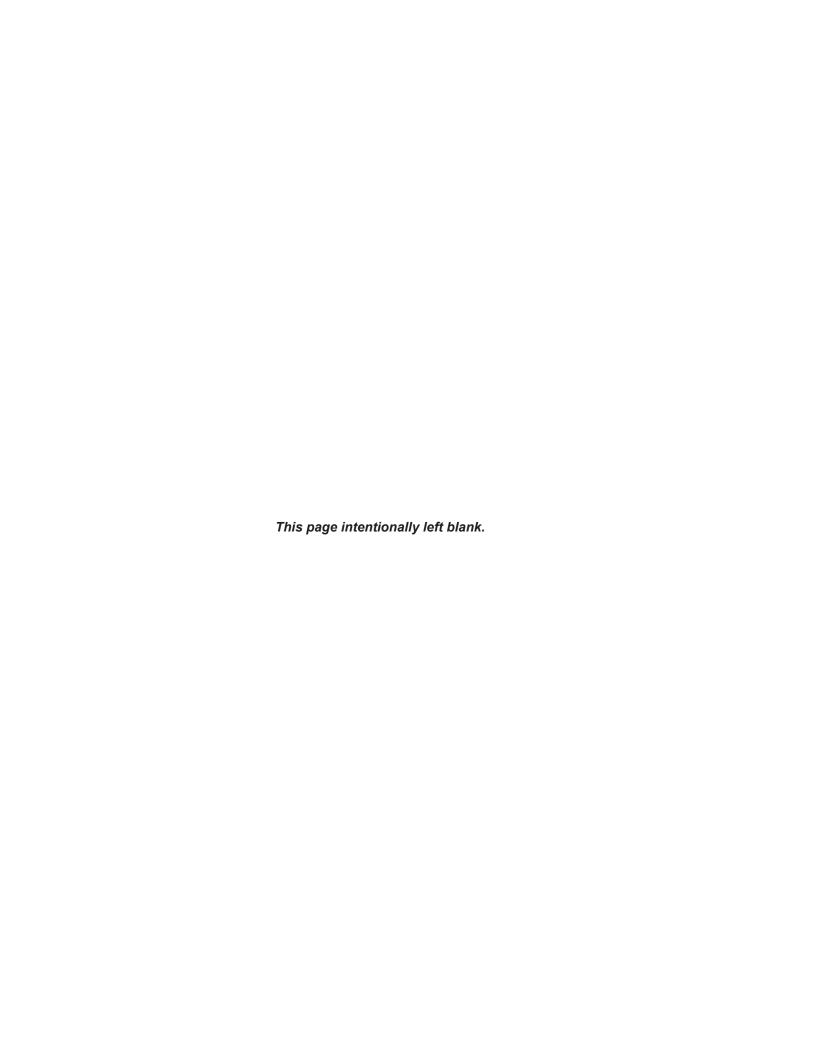
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January 26, 2017

Honorable Mayor and City Council and Citizens of the City of Pomona Pomona, California



The audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Pomona, California (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is hereby submitted.

An independent certified public accounting firm audits the basic financial statements. The purpose of the audit is to ensure that the basic financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the results of operations of the City. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified opinion of the City of Pomona's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. This means that the statements have been prepared using guidelines designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. The independent auditor's report is located on page 1 of the Financial Section. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

In addition to the comprehensive audit, the City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation Part 200 - Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Information related to this single audit, including a schedule of federal financial assistance, findings and recommendations and auditor's report on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, is provided in a separate single audit report.

REPORTING ENTITY

The primary unit of the government is the City, and includes component units all of which are described below:

The Primary Government

The City was founded on January 6, 1888 and became a charter city in 1911. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of municipal government.

The accompanying Comprehensive Annual Financial Report includes the activities of the City, the primary government, and its component units, which are the Pomona Public Financing Authority, the City of Pomona Housing Authority, and the Canon Water Company. Financial information for the City and these component units is accounted for in the accompanying financial statements in accordance with principles defining the reporting entity adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City Council serves as the governing board of the Housing Authority. The City Manager, City Attorney, Finance Director/City Treasurer, Senior Accountant, and the Deputy City Manager serve as the governing board for the Pomona Public Financing Authority. The Public Works Director, Deputy Public Works Director, Water/Wastewater Manager, Supervising Water Resources Engineer, and Water Treatment and Quality Supervisor for the City serve as the governing board of the Canon Water Company. All of these component units are presented on a blended basis.

The former Redevelopment Agency, now Successor Agency, is a separate legal entity, which was formed to hold the assets of the former Redevelopment Agency pursuant to City Council action taken on January 9, 2012 with members of the City Council sitting as the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency. The activity of the Successor Agency is overseen by an Oversight Board which is comprised of individuals appointed by various government agencies including the City of Pomona.

The Pomona Public Financing Authority (the Authority) is a joint exercise of powers agreement organized under Section 6500 of the California Government Code on October 27, 1988 between the City, the Redevelopment Agency, and the Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Covina. The purpose of the Authority is to act as a vehicle for various financing activities of the City and the Agency. The funds of the Authority have been included in the governmental activities in the financial statements. Separate audited statements are also issued for the Authority and are available for review in the Pomona Public Library.

The Housing Authority of the City of Pomona (the Housing Authority) was organized pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 34242. The Authority exists pursuant to adopted resolution No. 93-114 adopted June 7, 1993. Its purpose is to prepare and carry out plans to ensure sanitary and safe housing exists in the City of Pomona and that such housing is available to persons of low income at affordable rental rates. The City provides management assistance to the Housing Authority, and the members of the City Council also act as the governing body of the Housing Authority. The Housing Authority's financial data and transactions are blended with the major governmental funds. Separate audited statements are also issued for the Housing Authority and are available for review in the Pomona Public Library.

This report includes all funds of the City of Pomona, California, and each of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The City provides full services to its residents including public safety, land use planning and zoning, housing and economic development, building and safety regulation and inspection, water, sewer and refuse services, maintenance of parks, streets and related infrastructure, recreational activities and library services.

THE CITY OF POMONA

The City is located at the southeast end of Los Angeles County and borders San Bernardino County's western boundary and is just five miles north of Orange County. The City has a population of 155,604 and covers an area of approximately 23 square miles. The City is a charter city and is governed by a mayor and six council members. Council members are elected by district with the mayor elected from the City at large. Each member of the Council is elected to a term of four years.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of Pomona continues to enjoy a broadly based diverse economy, albeit one with an emphasis upon government, healthcare, and other service-oriented industries. Among Pomona's large employers are the school district (Pomona USD), the City of Pomona itself, California State Polytechnic University, and the Department of Social Services. Notable private sector employers include Tom & Glasser Inc., First Transit, Hayward Industries, Inland Valley Care and Rehab, Kittich Corporation, Verizon, Walmart, Los Angeles County Fair Association (Fairplex) and Target. As a regional healthcare hub, Pomona boasts a premier facility in the Pomona Valley Hospital Medical Center and the non-profit Casa Colina Centers for Rehabilitation.

Per 2016 estimates published by the Labor Market Information Division of the California Employment Development Department (the most recent such data available), the City's employed civilian labor force presently stands at approximately 64,900 workers.

Retail Sales and Use Tax remains an extremely significant source of revenue, and activity now is still on the rebound from levels depressed by the so-called "Great Recession," with annual taxable retail sales of more than \$1.56 billion dollars during Fiscal Year 2015-16 based on actual revenues received. The City of Pomona remains central to the region's building and construction industry, while other business-to-business sales represent a notable share of local sales tax receipts.

Current assessed valuation for the City of Pomona including redevelopment areas is \$9,840,105,629 according to the Office of the Los Angeles County Auditor-Controller. Based on the City assessed valuation, overall property tax receipts (secured, unsecured, transfer tax, in-lieu, etc.) were 31.1% of the 2015-16 General Fund revenues, while sales tax and related line items were 19.1% of that same total.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Pomona's vigilant ongoing review and control over expenditure growth has been, and will continue as, a critical factor in maintaining and improving the City's overall financial health. To ensure its fiscal health, on May 2, 2011, the City Council adopted resolution number 2011-49 approving the City's Fiscal Sustainability Policy. This policy established guidelines for the City's overall fiscal planning and management and is intended to foster and support continued financial strength and stability of the City. The policy is quite comprehensive and covers areas of Budget, Economic Development, Risk Management, Accounting-Auditing-Financial Reporting, Cash Management and Investments, and Debt Management. The policy also required a separate Fund Balance Policy to ensure fiscal health of the City. Part of the Fund Balance Policy adopted by the City Council on June 20, 2011, requires the General Fund to have a 'Committed Fund Balance' of 17% of operating expenditures by June 30, 2020. The policy provides a scale for reaching the 17% starting with 8% as of June 2012 and ending with the 17% in 2020. Based on 2015-16 General Fund expenditure and fund balance numbers, the General Fund has already exceeded the final goal of 17%.

OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE

As the City looks ahead to 2016-17, staff is encouraged by the General Fund reserve balance and indicators that a modest economic recovery is finally underway. However the adopted FY 16/17 budget does include a deficit and the revenues and organizational structure are being reviewed to help future budgets. The City is also fully aware that the rebounds to the tax revenues are slow and the City's financial structure could be challenged in the future. The City of Pomona must identify sustainable resources to address increasing cost such as retirement, continued rise in retiree health costs, debt service requirements, yearly increase for the LA County Fire contract, costs for deferred maintenance of facilities and infrastructure, and a decrease in funding for programs such as Asset Forfeiture.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Single Audit. As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the staff of the City. The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation Part 200 - Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. The results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 are published under separate cover.

Budgetary Controls. The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual adopted budget approved by the City's governing body. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot exceed the appropriated amount) is at the department level in the General Fund and by fund total for all other funds. For budgeting purposes, the General Fund is composed of several departments while all other budgeted funds are each considered to be a single department. The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control, however all operating encumbrances lapse at year-end unless specifically approved by City Council resolution per the City Charter.

OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management. The City maintains a self-insurance program to provide for the general liability, workers compensation and unemployment benefits claims.

Independent Audit. The accounting firm of Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP was selected to perform the annual independent audit. The annual audit is designed to meet the requirements of generally accepted auditing standards in the United States, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Federal Single Audit Act of 1996, as amended and related Uniform Guidance. The auditors' report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' report related specifically to the single audit is included in a separate Single Audit Report.

Certificate of Achievement. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Pomona for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The City of Pomona has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-three consecutive years (1993-2015). The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles in the United States and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA for consideration.

Additional Information. For additional information, please refer to the Management's Discussion and Analysis in the Introductory Section of this report. This discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Acknowledgments. The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire Finance Department staff. Special recognition is given to all the Accounting division staff and the City's audit firm for their services in the coordination and assistance in the preparation of this year's report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the City Council, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Onyx Jones Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Pomona California

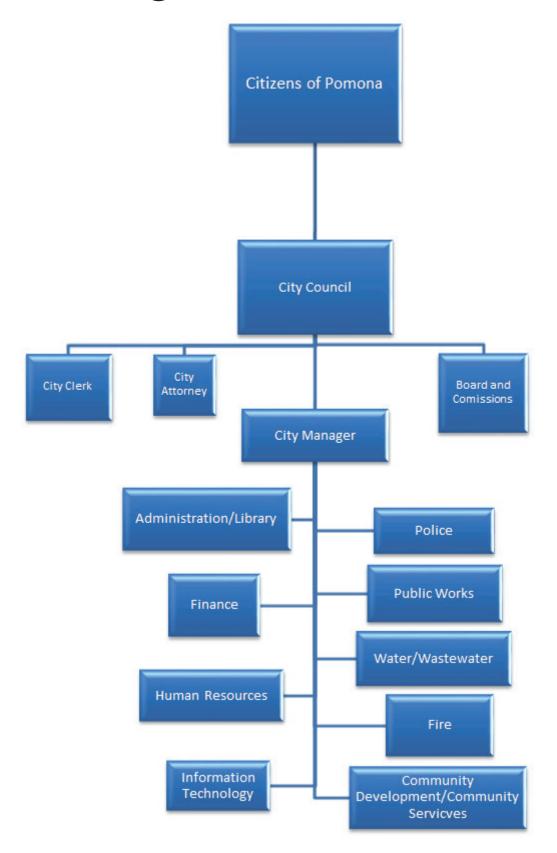
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Jeffry R. Ener

Executive Director/CEO

Organizational Chart



DIRECTORY OF CITY OFFICIALS

at June 30, 2016

CITY COUNCIL

Elliott Rothman

Mayor

John Nolte Councilmember District 1

Paula Lantz
Councilmember
District 4

Adriana Robledo Councilmember District 2

Ginna E. Escobar
Councilmember
District 5

Cristina Carrizosa Councilmember District 3

Debra MartinCouncilmember
District 6

APPOINTED ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

City Manager	Linda Lowry
City Attorney	Arnold Alvarez-Glasman
City Clerk	Eva M. Buice
City Treasurer	Onyx Jones

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Finance	Onyx Jones
Fire (Los Angeles County)	Jim Robinson
Human Resources	Linda Matthews
Information Technology	John DePolis
Library	Mark Gluba
Community Development/Community Services	Mark Lazzaretto
Police Chief	Paul Capraro
Public Works	Rene Salas
Water/Wastewater	Darron Poulsen



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Pomona, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pomona, California, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, Housing Authority and Miscellaneous Grant Fund, the schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, and the schedules of plan contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 25, 2017 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brea, California January 25, 2017 This page intentionally left blank.





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the City of Pomona's financial performance provides an introduction and overview to the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This narrative discussion and analysis focuses on the fiscal year 2015-16 activities, resulting changes and current known facts; therefore, the information presented here should be considered in conjunction with additional information furnished in the transmittal letter and the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$206 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$94.2 million.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, committed fund balance for fiscal sustainability in the General Fund was \$15.7 million, which is 17% of total general fund expenditures, including transfers out.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis portion of the annual financial report is intended to serve as an introduction to, and provide the reader with a fundamental understanding of, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Pomona. The CAFR is divided into four main sections. First is the Introductory Section which provides the letter of transmittal, an organizational chart, and a list of City officials. The Introductory Section is followed by the Financial Section, which contains the independent auditor's report, the management's discussion and analysis, and finally the basic financial statements. These statements contain the "core" financial information for the City of Pomona. The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, followed by the fund financial statements, and finally, the notes to the financial statements. The Financial Section is followed by the Supplemental Data portion of the report, which provides individual fund and combining information that rolls up into the amounts shown in the basic financial statements. The final portion of the CAFR is the Statistical Section. This section presents selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City of Pomona's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. Information contained within the government-wide statements includes the entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units. These statements use the accrual basis of accounting with the measurement focus on that of economic resources. All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term, are included. All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or disbursed, are reported. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City of Pomona's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net position". Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial condition of the City of Pomona is improving or deteriorating over time.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2016

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event causing the change occurs, regardless of when cash is actually received or disbursed. This means that revenues and expenses in this statement are recorded when earned or a liability is incurred. Thus, items such as the value of earned but unused vacation leave will be recorded as an expense of the current period, even though the actual use of the vacation time may not be until subsequent periods.

Both of the government-wide statements distinguish between functions of the City of Pomona that are principally supported by taxes or intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Pomona include general government, public safety, urban development, neighborhood services, and interest and fiscal charges. The business-type activities of the City of Pomona include water, sewer, refuse and Canon Water Company operations.

Fund financial statements. A "fund" is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Pomona, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. All of the funds of the City of Pomona can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds include activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary. These funds are used to account for, essentially, the same functions reported as "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, however, governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting and focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Only assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter are reported on the Balance Sheet. No capital assets are included. Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, and expenditures for goods and services that have actually been received during the year, are included within the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds in the fund financial statements with similar information presented for "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The City of Pomona maintains 19 individual governmental funds. Individual fund information is presented for the "major" funds in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. The major funds presented include the General Fund, the Housing Authority Fund, the Miscellaneous Grants Fund, the General Debt Service Fund, and the Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund. Information for the remaining governmental funds is combined into a single "other governmental funds" column on the face of the financial statements. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of "combining statements" presented in the Supplemental Data portion of the report.

Proprietary funds are used to report two types of funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds report the same functions presented as "business-type" activities in the government-wide financial statements. These include activities that the City operates similar to a private business. The City of Pomona uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of the City and Canon Water Company all of which are considered "major" funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Pomona uses internal service funds to account for its self-insurance activities, equipment maintenance activities, information technology activities, and printing/mail service activities. Because these four services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, the activities have been included within "governmental activities" in the government-

wide financial statements. All internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated column presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements presented in the Supplemental Data portion of the report.

Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting and focus on the accumulation and use of economic resources. Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short and long-term are included within these statements. All revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year are also included, regardless of when cash is actually received or paid.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the funds are custodial in nature, and therefore, these resources are not available to fund the City of Pomona programs.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information contained in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position. As mentioned earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Total net position has increased when compared to the prior year, indicating that the City's overall financial position has improved. Below is a summary schedule showing the components that make up the City's net position (in millions) at June 30, 2016 and 2015.

		Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		,,,,,		otal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Current and other assets	\$ 120.7	\$ 117.4	\$ 88.3	\$ 88.2	\$ 209.0	\$ 205.6
Capital assets	265.8	273.5	159.2	156.5	425.0	430.0
Total assets	386.5	390.9	247.5	244.7	634.0	635.6
Deferred outflows of resources						
Deferred charge	0.1	0.1	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.8
Deferred pension related items	27.2	7.9	3.8	1.1	31.0	9.0
Total deferred outflows of resources	27.3	8.0	5.3	2.8	32.6	10.8
Current and other liabilities	24.5	8.5	11.2	6.8	35.7	15.3
Long-term liabilities outstanding	247.0	247.6	145.3	150.0	392.3	397.6
Total liabilities	271.5	256.1	156.5	156.8	428.0	412.9
Deferred inflows of resources						
Deferred pension related items	28.3	27.3	4.3	4.2	32.6	31.5
Total deferred inflows of resources	28.3	27.3	4.3	4.2	32.6	31.5
Net Position:						
Net Investment in capital assets	224.5	232.2	43.0	42.1	267.5	274.3
Restricted	116.5	138.5	24.0	28.9	140.5	167.4
Unrestricted	(227.0)	(255.2)	25.0	15.5	(202.0)	(239.7)
Total net position	\$ 114.0	\$ 115.5	\$ 92.0	\$ 86.5	\$ 206.0	\$ 202.0

For the City of Pomona, total assets deferred outflows exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows by \$206 million at June 30, 2016. As the table above shows, an amount of \$267.5 million is reported as *net investment in capital assets*. This amount represents those capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and work in progress), some of which have been acquired over time and financed by the issuance of long-term debt. The City of Pomona uses these capital assets to provide services to the citizens of the City, and the assets are therefore not available for meeting current financial obligations. Although net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay the debt must come from other operating sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to make debt service payments.

An additional portion of net position, in the amount of \$140.5 million, reported as *restricted* net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how it may be used. Restrictions include assets that are legally set aside for future capital development, capital projects, housing-related activities, debt service reserves, and other legally restricted amounts. The remaining balance is *unrestricted* net position of \$(202 million). It is not uncommon in government entities to see an unrestricted net position deficit. There are many reasons why this could occur but the City of Pomona has a deficit due to the issuance of several long term liabilities that were used to slowly invest in City assets over a long period of time rather than all at once in advance. Also the City was required to implement new accounting standards in FY 2014/15, GASB 68 which required the City to record the total unfunded liability relating to Pension plans. This caused the unrestricted net position by having to record the unfunded liability for the City's Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB).

Changes in net position. The statement of net position provides a snapshot at a given point in time of the assets and liabilities of the City. The other citywide statement provided is the *Statement of Activities*. This statement provides the reader with information regarding the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position over the fiscal year. Generally, all changes to the City's net position from one fiscal year to the next flow through the statement of activities. The City's programs for governmental activities include legislative and support services, Police, Fire, Public Works, Urban Development, Community Services, and Library. The programs for the business-type activities include water utilities, sewer, and residential refuse operations. The following is a summary schedule showing the components that make up the City's changes in net position (in millions) for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			otal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 17.3	\$ 14.3			\$ 17.3	\$ 14.3
Water	-	-	\$ 28.2	\$ 29.9	28.2	29.9
Sewer	-	-	4.4	4.7	4.4	4.7
Refuse	-	-	9.7	9.6	9.7	9.6
Operating contributions and grants	17.0	17.6	-	-	17.0	17.6
Capital contributions and grants	11.4	12.6	-	-	11.4	12.6
General Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	33.7	36.4	-	-	33.7	36.4
Sales taxes	15.2	13.5	-	-	15.2	13.5
Motor vehicle licenses	0.1	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.1
Transient occupancy taxes	1.7	1.6	-	-	1.7	1.6
Property transfer taxes	1.9	1.6	-	-	1.9	1.6
Franchises taxes	6.4	6.6	-	-	6.4	6.6
Utility users taxes	16.4	17.5	-	-	16.4	17.5
Business licenses (nonregulatory)	3.4	3.3	-	-	3.4	3.3
Other taxes	0.1	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.1
Interest and rentals	2.7	2.1	0.3	0.1	3.0	2.2
Miscellaneous	3.3	3.5	1.4	0.1	4.7	3.6
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Extraordinary gain (loss) on RDA dissolution		0.8				0.8
Total revenues	\$ 130.5	\$131.5	\$ 44.0	\$ 44.4	\$174.5	\$175.9
	8	,			,	

		Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		Total			
	2016	2016 2015		2015	2016	2015	
Expenses:							
General government	\$ 7.6	\$ 5.6	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7.6	\$ 5.6	
Public safety	68.9	67.6	-	-	68.9	67.6	
Urban development	43.5	42.1	-	-	43.5	42.1	
Neighborhood services	7.9	6.2	-	-	7.9	6.2	
Interest on long-term debt	5.0	5.2	_	-	5.0	5.2	
Water	-	-	25.8	27.1	25.8	27.1	
Sewer	_	-	4.0	3.9	4.0	3.9	
Refuse	_	-	8.0	8.5	8.0	8.5	
Canon Water Company	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Total expenses	132.9	126.7	37.8	39.5	170.7	166.2	
Increase in net position before transfers	(1.9)	4.8	5.7	4.9	3.8	9.7	
Transfers	(0.5)	1.0	0.5	(1.0)	_	-	
Increase (decrease) in net position	(2.4)	5.8	6.2	3.9	3.8	9.7	
Net position at beginning of year	115.6	264.6	86.6	99.7	202.2	364.3	
Restatement of Net Position	0.8	(154.8)	(8.0)	(17.0)	_	(171.8)	
Net position at end of year	\$ 114.0	\$ 115.6	\$ 92.0	\$ 86.6	\$ 206.0	\$ 202.2	

Governmental Activities - The City's program revenues totaled \$45.7 million. The City paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with \$87.2 million in taxes (some of which is restricted for certain programs). The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$132.9 million. However, as shown above in the changes in net position, the amount taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was \$87.2 million since some of the cost was paid by Charge for Services revenue (\$17.3 million), or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with operating contributions and grants (\$17 million), and capital contributions and grants (\$11.4 million). The City had a \$2.4 million decrease in net position from governmental activities (see Financial Analysis of the City's Funds – General Fund for explanation) in 2015-16.

Business Type Activities - The cost of all business-type activities in 2015-16 was \$37.8 million. As shown above in the changes in net position, the amount of revenue received was \$44.0 million. Total resources available during the year to finance business-type activities were \$129.8 million consisting of Net Position at July 1, 2015 of \$85.8 million, after a restatement of \$(.8 million) due to a capitalization error, revenues of \$44.0 million, expenditures of \$37.8 million and consideration of \$(0.5 million) in transfers; thus net position increased by \$6.2 million. The increase was primarily due to the reduction in expenses in the Water Fund primarily due to the decrease in purchase of water when compared to the prior year. The City and its residents made a conscious effort to reduce water usage due to the drought and imposed water restrictions. The conservation efforts also lead to decreased charges for services revenue for the City.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City uses governmental fund accounting to ensure compliance with budgetary allocations and to maintain control over resources that are legally, or otherwise, restricted for specific purposes. Following is a discussion of the individual "major" funds as shown on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds in the basic financial statements.

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for the general operations of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always reported as a "major fund". The General Fund reported \$91.7 million in revenues and \$87.1 million in expenditures resulting in revenues over expenditures in the amount of \$4.6 million before accounting for net other financing uses of \$5 million, resulting in the General Fund fund balance to decrease by \$.5 million for the fiscal year. Total fund balance at June 30, 2016 was \$16.8 million, composed of \$23.4 million in assets combined with \$3.6 million in liabilities and \$3 million in deferred inflows and resources. Total fund balance includes \$0.1 million in nonspendable fund balance, which represents that portion of fund balance that is not available for appropriation. Committed fund balance totals \$15.7 million for fiscal sustainability. The City has a

fiscal sustainability policy that was adopted by resolution 2011-49 for the purpose of guiding the City's financial planning to meet financial obligations while providing high quality services. The policy states that 17% of the general fund operating expenditures including transfers out is to be committed for fiscal sustainability. The committed portion of fund balance can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council, and remains in-place unless removed in the same manner. The remaining portion of fund balance is considered unassigned. General fund revenues increased \$1.7 million in the fiscal year when compared to the prior year which was due to an increase in licenses and permits revenues. In total, tax revenues decreased when compared to the prior fiscal year. Two major sources of tax revenue that decreased were Property Tax and Utility Users Tax. The reason for the Property Tax decrease was due to the passing of SB 107 where certain portions of the property tax relating to the old redevelopment agency project area caps that went to the City were kept by the County instead. The Utility Users Tax decreased mainly due to the continued water conservation efforts, decrease in the number of telephone lines in homes, lower cost cell phone plans and increase solar power for homes. General fund expenditures increased by \$7 million (including transfers out) mainly due to the City ending employee furloughs, the various bargaining units receiving merit and Cost of Living increases as well as the increased CalPERS retirement costs. CalPERS changed their actuarial assumptions in July 2011 resulting in rate increases that took effect in FY 2012. The yearly increases have been significant and will continue for FY 2017 and beyond.

Housing Authority Fund – The Housing Authority Fund accounts for grant revenues for housing assistance program payments and acquisition, rehabilitation, and administration of properties used to provide affordable rental housing. The Housing Authority fund has historically been a "major" fund based on criterion set forth by GASB 34. For the fiscal year the Housing Authority reported \$13.5 million in revenues and \$13.2 million in expenditures, resulting in a net change in fund balance in the amount of \$0.3 million. The Housing Authority fund is made up of \$29.2 million in assets, combined with \$0.3 million in liabilities and \$1.3 million in deferred inflows and resources resulting in \$27.6 million in fund balance. The \$27.6 million in fund balance is restricted for Urban Development. Housing Authority fund revenues increased by \$3.5 million in the fiscal year when compared to the prior year due to increased funding from the Department of Housing and Urban Development. Housing Authority expenditures decreased .5% when compared to the prior year.

Miscellaneous Grants Fund – The Miscellaneous Grants fund accounts for the revenues received and expenditures made for federal, state and or county approved programs and projects. The Miscellaneous Grants fund has historically been a "major" fund based on criterion set forth by GASB 34. For the fiscal year, the Miscellaneous Grants fund reported \$3.3 million in revenues and \$2.9 in expenditures resulting in excess of revenues over expenditures of \$0.3 million. After a total other financing sources of \$0.1, the resulting net change in fund balance totals \$0.4. The fund is made up of \$23.1 million in assets combined with \$0.3 million in liabilities and \$3.9 million in deferred inflows and resources resulting in \$18.9 million in fund balance. The entire fund balance is restricted for specific purposes. Miscellaneous Grants revenue and expenditures decreased 52% and 52% respectively.

Non-Major Funds - The Non-Major Governmental Funds show a net decrease of \$1.2 million in fund balance which was the result of a restatement increasing fund balance of \$.8 million due to a capitalization error and a decrease in fund balance of \$2.0 due to revenues being less than expenditures. The primary reason for the decrease in fund balance was due to the increased level of construction costs relating to various projects funded in the Capital Outlay fund.

The following funds were reported as "major" funds on the Statement of Net Position for Proprietary Funds in the basic financial statements:

Water Fund – The Water Fund is used to account for all activities associated with the distribution and transmission of potable water as well as reclaimed water to users. The Water Fund reported \$28.2 million in operating revenues and operating expenses of \$20.8 million resulting in operating income of \$7.4 million. After consideration of non-operating revenues, expenses and transfers the total change in net position is \$3.2 million with total revenues in excess of expenses. The beginning net position is \$64.8 million resulting in an ending fund balance of \$68 million. The Water Fund is made up of \$62.8 million in current assets, \$126.6 in non-current assets, \$3.7 million in deferred outflows of resources, \$9.1 million in current liabilities, \$112.9 in non-current liabilities and \$3.1 million in deferred inflow of resources resulting in net position of \$68 million.

Sewer Fund – The Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer network. The Sewer Fund reported \$4.5 million in operating revenues and operating expenses of \$2.7 million resulting in operating income of \$1.8 million. After consideration of non-operating revenues, non-operating expenses, and transfers the total change in net position is \$0.9 million with total revenues in excess of expenses. The beginning net position of \$16.6 million was restated to \$15.8 due to a capitalization error thus decreasing the beginning net position. The Sewer Fund is made up of \$16.2 million in current assets, \$28.9 in non-current assets, \$0.9 million in deferred outflows of resources, \$0.7 million in current liabilities, \$28.1 in non-current liabilities and \$0.5 million in deferred inflow of resources resulting in net position of \$16.7 million.

Refuse Fund – The Refuse Fund is used to account for all activities associated with residential refuse collection, and curbside collection of recycling materials. The Refuse Fund reported \$9.9 million in operating revenues and operating expenses of \$8.2 million resulting in operating income of \$1.6 million. After consideration of non-operating revenues, non-operating expenses and transfers the total change in net position is \$1.6 million with total revenues in excess of expenses. The beginning net position of \$3.9 million was increased to \$5.5 million. The Refuse Fund is made up of \$7.6 million in current assets, \$3.6 in non-current assets, \$0.7 million in deferred outflows of resources, \$1.4 million in current liabilities, \$4.3 in non-current liabilities and \$0.7 million in deferred inflow of resources resulting in net position of \$5.5 million.

Canon Water Company – The Canon Water Company Fund is used to account for the activities of the Canon Water Company. The Canon Water Company was elected as a major fund by the City. The fund reported \$0.06 million in operating revenues and operating expenses of \$0.02 million resulting in operating income of \$0.04 million. After consideration of non-operating revenues the total change in net position is \$0.04 million with total revenues in excess of expenses. The Canon Water Company Fund is made up of \$0.423 million in assets and \$0.007 in liabilities resulting in net position of \$0.416 million.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The originally adopted General Fund budget contained \$91.3 million in appropriations to fund operations and services. This amount increased to \$95.4 million by the end of the fiscal year through City Council approved budget amendments. This increase in the amount of \$4.1 million consisted primarily of:

- Increased personnel costs due to Merit increase and Cost of Living increase per the Memorandums of Understanding (MOU's).
- Approximately \$800 thousand for increased costs relating to the Interwest Contract. The City contracts
 out services to Interwest where Interwest receives a percentage of the revenues. Revenues were
 anticipated to increase significantly therefore the appropriations increase significantly as well.
- At the mid-year budget review, there were recommendations for various projects to increase appropriations by approximately \$1.48 million

General Fund expenditures as a whole were under budget at the completion of the fiscal year. All General Fund revenue budget category estimates were exceeded by the actual revenues except for Taxes, Charges for Services, and Interest and Rentals for Services. The budget shortfall for taxes was \$4.6 million and the reason for this was the unknown effects of the implementation of SB 107, the triple flip expiring, and decrease in UUT.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the fiscal year, the City and its component units (Pomona Public Financing Authority and Pomona Housing Authority) had total long-term debt outstanding of \$410.2 million.

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Pollution remediation obligations	\$ 1,345,606	\$ -	\$ 1,345,606
Obligations under capital leases	702,985	2,430,985	3,133,970
Notes payable	435,000	-	435,000
Revenue bonds	37,938,000	130,187,861	168,125,861
Pension obligation refunding bonds	44,152,153	-	44,152,153
Certificates of participation	10,970,569	-	10,970,569
Compensated absences	7,252,814	1,403,610	8,656,424
Claims payable	14,057,215	-	14,057,215
Net pension liability	121,670,922	14,745,588	136,416,510
OPEB obligations	22,923,937		22,923,937
Total	\$ 261,449,201	\$ 148,768,044	\$410,217,245

Additional information on the City's long-term debt may be found in Note 10 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

CASH MANAGEMENT

To obtain flexibility in cash management, the City employs a pooled cash system (Reference Note 3 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements). Under the pooled cash concept, the City invests the cash of all funds with maturities planned to coincide with cash needs. Idle cash is invested in certain eligible securities as constrained by law and further limited by the City's Investment Policy. The goals of the City's Investment Policy are safety, liquidity and yield.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets of the City are those assets, which are used in the performance of the City's functions including infrastructure assets. At June 30, 2016, net capital assets of the governmental activities totaled \$265.8 million and the net capital assets of the business-type activities totaled \$159.1 million. Depreciation on capital assets is recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

Description	Original Cost		ccumulated epreciation		Book Value
Capital Assets - Governmental Activities	 		- oprodiction		
Land	\$ 80,966,521	\$	_	\$	80,966,521
Construction in progress	22,030,816		_		22,030,816
Buildings and improvements	14,941,552		12,255,957		2,685,595
Improvements other than buildings	60,003,395		26,210,091		33,793,304
Machinery and equipment	21,146,261		17,764,462		3,381,799
Furniture and fixtures	1,014,456		860,742		153,714
Autos and trucks	11,219,732		8,820,685		2,399,047
Equipment under capital leases	1,037,970		470,120		567,850
Infrastructure	382,767,392		262,927,487		119,839,905
Total	\$ 595,128,095	\$	329,309,544	\$	265,818,551
				-	
Capital Assets - Business -Type Activities					
Land	\$ 9,089,782	\$	_	\$	9,089,782
Construction in progress	 4,405,074	•	_	_	4,405,074
Buildings and improvements	3,482,783		3,301,266		181,517
Improvements other than buildings	286,638		130,161		156,477
Machinery and equipment	221,948,295		80,732,207		141,216,088
Furniture and fixtures	5,105		5,105		_
Autos and trucks	4,510,802		3,385,111		1,125,691
Equipment under capital leases	4,257,381		1,277,214		2,980,167
Total	\$ 247,985,860	\$	88,831,064	\$	159,154,796

For Government Activities, the largest increase in Capital Assets was in the infrastructure class. \$5.1 million was transferred from Construction in Process to Infrastructure due to three projects that were completed in FY 2015-16. The projects were:

- Project #68547 Major Street Rehabilitation (\$4 million)
- Project #64709 Sidewalks (\$1.1)
- Project #51209 Crimeview Dashboard (\$.05 million)

For Enterprise Activities, the largest increase in Capital Assets was in the infrastructure class. \$18.1 million was transferred from Construction in Process to Machinery & Equipment due to several projects that were completed in FY 2015-16. The main projects were:

- Project #95064 Treatment Perclorate Facility (\$8.3 million)
- Project #95066 SCADA System (\$3.5)
- Project #95033 Water Mains Foothill Blvd. (\$3.5 million)

Additional information on the City of Pomona's capital assets may be found in Note 8 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The National and Statewide economy played a role in City's financial position at the end of FY 2015-16. Revenues such as property taxes, investment income, development impact fees, and charges for services were still short of anticipated amounts due to impacts of the slowly rebounding housing and financial markets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2016

However, the City of Pomona's total Fiscal Year 2015-16 General Fund revenues grew by \$1.7 million (approximately 1.9%) versus prior year actuals. That being said, there were both increases and decreases across all revenues, with several in particular worth noting. All tax related revenue decreased by \$1.7 million. Property taxes decrease approximately \$1.5 million as a reflection of passed legislation, specifically SB 107, which affected the allocation of property taxes to local governments. Utility Users Tax decreased \$1 million due to water conservation efforts, decreased number of telephone lines in homes, lower cost cell phone plans and increased solar power usage for homes. Sales and Use Tax increased \$1.6 million also as a reflection of the continued improvement of the local economy in the City. Building permit receipts increased by \$1.3 million as a result on the continued improvement in the local economy. Finally, healthy across-the-board growth in construction related receipts (Building Permits, Job Fees, New Construction Tax, et al) point to a firm foundation for future economic growth.

General Fund expenditures increased by \$7 million (approximately 8.3%) versus the prior year actual including transfers out. The increase is mainly due to increased salary and retirement costs. CalPERS changed their actuarial assumptions in July 2011 resulting in rate increases that took effect in FY 2012. The yearly increases have been significant and will continue for FY 2017 and beyond.

The City has ongoing deferred maintenance and capital improvement expenditures that are essential and unavoidable costs of doing business. Over the past few years, the City has only been able to do minimal capital and maintenance projects with one time money sources. The City's goal is to dedicate at least 1% of General Fund revenues annual to the Capital Improvement Program and to the vehicle/major equipment Replacement Fund.

The City is also suffering a Service Deficit. The economic downturn in 2009 resulted in a reduction in service due to layoffs and regular attrition for the City. As the fiscal implications of the recession begin to stabilize and the economic outlook improves, it is essential for the City to continue to seek innovative, cost effective measures to restore the functions and levels of service to the community.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide Pomona residents, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report, separate reports of the City's component units, or need any additional financial information, should be directed to the City of Pomona Finance Department at 505 S. Garey Avenue (P.O. Box 660), Pomona, California, 91769.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	F	Primary Governmen			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 48,534,017	\$ 50,856,204	\$ 99,390,221		
Receivables (net):					
Accounts	4,908,253	11,795,536	16,703,789		
Notes and loans	32,563,499	-	32,563,499		
Interest	72,790	59,558	132,348		
Internal balances	(1,281,200)	1,281,200	- 56 402		
Prepaid costs Due from other governments	44,533 9,076,796	11,870	56,403 9,076,796		
Inventories	432,601	321,805	754,406		
Land held for resale	4,490,541	-	4,490,541		
Advances to Successor Agency	4,000,000	-	4,000,000		
Restricted assets:	1,000,000		1,000,000		
Cash	17,284,677	23,984,979	41,269,656		
Other investments	600,000	9,000	609,000		
Capital assets, not being depreciated	102,997,337	13,494,856	116,492,193		
Capital assets, net of depreciation	162,821,214_	145,659,940	308,481,154		
Total Assets	386,545,058	247,474,948	634,020,006		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred charge on refunding	119,529	1,517,634	1,637,163		
Deferred pension related items	27,206,139	3,834,731	31,040,870		
Total Deferred Outflows					
of Resources	27,325,668	5,352,365	32,678,033		
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	6,094,321	2,595,125	8,689,446		
Payroll payable	2,119,410	382,354	2,501,764		
Accrued liabilities	172,381	209,786	382,167		
Interest payable	1,664,873	967,602	2,632,475		
Deposits payable	100,993	3,590,297	3,691,290		
Due to other governments	3,798	-	3,798		
Noncurrent liabilities:	44 400 000	0.470.000	47.050.700		
Due within one year	14,488,903	3,470,826	17,959,729		
Due in more than one year	102,365,439	130,551,630	232,917,069		
Net pension liability	121,670,922	14,745,588	136,416,510		
Other post employment benefits liability	22,923,937		22,923,937		
Total Liabilities	271,604,977	156,513,208	428,118,185		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Deferred pension related items	28,307,659	4,318,021	32,625,680		
Total Deferred Inflows					
of Resources	28,307,659	4,318,021	32,625,680		
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	224,471,223	42,988,769	267,459,992		
Restricted for:	224,471,223	72,300,103	عور بان _۲ ۰۵۰ ا		
Community development projects	60,805,429	-	60,805,429		
Special projects	2,023,192	- -	2,023,192		
Capital projects	7,517,956	14,935,185	22,453,141		
Debt service	46,247,973	9,049,793	55,297,766		
Unrestricted	(227,107,683)	25,022,337	(202,085,346)		
Total Net Position	\$ 113,958,090	\$ 91,996,084	\$ 205,954,174		

		Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants	Capital Contributions and Grants		
Functions/Programs Primary Government: Governmental Activities:						
General government	\$ 7,562,244	\$ 2,695,741	\$ -	\$ -		
Public safety	68,882,651	3,942,370	945,448	-		
Urban development	43,544,386	10,022,840	15,779,540	11,307,509		
Neighborhood services	7,853,695	610,637	269,235	-		
Interest on long-term debt	5,027,126	<u> </u>				
Total Governmental Activities	132,870,102	17,271,588	16,994,223	11,307,509		
Business-Type Activities:						
Water	25,763,116	28,189,546	-	-		
Sewer	4,026,081	4,425,247	-	-		
Refuse	8,028,531	9,692,936	45,841	-		
Canon Water Company - February 28, 2016	21,080	64,221				
Total Business-Type Activities	37,838,808	42,371,950	45,841			
Total Primary Government	\$ 170,708,910	\$ 59,643,538	\$ 17,040,064	\$ 11,307,509		

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Motor vehicle licenses

Transient occupancy taxes

Property transfer taxes

Franchise taxes

Utility users taxes

Business licenses

Other taxes

Interest and rentals

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, Beginning of Year

Restatement of Net Position

Net Position, End of Year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Primary Government			
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
\$ (4,866,503) (63,994,833) (6,434,497) (6,973,823) (5,027,126)	\$ - - - - -	\$ (4,866,503) (63,994,833) (6,434,497) (6,973,823) (5,027,126)	
(87,296,782)		(87,296,782)	
- - - - (87,296,782)	2,426,430 399,166 1,710,246 43,141 4,578,983 4,578,983	2,426,430 399,166 1,710,246 43,141 4,578,983 (82,717,799)	
33,716,887 15,171,472 61,498 1,723,719 1,859,615 6,425,511 16,419,345 3,408,813 139,498 2,665,388 3,759,791 (482,001) 84,869,536	- - - - - - 313,933 817,020 482,001	33,716,887 15,171,472 61,498 1,723,719 1,859,615 6,425,511 16,419,345 3,408,813 139,498 2,979,321 4,576,811	
(2.427.246)	6 101 027	2 764 601	
(2,427,246) 115,637,057	6,191,937 86,552,426	3,764,691 202,189,483	
748,279	(748,279)		
\$ 113,958,090	\$ 91,996,084	\$ 205,954,174	

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements Proprietary Fund Financial Statements Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements This page intentionally left blank.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City has determined the following funds to be major funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Housing Authority Fund** accounts for grant revenues for acquisition, rehabilitation, and administration of properties used to provide affordable rental housing.

The **Miscellaneous Grants Fund** accounts for revenues received and expenditures made for Federal and/or State approved programs/projects.

The General Debt Service Fund accounts for the payment of interest and principal on debt incurred by the City.

The **Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund** accounts for the payment of interest and principal on the local agency revenue bonds, notes payable and other debt of the Public Financing Authority.

		Special Re	evenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	
A4	General	Housing Authority	Miscellaneous Grants	General Debt Service	
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 10,448,022	\$ 2,036,678	\$ 2,906,119	\$ 1,328,050	
Receivables (net):	Ψ,, σ==	— ,000,0.0	_,000,	,,020,000	
Accounts	4,264,358	_	165	-	
Notes and loans	-	11,180,470	19,479,151	-	
Interest	21,944	3,852	3,086	1,632	
Prepaid costs	32,252	640	-	-	
Due from other governments	6,703,926	510,101	689,267	5,480	
Due from other funds	1,872,608	-	-	-	
Advances to other funds	-	-	-	-	
Advances to Successor Agency	-	4,000,000	-	-	
Inventories	74,624	-	-	-	
Land held for resale	-	4,490,541	-	-	
Other investments	-	600,000	-	-	
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments	11,903	6,373,095		4,416,135	
Total Assets	\$ 23,429,637	\$ 29,195,377	\$ 23,077,788	\$ 5,751,297	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 1,558,994	\$ 10.953	\$ 224,672	\$ -	
Payroll payable	1,721,476	63,043	43,243	-	
Accrued liabilities	5,313	167,068		-	
Deposits payable	-	32,470	-	-	
Due to other governments	_	, -	-	-	
Due to other funds	-	-	-	1,764,620	
Interest payable	-	-	-	1,206,990	
Advances from other funds	304,435			41,950,000	
Total Liabilities	3,590,218	273,534	267,915	44,921,610	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	0.000.707	4 007 700	0.004.050		
Unavailable revenues	2,999,767	1,327,766	3,961,050		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,999,767	1,327,766	3,961,050		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable	74 604				
Inventories Prepaid costs	74,624 32,252	640	-	-	
Restricted	32,232	040	-	-	
Urban development	_	27,593,437	18,574,544	_	
Public safety	_	21,555,751	274,279		
Neighborhood services	_	_	-	_	
Capital projects	_	_	_	_	
Assessment district improvement	_	_	_	_	
Debt service	-	-	-	-	
Committed					
Fiscal sustainability	15,664,972	-	-	-	
Unassigned	1,067,804			(39,170,313)	
Total Fund Balances	16,839,652	27,594,077	18,848,823	(39,170,313)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 23,429,637	\$ 29,195,377	\$ 23,077,788	\$ 5,751,297	

	Debt Service Fund				
	Public Financing Authority Debt Service		Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 100,318	\$	22,294,902	\$	39,114,089
Receivables (net):	\$ 100,516	Ψ	22,294,902	Ψ	39,114,009
Accounts	-		643,730		4,908,253
Notes and loans	-		1,903,878		32,563,499
Interest	120		26,818		57,452
Prepaid costs	-		8,441		41,333
Due from other governments	-		1,168,022		9,076,796
Due from other funds	-		-		1,872,608
Advances to Other funds	41,950,000		304,435		42,254,435
Advances to Successor Agency Inventories	-		-		4,000,000 74,624
Land held for resale	-		-		4,490,541
Other investments	_		_		600,000
Restricted assets:					000,000
Cash and investments	4,201,521		2,282,023		17,284,677
Total Assets	\$ 46,251,959	\$	28,632,249	\$	156,338,307
Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 2,000	\$	3,846,606	\$	5,643,225
Payroll payable	1,986		210,987		2,040,735
Accrued liabilities	-		-		172,381
Deposits payable	-		68,523		100,993
Due to other governments Due to other funds	-		3,798 69,512		3,798 1,834,132
Interest payable	-		09,512		1,206,990
Advances from other funds			_		42,254,435
Total Liabilities	3,986		4,199,426		53,256,689
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues			529,146		8,817,729
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			529,146		8,817,729
Fund Balances: Nonspendable					74 624
Inventories Prepaid costs	- -		- 8,441		74,624 41,333
Restricted			0,441		+1,555
Urban development	_		19,346,520		65,514,501
Public safety	-		1,740,472		2,014,751
Neighborhood services	-		1,662,395		1,662,395
Capital projects	-		917,200		917,200
Assessment district improvement	-		228,649		228,649
Debt service	46,247,973		-		46,247,973
Committed					45.004.070
Fiscal sustainability Unassigned	-		-		15,664,972 (38,102,509)
Total Fund Balances	46,247,973		23,903,677		94,263,889
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 46,251,959	\$	28,632,249	\$	156,338,307

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RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds		\$ 94,263,889
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources. Therefore, they are not reported in governmental funds.		265,459,323
Deferred outflows related to pension related items are not included in the governmental fund activity:		
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 10,461,999 16,744,140	27,206,139
Deferred inflows related to pension related items are not included in the governmental fund activity:		
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	(10,208,870)	
Change in assumptions	(5,223,445)	
Difference between expected and actual experiences	(2,593,882)	(20 207 650)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	(10,281,462)	(28,307,659)
Long-term debt and compensated absences that have not been included in the governmental fund activity:		
Pollution remediation	\$ (1,345,606)	
Obligation under capital leases	(702,985)	
Notes payable Revenue bonds	(435,000) (37,938,000)	
Deferred charges on refunding	119,529	
Pension obligation refunding bonds	(44,152,153)	
Certificates of participation	(10,970,569)	
Compensated absences	(7,091,230)	
Net pension liability	(121,670,922)	(224,186,936)
Governmental funds report all OPEB contributions as expenditures, however, in the statement of net position any excess or deficiencies in contributions in relation to the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) are		
recorded as an asset or liability.		(22,923,937)
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		(,, ,
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds.		(457,883)
Revenues reported as unavailable in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		8,817,729
g www. wenny.		5,5 , . 20
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to the statement of net position.		(5,912,575)
habilities of the internal service rands must be added to the statement of het position.		(0,012,010)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 113,958,090

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Special Re	Special Revenue Funds		
D	General	Housing Authority	Miscellaneous Grants	General Debt Service	
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 76,888,873	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 646,562	
Special assessments	Ψ 10,000,013	Ψ -	Ψ -	φ 040,302	
Licenses and permits	7,122,185	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	205,289	12,297,325	2,576,815	-	
Charges for services	3,719,655	117,574	153,521	-	
Interest and rentals	731,529	624,169	356,133	7,280	
Fines and forfeitures	2,040,214	-	-	-	
Contributions from Successor Agency Miscellaneous	990,701	421,867	- 185,679	- 341,168	
Total Revenues	91,698,446	13,460,935	3,272,148	995,010	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	4,769,534	-	-	226,076	
Public safety	69,328,233	-	572,879	-	
Urban development	9,244,681	13,094,221	1,909,480	-	
Neighborhood services	3,258,082	-	351,729	-	
Capital outlay	192,589	98,000	140,002	-	
Debt service:	204 027			4 004 000	
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	281,827 18,783	-	-	1,001,000 4,418,698	
Total Expenditures	87,093,729	13,192,221	2,974,090	5,645,774	
-	01,033,123	10,132,221	2,314,030	3,043,114	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	4,604,717	268,714	298,058	(4,650,764)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	_	_	104,588	5,563,641	
Transfers out	(5,053,168)		104,500	5,505,041	
Capital leases	-				
Total Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)	(5,053,168)		104,588	5,563,641	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (448,451)	\$ 268,714	\$ 402,646	\$ 912,877	
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements	\$ 17,288,103 -	\$ 27,325,363	\$ 18,446,177 -	\$ (40,083,190)	
Beginning of year, as restated	17,288,103	27,325,363	18,446,177	(40,083,190)	
Net change in fund balances	(448,451)	268,714	402,646	912,877	
End of Year	\$ 16,839,652	\$ 27,594,077	\$ 18,848,823	\$ (39,170,313)	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Revenues: \$ \$ 153,375 \$ 77,688,810 Special assessments - 1,176,050 1,176,050 Licenses and permits - 2,244,605 9,416,790 Intergovernmental - 12,645,426 27,724,855 Charges for services - 643,148 4,633,898 Interest and rentals 231,277 655,238 2,605,626 Fines and forfeitures - 15,401 2,055,626 Contributions from Successor Agency - 602,278 602,278 Miscellaneous 10,577 1,316,381 3,266,373 Total Revenues 241,854 19,501,902 129,170,295 Expanditures: - - 1,316,381 3,266,373 Total Revenues - - 1,950,1902 129,170,295 Expanditures: - - 1,950,1902 129,170,295 Expanditures: - - 1,987,341 71,798,453 Urban development - 6,734 240 5,002,584 P		Debt Service Fund Public Financing Authority Debt Service	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Decidia assessments	Revenues:			
Licenses and permits - 2.294,605 9.416,790 Intergovernmental - 12,645,426 27,724,855 Charges for services - 643,148 4,633,898 Interest and rentals 231,277 655,238 2,005,626 Fines and forfeitures - 16,401 2,055,615 Contributions from Successor Agency - 602,278 602,278 Miscellaneous 10,577 1,316,381 3,266,373 Total Revenues - 241,854 19,501,902 129,170,295 Expenditures - - 1,316,381 3,266,373 Current: - - 1,316,381 3,266,373 Current: - - 1,501,902 129,170,295 General government 6,734 240 5,002,584 Public safety - 1,897,341 71,798,453 Urban development - 1,027,275 4,637,086 Neighborhood services - 1,027,275 4,637,086 Pott service: <		\$ -		
Teagroyermmental	·	-	, ,	
Charges for services - 643,148 4,633,898 Interest and rentals 231,277 655,238 2,605,626 Fines and forfeitures - 15,401 2,055,615 Contributions from Successor Agency - 602,278 602,278 Miscellaneous 10,577 1,316,381 3,266,373 Total Revenues 241,854 19,501,902 129,170,295 Expenditures: - - 0,278 602,278 Current: - - 1,363,338 3,266,373 Total Revenues - - 1,075,000 221,814 71,70,295 Expenditures: - 1,897,341 71,798,453 1,01,20,275 4,637,086 7,296,474 7,666,788 1,689,988 1,01,27,275 4,637,086 1,021,275 4,637,086 1,621,206,388 1,01,207,275 4,637,086 1,621,206,238 1,01,207,275 4,637,086 1,621,206,238 1,01,207,275 4,637,086 1,621,206,238 1,01,207,275 4,627,608,238 1,01,207,275 4,007,208 1,022,208,208	•	-		
Interest and rentals 231,277 655,238 2,605,626 Fines and forfeitures 1,5401 2,055,615 Contributions from Successor Agency 2 602,278 Miscellaneous 10,577 1,316,381 3,266,373 Total Revenues 241,854 19,501,902 129,170,295 Expenditures: Total Revenues 8 2 0 5,002,584 General government 6,734 240 5,002,584 Public safety 1,897,341 71,788,453 Urban development 1,042,7275 4,637,086 Capital outlay 2 1,027,275 4,637,086 Capital outlay 2 7,236,147 7,666,738 Total Expenditures 1,027,275 4,637,086 Capital outlay 221,891 3,079,718 Interest and fiscal charges 1,575,000 221,891 3,079,718 Interest and fiscal charges 1,505,588 9,559 4,627,688 4,627,688 4,627,688 1,627,688 1,627,688 1,627,688 1,627,688 1,627,688 1,627,688 1,627,688 1,627,688 1,627,688 1,627,688		-		
Fines and forfeitures 15,401 2,055,615 Contributions from Successor Agency 1,0577 1,316,381 3,266,373 Total Revenues 241,854 19,501,902 129,170,295 Expenditures: Current: Current: Current General government 6,734 240 5,002,584 Public safety 6,734 240 5,002,584 Public safety 1,897,341 71,798,453 1,71,798,453 Neighborhood services 2 1,027,275 4,637,086 Capital outlay 2 7,236,147 7,666,738 Debt service: 7 7,236,147 7,666,738 Principal retirement 1,575,000 21,891 3,079,718 Interest and fiscal charges 180,658 9,559 4,627,698 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 2,152,058 2,1340,660 132,008,866 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 2,152,058 2,1340,660 32,008,861 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 4,242,1644 9,899,873 T	•	- 224 277		
Contributions from Successor Agency 602.278 602.278 Miscellaneous 10,577 1,316,381 3,266,373 Total Revenues 241,854 19,501,902 129,170,295 Expenditures: 2 2 1,950,1902 129,170,295 Current: Current: 3 1,957,341 71,798,453 Public safety 6,734 240 5,002,584 Public safety 1,938,207 35,196,589 Neighborhood services 2 1,027,275 4,637,086 Capital outlay 2 7,236,147 7,666,738 Debt service: 8 9,559 4,627,698 Principal retirement 1,575,000 221,891 3,079,718 Interest and fiscal charges 1,80,658 9,559 4,627,698 Total Expenditures 1,762,392 21,340,660 132,008,661 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (1,520,538) (1,838,758) (2,838,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 2 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out 4,00,408		231,211		
Miscellaneous 10,577 1,316,381 3,266,379 Total Revenues 241,854 19,501,902 129,170,295 Expenditures: Current: General government 6,734 240 5,002,584 Public safety - 1,897,341 71,788,453 Urban development - 10,948,207 35,196,589 Neighborhood services - 7,236,147 7,666,738 Opetic service: - 7,236,147 7,666,738 Debt service: - 7,236,147 7,666,738 Principal retirement 1,575,000 221,891 3,079,718 Interest and fiscal charges 1,575,000 221,891 3,079,718 Interest and fiscal charges 1,762,392 21,340,660 132,008,866 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 1,520,533 (1,838,758) (2,838,571) Over (Under) Expenditures 2,342,644 9,899,873 Transfers in 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out 4,4728,676 9,781,874 Capital leas		-		
Total Revenues 241,854 19,501,902 129,170,295 Expenditures: Current: Current: 30,002,584 1,897,341 71,798,453 71,798,453 1,897,341 71,798,453 1,948,207 35,196,589 36,186,589 1,027,275 4,637,086 36,708 221,891 7,666,738 7,676,731 7,666,738 7,666,738 7,666,738 7,666,738 <		10 577		
Expenditures: Current: Current: General government 6,734 240 5,002,584 Public safety - 1,897,341 71,798,453 10,948,207 35,196,589 Neighborhood services - 1,027,275 4,637,086 23,184 240 36,196,589 Neighborhood services - 7,236,147 7,666,738 7,666,738 7,236,147 7,666,738 Debt service: - 7,236,147 7,666,738 7,666,738 1,627,698 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>				
Current: General government 6,734 240 5,002,584 Public safety - 1,897,341 71,798,453 Urban development - 10,948,207 35,196,589 Neighborhood services - 1,027,275 4,637,086 Capital outlay - 7,236,147 7,666,738 Debt service: - - 7,236,147 7,666,738 Principal retirement 1,575,000 221,891 3,079,718 Interest and fiscal charges 180,658 9,559 4,627,698 Total Expenditures 1,762,392 21,340,660 132,008,866 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (1,520,538) (1,838,758) (2,838,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers in - 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out - 4,04,048 400,408 Capital Desses - 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses): - 4,66,644 518,407 Net C			.,,	
Public safety 1,897,341 71,798,453 Urban development 1,0948,207 35,196,589 Neighborhood services 1,027,275 4,637,086 Capital outlay 7,236,147 7,666,738 Debt service: 7 7,236,147 7,666,738 Principal retirement 1,575,000 221,891 3,079,718 Interest and fiscal charges 180,658 9,559 4,627,698 Total Expenditures 1,762,392 21,340,660 132,008,866 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (1,520,538) (1,838,758) (2,838,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out 4,231,644 9,899,873 Capital leases 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 4,231,644 9,899,873 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,96,654 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$1,520,538 (1,935,412) \$2,320,164 Fund Balances: 8 47,768,511 \$25,090,810 \$95,835,774 Restatements <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	•			
Urban development Neighborhood services 10,948,207 (1,027,275 (2,637,086)) 35,196,589 (4,637,086) Capital outlay - 7,236,147 (7,666,738) 7,236,147 (7,666,738) Debt service: Principal retirement fiscal charges 1,575,000 (221,891) (3,079,718) 3,079,718 Interest and fiscal charges 180,658 (9,559) (4,627,698) 4,627,698 Total Expenditures 1,762,392 (21,340,660) (32,008,866) 132,008,866 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,520,538) (1,838,758) (2,838,571) (2,838,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 3 (4,221,644) (9,899,873) 4,231,644 (9,899,873) 9,899,873 Transfers in Transfers out Capital leases 3 (4,728,706) (9,781,874) (9,781,874) (4,728,706) (9,781,874) Capital Other Financing Sources (Uses): 3 (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (9,6654) (9,781,874) 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (9,6654) (9,781,874) \$ (2,320,164) Fund Balances: \$ (2,320,164) (9,768,511	General government	6,734	240	5,002,584
Neighborhood services - 1,027,275 4,637,086 Capital outlay - 7,236,147 7,666,738 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,575,000 221,891 3,079,718 Interest and fiscal charges 180,658 9,559 4,627,698 Total Expenditures 1,762,392 21,340,660 132,008,866 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,520,538) (1,838,758) (2,838,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out - (4,728,706) (9,781,874) Capital leases - 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (96,654) 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (1,520,538) \$ (1,935,412) \$ (2,320,164) Fund Balances: - 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 \$ 95,835,774 Restatements - 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as originally reported 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053	Public safety	-	1,897,341	71,798,453
Capital outlay 7,236,147 7,666,738 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,575,000 221,891 3,079,718 Interest and fiscal charges 180,658 9,559 4,627,698 Total Expenditures 1,762,392 21,340,660 132,008,866 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,520,538) (1,838,758) (2,838,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in - 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out - 4,728,706 (9,781,874) Capital leases - 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (96,654) 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$1,520,538 (1,935,412) \$2,320,164 Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements \$47,768,511 \$25,090,810 \$95,835,774 Restatements - 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balance	Urban development	-	10,948,207	35,196,589
Debt service: Principal retirement 1,575,000 221,891 3,079,718 Interest and fiscal charges 180,658 9,559 4,627,698 Total Expenditures 1,762,392 21,340,660 132,008,866 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,520,538) (1,838,758) (2,838,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 3 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out 4,728,706 (9,781,874) Capital leases 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 3 (1,520,538) 1,935,412 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (1,520,538) (1,935,412) \$ (2,320,164) Fund Balances: 8 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 95,835,774 Restatements 748,279 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)	•	-		
Interest and fiscal charges 180,658 9,559 4,627,698 Total Expenditures 1,762,392 21,340,660 132,008,866 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,520,538) (1,838,758) (2,838,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out 4,728,706 (9,781,874) Capital leases 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 400,408 400,408 Net Change in Fund Balances \$(1,520,538) \$(1,935,412) \$(2,320,164) Fund Balances: 847,768,511 \$25,090,810 \$95,835,774 Restatements 748,279 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)	· · · · · ·	-	7,236,147	7,666,738
Total Expenditures 1,762,392 21,340,660 132,008,866 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,520,538) (1,838,758) (2,838,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out 4,728,706) (9,781,874) Capital leases 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 96,654 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164) Fund Balances: 847,768,511 \$25,090,810 \$95,835,774 Restatements 748,279 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)	Principal retirement	1,575,000	221,891	3,079,718
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,520,538) (1,838,758) (2,838,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in - 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out - (4,728,706) (9,781,874) Capital leases - 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (96,654) 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (1,520,538) \$ (1,935,412) \$ (2,320,164) Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported \$ 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 \$ 95,835,774 Restatements - 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)	Interest and fiscal charges	180,658	9,559	4,627,698
Over (Under) Expenditures (1,520,538) (1,838,758) (2,838,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out - (4,728,706) (9,781,874) Capital leases - 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (96,654) 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (1,520,538) \$ (1,935,412) \$ (2,320,164) Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements \$ 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 \$ 95,835,774 Restatements - 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)	-	1,762,392	21,340,660	132,008,866
Transfers in Transfers out - 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out - (4,728,706) (9,781,874) Capital leases - 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (96,654) 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (1,520,538) \$ (1,935,412) \$ (2,320,164) Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements \$ 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 \$ 95,835,774 Restatements - 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)		(1,520,538)	(1,838,758)	(2,838,571)
Transfers in Transfers out - 4,231,644 9,899,873 Transfers out - (4,728,706) (9,781,874) Capital leases - 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (96,654) 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (1,520,538) \$ (1,935,412) \$ (2,320,164) Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements \$ 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 \$ 95,835,774 Restatements - 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)				
Transfers out Capital leases - (4,728,706) (9,781,874) Capital leases - 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (96,654) 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (1,520,538) \$ (1,935,412) \$ (2,320,164) Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements \$ 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 \$ 95,835,774 Restatements - 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)				
Capital leases - 400,408 400,408 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (96,654) 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (1,520,538) \$ (1,935,412) \$ (2,320,164) Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements \$ 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 \$ 95,835,774 Restatements - 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (96,654) 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (1,520,538) \$ (1,935,412) \$ (2,320,164) Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements \$ 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 \$ 95,835,774 Restatements - 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)		-		
(Uses) - (96,654) 518,407 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (1,520,538) \$ (1,935,412) \$ (2,320,164) Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements \$ 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 \$ 95,835,774 Restatements - 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)	Capital leases		400,408	400,408
Fund Balances: \$ 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 \$ 95,835,774 Restatements - 748,279 748,279 Beginning of year, as restated 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)	_		(96,654)	518,407
Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements \$ 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 \$ 95,835,774 Beginning of year, as restated Net change in fund balances 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)	Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (1,520,538)	\$ (1,935,412)	\$ (2,320,164)
Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements \$ 47,768,511 \$ 25,090,810 \$ 95,835,774 Beginning of year, as restated Net change in fund balances 47,768,511 25,839,089 96,584,053 (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)	Fund Balances:			
Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)	Beginning of year, as originally reported	\$ 47,768,511 -		
Net change in fund balances (1,520,538) (1,935,412) (2,320,164)	Reginning of year, as restated	47 768 511	25 830 080	96 584 053
	End of Year			\$ 94,263,889

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (2,320,164)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay	\$ 7,086,151	
Depreciation Disposition of capital assets	(12,385,650) (2,347,403)	(7,646,902)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal repayments	(2,6,)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Pollution remediation	815,203	
Obligation under capital leases	283,718	
Notes payable	220,000	
Revenue bonds	1,618,969	
Pension obligation refunding bonds	615,000	
Certificates of participation	365,622	
Debt issued or incurred		
Pollution remediation	(1,200,000)	
Capital Lease	(400,408)	
Accreted interest on pension obligation bonds	(433,200)	1,884,904
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period.		10,181
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(205,119)
Governmental funds report all contributions in relation to the annual required contribution (ARC) for OPEB as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities only the ARC is an expense.		(3,121,709)
Pension obligation expenses is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduce the Net Pension Liability in the statement of net position.		8,525,333
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		1,694,800
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(1,248,570)
governmental activities.		 (1,270,370)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (2,427,246)

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City has determined the following funds to be major funds:

The Water Utility Enterprise Fund accounts for activities associated with the distribution and transmission of potable water to users.

The **Sewer Enterprise Fund** accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer network.

The **Refuse Enterprise Fund** accounts for activities associated with refuse collection, and curbside collection of recycling materials.

The Canon Water Company Enterprise Fund accounts for the activities of the Canon Water Company.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Water	Sewer		Refuse	
Assets:	 				
Current:					
Cash and investments	\$ 36,991,279	\$	8,342,505	\$	5,254,426
Receivables (net):					
Accounts	8,194,024		1,123,916		2,349,154
Interest	41,817		11,223		6,518
Prepaid costs	9,000		-		-
Inventories	321,805		-		-
Restricted:					
Cash	 17,284,361		6,700,618		
Total Current Assets	62,842,286		16,178,262	_	7,610,098
Noncurrent:					
Other Investments	9,000		_		-
Capital assets, not being depreciated	13,242,203		252,653		_
Capital assets, net of depreciation	 113,311,458		28,683,903		3,641,206
Total Noncurrent Assets	 126,562,661		28,936,556		3,641,206
Total Assets	 189,404,947		45,114,818		11,251,304
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred charges on refunding	1,022,974		494.660		_
Deferred pension related items	2,717,790		392,062		724,879
·	 , , ,				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 3,740,764		886,722		724,879
Total Assets and Deferred					
Outflows of Resources	\$ 193,145,711	\$	46,001,540	\$	11,976,183

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

(CONTINUED)

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities	
	Co	non Water ompany - ary 28, 2016	Total		Intern Total Service F	
Assets:				_		
Current: Cash and investments Receivables (net):	\$	267,994	\$	50,856,204	\$	9,419,928
Accounts		128,442		11,795,536		-
Interest		-		59,558		15,338
Prepaid costs		2,870		11,870		3,200
Inventories		-		321,805		357,977
Restricted:						
Cash				23,984,979		
Total Current Assets		399,306		87,029,952		9,796,443
Noncurrent:		_				
Other Investments		-		9,000		-
Capital assets, not being depreciated		-		13,494,856		-
Capital assets, net of depreciation	-	23,373		145,659,940		359,228
Total Noncurrent Assets		23,373		159,163,796		359,228
Total Assets	-	422,679		246,193,748		10,155,671
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred charges on refunding		-		1,517,634		-
Deferred pension related items		_		3,834,731		730,180
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources				5,352,365		730,180
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	422,679	\$	251,546,113	\$	10,885,851

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	 Water		Sewer		Refuse	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position: Liabilities:						
Current:						
Accounts payable	\$ 2,076,113	\$	5,898	\$	506,268	
Payroll payable	278,810		39,164		64,380	
Accrued liabilities	209,786		-		-	
Interest payable	816,034		100,294		51,274	
Deposits payable	3,590,297		-		-	
Due to other funds	-		-		-	
Compensated absences	748,000		115,000		191,000	
Claims and judgments	-		-		-	
Bonds, notes, and capital leases	 1,415,000		415,000		586,826	
Total Current Liabilities	 9,134,040		675,356		1,399,748	
Noncurrent:						
Compensated absences	294,837		6,620		48,153	
Claims and judgments	-		-		-	
Net pension liability	10,679,955		1,624,965		2,440,668	
Bonds, notes, and capital leases	 101,912,861		26,445,000		1,844,159	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 112,887,653		28,076,585		4,332,980	
Total Liabilities	 122,021,693		28,751,941		5,732,728	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred pension related items	 3,136,895		480,675		700,451	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 3,136,895		480,675		700,451	
Net Position:						
Net Investment in capital assets	34,598,821		7,156,354		1,210,221	
Restricted for capital projects	10,350,047		4,585,138		-	
Restricted for debt service	6,934,314		2,115,479		-	
Unrestricted	 16,103,941		2,911,953		4,332,783	
Total Net Position	 67,987,123		16,768,924		5,543,004	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
of Resources and Net Position	\$ 193,145,711	\$	46,001,540	\$	11,976,183	

Reconciliation of Net Position to the Statement of Net Position

Net Position per Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds

Prior years' accumulated adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service funds activities related to the enterprise funds

Current years' adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal service activities related to enterprise funds

Net Position per Statement of Net Position

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Business- Enterp	Governmental Activities		
	Canon Water Company - February 28, 2016	6Total	Internal Service Funds	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Net Position: Liabilities:				
Current:				
Accounts payable	\$ 6,846		\$ 451,096	
Payroll payable		- 382,354	78,675	
Accrued liabilities Interest payable		- 209,786 - 967,602	-	
Deposits payable		- 3,590,297	-	
Due to other funds			38,476	
Compensated absences		- 1,054,000	115,000	
Claims and judgments			5,549,895	
Bonds, notes, and capital leases		- 2,416,826		
Total Current Liabilities	6,846	11,215,990	6,233,142	
Noncurrent:				
Compensated absences		- 349,610	46,584	
Claims and judgments			8,507,320	
Net pension liability		- 14,745,588	2,705,525	
Bonds, notes, and capital leases		- 130,202,020		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		- 145,297,218	11,259,429	
Total Liabilities	6,846	156,513,208	17,492,571	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Deferred pension related items		4,318,021	788,066	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		- 4,318,021	788,066	
Net Position:				
Net Investment in capital assets	23,373	42,988,769	359,228	
Restricted for capital projects		- 14,935,185	-	
Restricted for debt service	000.400	9,049,793	(7.754.044)	
Unrestricted	392,460	23,741,137	(7,754,014)	
Total Net Position	415,833	90,714,884	(7,394,786)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 422,679	9 \$ 251,546,113	\$ 10,885,851	
Reconciliation of Net Position to the Statement of Net Position Net Position per Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds		\$ 90,714,884		
Prior years' accumulated adjustment to reflect the consolidation of	nf	÷ 35,,551		
internal service funds activities related to the enterprise funds	,,	953,677		
Current years' adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal				
service activities related to enterprise funds		327,523		
Net Position per Statement of Net Position		\$ 91,996,084		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Water	Sewer	Refuse
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 28,189,546	\$ 4,425,247 65,155	\$ 9,692,936 184,365
Total Operating Revenues	28,189,546	4,490,402	9,877,301
Operating Expenses:			
Personnel services	6,367,886	915,887	1,554,064
Operations	11,430,023	1,061,888	5,472,055
Claims expense	12,020	- 20 240	74.004
Insurance Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	263,536 78,691	36,318 58,195	71,924
Franchise Fees	70,031	-	604,903
Depreciation	2,680,328	600,474	519,621
Total Operating Expenses	20,832,484	2,672,762	8,222,567
Operating Income (Loss)	7,357,062	1,817,640	1,654,734
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Intergovernmental	-	-	45,841
Interest revenue	207,032	90,333	16,560
Interest expense Sale of surplus water	(4,831,103) 567,500	(1,230,362)	(58,401)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(181,079)	(116,493)	<u>-</u>
Total Nonoperating			
Revenues (Expenses)	(4,237,650)	(1,256,522)	4,000
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	3,119,412	561,118	1,658,734
Transfers in	1,737,051	1,141,178	-
Transfers out	(1,637,561)	(758,667)	_
Changes in Net Position	\$ 3,218,902	\$ 943,629	\$ 1,658,734
Net Position:			
Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements	\$ 64,768,221 	\$ 16,573,574 (748,279)	\$ 3,884,270
Beginning of year, as restated Changes in Net Position	64,768,221 3,218,902	15,825,295 943,629	3,884,270 1,658,734
End of Year	\$ 67,987,123	\$ 16,768,924	\$ 5,543,004

Reconciliation of Changes in Net Position to the Statement of Activities:

Changes in Net Position, per the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of current fiscal year internal service funds activities related to enterprise funds

Changes in Net Position of Business-Type Activities per Statement of Activities

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Business-Type Enterprise		Governmental Activities
	C	non Water ompany - uary 28, 2016	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	64,221	\$ 42,371,950 249,520	\$ 9,537,751 325,403
Total Operating Revenues		64,221	42,621,470	9,863,154
Operating Expenses: Personnel services Operations Claims expense Insurance Amortization of deferred loss on refunding		- 18,408 - - -	8,837,837 17,982,374 12,020 371,778 136,886	1,402,146 3,279,302 5,465,914 54,849
Franchise Fees Depreciation		2,672	604,903 3,803,095	- 41,752
Total Operating Expenses		21,080	31,748,893	10,243,963
Operating Income (Loss)		43,141	10,872,577	(380,809)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Intergovernmental Interest revenue Interest expense Sale of surplus water Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		- 8 - -	45,841 313,933 (6,119,866) 567,500 (297,572)	59,762 - - -
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		8	(5,490,164)	59,762
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		43,149	5,382,413	(321,047)
Transfers in Transfers out		- -	2,878,229 (2,396,228)	(600,000)
Changes in Net Position	\$	43,149	\$ 5,864,414	\$ (921,047)
Net Position: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements	\$	372,684 -	\$ 85,598,749 (748,279)	\$ (6,473,739)
Beginning of year, as restated Changes in Net Position		372,684 43,149	84,850,470 5,864,414	(6,473,739) (921,047)
End of Year	\$	415,833	\$ 90,714,884	\$ (7,394,786)
Reconciliation of Changes in Net Position to the Statement of Activities:				
Changes in Net Position, per the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds			\$ 5,864,414	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of current fiscal year internal service funds activities related to enterprise funds			327,523	
Changes in Net Position of Business-Type Activities per Statement of Activities			\$ 6,191,937	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Business-Type Activities
Enterprise Funds

Cash received from/(paid for) other - 65,155 18 Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services (10,754,409) (1,079,493) (5,88 Cash paid for general and administrative expenses (7,531,060) (1,102,985) (1,86 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 8,311,743 2,313,793 2,08 Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Cash transfers in	3,028 4,365 5,791) 6,487) 5,115
Cash received from customers and users \$ 26,597,212 \$ 4,431,116 \$ 9,66 Cash received from/(paid for) other - 65,155 18 Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services (10,754,409) (1,079,493) (5,88 Cash paid for general and administrative expenses (7,531,060) (1,102,985) (1,86 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 8,311,743 2,313,793 2,08 Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: 1,737,051 1,141,178	4,365 5,791) 6,487) 5,115
Cash received from/(paid for) other - 65,155 18 Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services (10,754,409) (1,079,493) (5,88 Cash paid for general and administrative expenses (7,531,060) (1,102,985) (1,86 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 8,311,743 2,313,793 2,08 Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: - <td< td=""><td>4,365 5,791) 6,487) 5,115</td></td<>	4,365 5,791) 6,487) 5,115
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services (10,754,409) (1,079,493) (5,880) Cash paid for general and administrative expenses (7,531,060) (1,102,985) (1,860) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 8,311,743 2,313,793 2,080 Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:	5,791) 6,487) 5,115 - - -
Cash paid for general and administrative expenses (7,531,060) (1,102,985) (1,860) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 8,311,743 2,313,793 2,08 Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Cash transfers in 1,737,051 1,141,178 Cash transfers out (1,637,561) (758,667) Amounts received from other funds -	6,487) 5,115 - - -
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Cash transfers in 1,737,051 1,141,178 Cash transfers out (1,637,561) (758,667) Amounts received from other funds - - Amounts paid to other funds 5,000,000 - Advance to other funds 567,500 - Proceeds from sale of surplus water 567,500 - Grant subsidy - - 4 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities 5,666,990 382,511 4 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: (5,456,082) (2,078,004) (1 Acquisition and construction of capital assets (5,456,082) (2,078,004) (1 Principal paid on capital debt (1,350,000) (400,000) (57 Interest paid on capital debt (4,991,197) (1,231,691) (7 Net Cash Provided (Used) by	- - - -
Financing Activities: Cash transfers in 1,737,051 1,141,178 Cash transfers out (1,637,561) (758,667) Amounts received from other funds - - Amounts paid to other funds 5,000,000 - Advance to other funds 5,000,000 - Proceeds from sale of surplus water 567,500 - Grant subsidy - - 4 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities 5,666,990 382,511 4 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: (5,456,082) (2,078,004) (1 Acquisition and construction of capital assets (5,456,082) (2,078,004) (1 Principal paid on capital debt (1,350,000) (400,000) (57 Interest paid on capital debt (4,991,197) (1,231,691) (7 Net Cash Provided (Used) by	- - - - 5,841
Cash transfers in 1,737,051 1,141,178 Cash transfers out (1,637,561) (758,667) Amounts received from other funds - - Amounts paid to other funds 5,000,000 - Advance to other funds 567,500 - Proceeds from sale of surplus water 567,500 - Grant subsidy - - 4 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities 5,666,990 382,511 4 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: (5,456,082) (2,078,004) (1 Acquisition and construction of capital assets (5,456,082) (2,078,004) (1 Principal paid on capital debt (1,350,000) (400,000) (57 Interest paid on capital debt (4,991,197) (1,231,691) (7 Net Cash Provided (Used) by	- - - - 5,841
Cash transfers out (1,637,561) (758,667) Amounts received from other funds - - Amounts paid to other funds 5,000,000 - Advance to other funds 567,500 - Proceeds from sale of surplus water 567,500 - Grant subsidy - - - Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets Acquisition and construction of capital assets (5,456,082) (2,078,004) (1,350,000) (400,000) (57) Interest paid on capital debt (4,991,197) (1,231,691) (7) Net Cash Provided (Used) by (4,991,197) (1,231,691) (7)	- - - - 5,841
Amounts received from other funds Amounts paid to other funds Advance to other funds Advance to other funds Froceeds from sale of surplus water Grant subsidy Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Net Cash Provided (Used) by (1,350,000) (400,000) (57) Net Cash Provided (Used) by	- - - 5,841
Amounts paid to other funds Advance to other funds Proceeds from sale of surplus water Grant subsidy Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Net Cash Provided (Used) by (1,350,000) (400,000) (57) (1,231,691) (7) Net Cash Provided (Used) by	- - - 5,841
Advance to other funds 5,000,000 - Proceeds from sale of surplus water 567,500 - Grant subsidy	- - 5,841
Proceeds from sale of surplus water Grant subsidy Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Net Cash Provided (Used) by September 1967,500 -	5,841
Grant subsidyNet Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities5,666,990382,5114Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:4Acquisition and construction of capital assets(5,456,082)(2,078,004)(1Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Net Cash Provided (Used) by(1,350,000)(400,000)(57	5,841
Non-Capital Financing Activities 5,666,990 382,511 4 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets (5,456,082) (2,078,004) (1 Principal paid on capital debt (1,350,000) (400,000) (57 Interest paid on capital debt (4,991,197) (1,231,691) (7 Net Cash Provided (Used) by	
Non-Capital Financing Activities 5,666,990 382,511 4 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets (5,456,082) (2,078,004) (1 Principal paid on capital debt (1,350,000) (400,000) (57 Interest paid on capital debt (4,991,197) (1,231,691) (7 Net Cash Provided (Used) by	
and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets (5,456,082) (2,078,004) (1,350,000) (400,000) (57) Interest paid on capital debt (4,991,197) (1,231,691) (7) Net Cash Provided (Used) by	5,841
and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets (5,456,082) (2,078,004) (1,350,000) (400,000) (57) Interest paid on capital debt (4,991,197) (1,231,691) (7) Net Cash Provided (Used) by	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets (5,456,082) (2,078,004) (1 Principal paid on capital debt (1,350,000) (400,000) (57 Interest paid on capital debt (4,991,197) (1,231,691) (7 Net Cash Provided (Used) by	
Principal paid on capital debt (1,350,000) (400,000) (57 Interest paid on capital debt (4,991,197) (1,231,691) (7 Net Cash Provided (Used) by	8,333)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	3,408)
	0,303)
Capital and Related Financing Activities (11,797,279) (3,709,695) (66	
	2,044)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,149
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	
Investing Activities 169,792 86,677 1	3,149
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	
	2,061
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 51,924,394 15,969,837 3,77	2,365
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year \$ 54,275,640 \$ 15,043,123 \$ 5,25	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(CONTINUED)

	Business-Typ Enterprise	Governmental Activities		
	Canon Water Company - February 28, 2016	Total	Internal Service Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash received from/(paid for) other Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid for general and administrative expenses	\$ - (10,763)	\$ 40,691,356 249,520 (17,740,456) (10,500,532)	\$ 9,537,842 325,403 (6,740,890) (1,757,045)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(10,763)	12,699,888	1,365,310	
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:				
Cash transfers in Cash transfers out Amounts received from other funds Amounts paid to other funds	- - -	2,878,229 (2,396,228)	(600,000) 34,989 (5,000,000)	
Advance to other funds Proceeds from sale of surplus water Grant subsidy	- - -	5,000,000 567,500 45,841	(3,000,000) - - -	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities		6,095,342	(5,565,011)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt	- - -	(7,552,419) (2,323,408) (6,293,191)	(13,491) - -	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(16,169,018)	(13,491)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	8_	269,626	50,987	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	8	269,626	50,987	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(10,755)	2,895,838	(4,162,205)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	278,749	71,945,345	13,582,133	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 267,994	\$ 74,841,183	\$ 9,419,928	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Business-Type Activities	
Enterprise Funds	

		Water		Sewer		Refuse
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash						
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	7,357,062	\$	1,817,640	\$	1,654,734
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	·	_				_
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		2,680,328		600,474		519,621
Amortization		78,691		58,195		-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(1,592,334)		5,869		(29,908)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		2,355		-		-
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(102,981)		-		-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		(1,914,104)		(268,677)		(546,551)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		590,875		(17,605)		181,167
Increase (decrease) in payroll payable		52,369		7,900		10,991
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		109,898		-		-
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		87,487		-		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		85,278		(9,045)		25,170
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		778,360		104,838		243,630
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		98,459		14,204		26,261
Total Adjustments		954,681		496,153		430,381
Net Cash Provided (Used) by						
Operating Activities	\$	8,311,743	\$	2,313,793	\$	2,085,115
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:						
Amortization of bond premium/discount	\$	148.783	\$	_	\$	_
Amortization of deferred charges on refunding	Ψ	78,691	Ψ	58,195	Ψ	_
Loss (Gain) on disposal of capital assets		181,079		116,493		-

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities	
	Co	non Water mpany - ary 28, 2016		Total		Internal vice Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	43,141	\$	10,872,577	\$	(380,809)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		0.070		0.000.005		44.750
Depreciation		2,672		3,803,095		41,752
Amortization (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(64,221)		136,886 (1,680,594)		91
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		(04,221)		3,155		1,280
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		-		(102,981)		26,141
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		_		(2,729,332)		(528,728)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		6,845		761,282		70,053
Increase (decrease) in payroll payable		-		71,260		352
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		-		109,898		-
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		-		87,487		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		-		101,403		(70,531)
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments		-		-		1,955,667
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		-		1,126,828		223,590
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows				138,924		26,452
Total Adjustments		(53,904)		1,827,311		1,746,119
Net Cash Provided (Used) by						
Operating Activities	\$	(10,763)	\$	12,699,888	\$	1,365,310
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:						
Amortization of bond premium/discount	\$	-	\$	148,783	\$	-
Amortization of deferred charges on refunding		-		136,886		-
Loss (Gain) on disposal of capital assets		-		297,572		-

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FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's fiduciary funds consist of agency funds and one private purpose trust fund. Fiduciary fund types are accounted for according to the nature of the fund.

Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used by the City to account for the assets and liabilities of the former Redevelopment Agency and the receipt of funds to make estimated installment payments of enforceable obligations until the obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency are paid in full and assets have been liquidated.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

			Private- Purpose Trust Fund
		Agency Funds	Successor Agency of the Former RDA
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	2 006 477	¢ 20.002.596
Receivables (net):	φ	3,886,477	\$ 20,092,586
Accounts		13,460	706,898
Notes and loans		-	4,099,660
Interest		750	9,621
Deposits		-	600
Due from other governments		8,808	-
Land held for resale		-	19,648,669
Restricted assets:			
Cash and investments		-	52,473,582
Capital assets:			40= 400
Capital assets, not being depreciated		-	125,423
Capital assets, net of depreciation			65,852
Total Assets	\$	3,909,495	97,222,891
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred charge on refunding			808,104
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources			808,104
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	1,714,154	132,469
Payroll payable		-	9,852
Interest payable		-	3,645,082
Deposits payable		1,970,578	186,916
Due to other governments		- 224 762	6,025,479
Due to external parties/other agencies Long-term liabilities:		224,763	-
Due within one year		_	7,347,607
Due in more than one year		_	210,426,194
200 5 900.			
Total Liabilities	\$	3,909,495	227,773,599
Net Position:			
Held in trust for other purposes			(129,742,604)
Total Net Position			\$ (129,742,604)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund
	Successor Agency of the Former RDA
Additions: Taxes Intergovernmental Contributions from City Charges for services Interest and rentals Miscellaneous	\$ 15,962,097 3,704,040 2,173 600 1,588,744 413,455
Total Additions	21,671,109
Deductions: Personnel services Operations Interest and fiscal charges Contributions to other governments	274,006 7,622,579 12,454,433 604,451
Total Deductions	20,955,469
Changes in Net Position	715,640
Net Position: Beginning of year	(130,458,244)
Net Position - End of year	\$ (129,742,604)

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Pomona, California (City), have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1888 and became a "Charter Law" City in 1911 under the laws of the State of California. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of governments. The City principally provides general administrative services, public safety services, library, recreational services, street, highway and bridge repairs and maintenance, and water and sanitation services.

As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The following blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with the data of the City. They are reported as blended for the following reasons: (1) the governing board is substantively the same as the primary government, and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the primary government and the component unit; (2) the component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the primary government or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the primary government even though it does not provide services directly to it; and (3) the component unit's total debt outstanding, including leases, is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with the resources of the primary government.

Management determined that the following component units should be blended based on the criteria above:

- City of Pomona Housing Authority
- City of Pomona Public Financing Authority
- Canon Water Company

These component units are included in the primary government because of the significance of their financial or operational relationship. Each of the blended component units in the accompanying basic financial statements of the City are described below:

City of Pomona Housing Authority

The City of Pomona Housing Authority (Housing Authority) was organized in 1993 under the California Health and Safety Code. The objective of the Housing Authority is to aid low-income families in obtaining decent, safe and sanitary housing through Federal assistance programs and low/moderate income housing programs. The Housing Authority was included within the scope of the reporting entity of the City because its governing body is composed in its entirety of City Council members of the City.

City of Pomona Public Financing Authority

The City of Pomona Public Financing Authority (Authority) is a joint exercise of powers authority created by a joint powers agreement between the City, the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Pomona (Agency) and the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Covina, dated October 27, 1988. The purpose of the Authority is to provide, through the issuance of debt, financing necessary for the construction of public improvements. The Authority is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The Authority was included within the scope of the reporting entity of the City because its governing body is composed in its entirety of City staff.

Canon Water Company

The Canon Water Company of Pomona (Company) was incorporated on August 6, 1897. The Company owns and maintains a pipeline which transports water to the City. The Company was included within the scope of the reporting entity of the City because it provides services almost entirely to the City and its governing body is composed of City staff.

All component units had a fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, except for Canon Water Company, which had a fiscal year ended February 28, 2016.

Since the governing boards for these entities were composed of either City Council members or City employees, they are considered blended component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are reported with the interfund data of the primary government. The component units listed above issue separate financial statements which can be obtained at City Hall and on line at www.ci.pomona.us.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governmental units. The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose of which they are to be spent and means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government – Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The City's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These basic financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Economic resources measurement focus considers all of the assets available for the purpose of providing goods and services and reports all inflows, outflows, and balances affecting or reflecting an entity's net position. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the

accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- · Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regard to interfund activities. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column, if any. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Due to and from other funds
- · Advances to and from other funds
- Transfers in and out

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balance as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Housing Authority Fund accounts for grant revenues received for the acquisition, rehabilitation and administration of properties used to provide affordable rental housing and the low and moderate income housing functions of the former Redevelopment Agency.
- The Miscellaneous Grants Fund accounts for revenues received and expenditures made for Federal and/or State approved programs/projects.
- The General Debt Service Fund accounts for the payment of interest and principal on debt incurred by the City.

 The Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund accounts for the payment of interest and principal on the local agency revenue bonds and other debt of the Authority.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Revenues are considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for grant revenue where the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 120 days of the end of current fiscal year. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are real and personal property tax, other local taxes, franchise fees, forfeitures and penalties, rents and concessions, interest revenue, and state and federal grants. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Unavailable revenue arises when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenue arises when the government receives resources before it has a legal claim to it, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the unavailable revenue and unearned revenue are removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The reconciliations of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Water Utility Enterprise Fund accounts for activities associated with the distribution and transmission of potable water to users and recycled water.
- The Sewer Enterprise Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer network.

- The Refuse Enterprise Fund accounts for activities associated with residential refuse collection, curbside collection of recycling materials, and various related programs.
- The Canon Water Company Enterprise Fund accounts for the activities of the Canon Water Company.

The Internal Service Funds account for the maintenance and repair of City vehicles and equipment, risk management (general liability, workers' compensation and unemployment), information technology and printing/mail service provided to other departments or agencies of the City. Internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds consist of agency funds and one private purpose trust fund. Fiduciary fund types are accounted for according to the nature of the fund.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency Funds account for assets held by the City for governments or individuals. These funds include receipts and disbursements of funds for the debt service activity of the 1911 Act assessment districts, cash deposits collected for street and sidewalk encroachment permits, debt services activity, cash guarantees (deposits) collected by the City for various construction improvement projects, payment of various employee benefits and deductions, including, but not limited to, health and dental insurance premiums, federal and state withholding taxes, life insurance and other withholdings from regular compensation.

The Private-purpose trust fund is accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which the revenue is earned, while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The City uses its private-purpose trust fund to account for the assets and liabilities of the former Redevelopment Agency and the receipt of funds to make installment payments of enforceable obligations until the obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency are paid in full and assets have been liquidated.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are combined with investments and displayed as Cash and Investments.

Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities which approximated fair value for which market quotations are readily available.

The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) which has invested a portion of the pool funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these structured notes and asset-backed securities are subject to market risk as to changes in interest rates.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures* (an amendment of GASB No. 3), certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, are provided for deposit and investment risk in the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - Overall
 - Custodial Credit Risk
 - Concentration of Credit Risk
- Foreign Currency Risk

For purposes of the statement of cash flows of the proprietary fund types, cash and cash equivalents include all investments, as the City operates an internal cash management pool which maintains the general characteristics of a demand deposit account.

Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories within the various fund types consist of materials and supplies which are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Reported expenditures reflecting the purchase of supplies have been restated to reflect the consumption method of recognizing inventory-related expenditures.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, autos and trucks, equipment under capitalized lease and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, traffic signals, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000 and capital projects at \$250,000.

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated assets are valued at its estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Assets	Years
Buildings and building improvements	10-50
Improvements other than buildings	10-75
Machinery and equipment	5-100
Furniture and fixtures	5-10
Autos and trucks	5-10
Equipment under capitalized lease	5-15
Infrastructure	25-75

For infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the "Basic Approach" as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting.

The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include streets, bridges, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems, etc. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest on construction-related debt incurred during the period of construction is capitalized as a cost of the constructed assets.

The long-term principal portion of debt on non-proprietary capital assets acquired through lease purchase contracts is accounted for in the government-wide financial statements as "capital lease obligations". Capital assets acquired under capital leases are capitalized at the net present value of the total lease payments in the government-wide financial statements.

Land Held for Resale

Land purchased for resale is capitalized as inventory at acquisition costs.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenses when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

In governmental funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the years paid, as it is the City's policy to liquidate any unpaid compensated absences at June 30 from future resources, rather than currently available financial resources. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such fund's share of the unpaid liability is recorded as a long-term liability of the fund. Vested or accumulated compensated absences in proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. The compensated absences liability will be liquidated through the General Fund for governmental activities and through the proprietary funds for the business-type activities.

Claims Payable

The City records a liability to reflect an actuarial estimate of ultimate uninsured losses for both general liability claims (including property damage claims) and workers' compensation claims. The estimated liability for workers' compensation claims and general liability claims includes "incurred but not reported" (IBNR) claims. There is no fixed payment schedule to pay these liabilities.

Unearned and Unavailable Revenue

Unearned revenue is recognized for transactions for which revenue has not yet been earned. Unearned revenue includes monies received in advance from the fiscal agents on the amounts deposited in the reserve funds for various bonds and prepaid charges for services.

Unavailable revenue represents money received during the current or previous years that has not been earned or is not considered available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is deferred charges on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position. Deferred charges on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is deferred pension related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position. The City reports deferred outflows of resources for pension contributions made after the actuarial measurement date, this amount is deferred and will be expensed in the following fiscal year, and deferred outflows of resources for the net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan, this amount will be amortized over a five-year period on a straight-line basis.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has one item, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. The item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from grant revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period when the amounts become available. In addition, the government has deferred inflows of resources relating to the net pension obligation reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position. These amounts are the result of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and are being amortized over a five-year period on a straight-line basis. Deferred pension related items also include differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions. These will be recognized as pension expense over the expected average remaining service lifetime.

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted Net Position – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted Net Position – This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, government funds report the following fund balance classification:

Non-spendable Fund Balance – This includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This includes amounts that are constrained on the use of resources by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws of regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – This includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest authority.

Assigned Fund Balance – This includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The governing board by Resolution No. 2011-63A gave the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the Finance Director.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This is the residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. Only the General Fund can report positive unassigned fund balance. All other funds' fund balances have been restricted, committed or assigned for the purpose of those particular funds.

The City Council, as the City's highest level of decision-making authority, may commit fund balance for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by resolution. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment. City Council action to commit fund balance needs to occur within the fiscal reporting period; however the amount can be determined subsequently.

Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

An individual governmental fund could include non-spendable resources and amounts that are restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) or any combination of those classifications. Restricted amounts are to be considered spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, committed, and assigned. Then unassigned amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach a legal enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments on December 10 and April 10. The County of Los Angeles (County) bills and collects the property taxes and remits it to the City in installments during the year. The City's property tax revenues are recognized when an enforceable legal lien is attached to the property. The County is permitted by State Law (Proposition 13) to levy taxes at 1% of full market value (at time of purchase) and can increase the property tax base not more than 2% per year. The City receives a share of this basic levy proportionate to the amount received prior to the passage of Proposition 13 in 1978.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the related reported amounts of revenues and expenses, if applicable, during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Effect of New Accounting Standards

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards:

GASB Statement No. 72 – Fair Value Measurement and Application. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The City has fully conformed to and implemented GASB Statement No. 72 as of June 30, 2016.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Deficit Fund Balances or Net Position

At June 30, 2016, the following funds had the following fund balance deficit:

Governmental Funds	
General Debt Service	\$ (39,170,313)
Internal Services Funds	
Self Insurance	(6,237,884)
Equipment Maintenance	(800,855)
Information Technology	(319,588)
Printing/Mail Services	(17,760)

The General Debt Service Fund deficit is the result of the issuance of bonds and the Self-Insurance Fund deficit is due to outstanding claim liabilities. The Equipment Maintenance Fund and the Information Technology Fund deficits are due to the implementation of GASB 68. The Printing/Mail Services Fund deficit is due to liabilities due to other funds. The City will eliminate the internal service deficits with future revenue.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

Excess expenditures over appropriations were as follows:

	Expenditures		Ap	propriations	Excess		
Special Fees Fund Capital Oulay Fund	\$	67,780 8,511,843	\$	55,000 5,505,238	\$	12,780 3,006,605	

No budget adopted for the Assessment District Improvement Fund.

Note 3: Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool, which includes cash balances and authorized investments of all funds. This pooled cash is invested by the City Treasurer to enhance earnings. The pooled interest earned is allocated to the funds based on average quarter-end cash balances of the various funds.

Summary of Cash and Investments

The following is a summary of cash and investments at June 30, 2016:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Fic	luciary Funds_	Total		
Cash and investments Restricted cash	\$	48,534,017 17,284,677	\$	50,856,204 23,984,979	\$	23,979,063 52,473,582	\$	123,369,284 93,743,238	
Total	\$	65,818,694	\$	74,841,183	\$	76,452,645	\$	217,112,522	

Cash and investments is comprised of the following at June 30, 2016:

Cash and cash equivalents:	
Petty cash and change funds	\$ 9,307
Demand deposit	31,217,667
Total cash and cash equivalents	31,226,974
Investments:	_
Local Agency Investment Fund	83,126,983
Federal Home Loan Bank	3,010,410
Freddie Mac	 6,004,917
Total investments	 92,142,310
	\$ 123,369,284

Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's cash deposits were \$31,217,667 at June 30, 2016. Bank balances at June 30, 2016, were \$32,871,008 which were fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below. The \$1,653,341 difference represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name. The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The City has waived the collateralization requirements.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated on an accounting period basis to the various funds based on the quarter-end cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

Investments

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with California Government Code Section 53601, the City is authorized to invest or deposit in the following:

- Securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its agencies
- Bankers' acceptances that are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System
- Commercial paper, rated A-1/P-1, secured by an irrevocable line of credit or government securities
- Certificates of deposits with national and state licensed or chartered banks, federal or state savings and loans associations
- Medium-term corporate notes, rated AAA or AA
- Money market funds
- Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

In accordance with GASB Statement No, 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments are stated at fair value at the year end.

Investment in Local Agency Investment Funds

The City is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2016, included a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

<u>Structured Notes:</u> debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities:</u> generally mortgage-backed securities that entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (for example, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2016, the City had \$83,126,983 invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.08% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. The LAIF fair value factor of 1.000621222 was used to calculate the fair value of the investments in LAIF. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy (Policy) limits investments to a maximum maturity of five years. The weighted average days to maturity of the total portfolio shall not exceed the City's anticipated liquidity needs for the next six (6) months. The City is in compliance with this provision of the Policy.

At June 30, 2016, the City had the following investment maturities:

	1 Year or Less	1 to 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	Total
Investments Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 83,126,983	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,126,983
Freddie Mac Federal Home Loan Bank	<u> </u>	3,010,410	6,004,917 -	6,004,917 3,010,410
	\$ 83,126,983	\$ 3,010,410	\$ 6,004,917	\$ 92,142,310

Credit Risk

The City's Policy limits investments in commercial paper to the highest grade of stand alone or enhanced (prime) commercial paper as rated by Moody's Investor Service, Standard & Poor's Corporation, or Fitch Financial Services and requires that the management company of mutual funds must have attained the highest ranking or the highest letter and numerical rating provided by not less than two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

Investments in U.S. Treasury securities are not considered to have credit risk; therefore, their credit quality is not disclosed. As of June 30, 2016, the City's investments in external investment pools and money market mutual funds are unrated.

		Standard &	
	Moody's	Poor's	
Local Agency Investment Fund	Not Rated	Not Rated	
Federal Home Loan Bank	Aaa	AA+	

Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

			Level	
Investments by fair value level	Totals	1	2	3
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 83,126,983	\$ -	\$ 83,126,983	\$ -
Freddie Mac	6,004,917	-	6,004,917	-
Federal Home Loan Bank	3,010,410	-	3,010,410	-
Totals	\$ 92,142,310	\$ -	\$ 92,142,310	\$ -

Deposits and securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Local Agency Investment Funds classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using specified fair market value factors. Freddie Mac and Federal Home Loan Bank securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using institutional bond quotes.

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a deposit financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the provision for deposits stated in the California Government Code. Bank balances of \$32,353,014 net of FDIC insurance, which was in excess of federal depository insurance limits, was held in collateralized accounts. Of the City's investments held by trustees and fiscal agents, \$93,743,238 of securities was held by the counterparty's trust department, the trustee for the bonds, not in the name of the City as of June 30, 2016.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's Policy states that not more than 20% of the portfolio shall be invested in any one entity or any one instrument to protect the City from concentration of credit risk, with the following exceptions: U.S. Treasury Obligations, governmental agencies (i.e. GNMA, FFCB, FHLB, FHLMC, FNMA, etc.), and investment pools (LAIF). In addition, purchases of commercial paper from U.S. corporations must not exceed 15% of the value of the portfolio at any time and single issuer holdings to no more than 10 percent per issuer. The City is in compliance with these provisions of the Policy.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, if the City has invested more than 5% of its investments in any one issuer, it is exposed to credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, none of the City's deposits or investments was exposed to credit risk.

Investments guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are excluded from this requirement.

Note 4: Loans Receivable (Net)

At June 30, 2016, the City's net loans receivable consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2015			Balance June 30, 2016	
Section 108 Loans	\$ 440,000	\$ -	\$ 135,000	\$ 305,000	
Deferred Home Improvement Loans	7,863,356	215,909	359,280	7,719,985	
Prototype Loans	1,232,315	28,423	-	1,260,738	
Rental Rehabilitation Loans	491,493	6,772	-	498,265	
CHDO	942,145	319,954	-	1,262,099	
HOPE 3 Loans	352,740	1,860	6,956	347,644	
Shield of Faith	4,499,423	111,450	48,406	4,562,467	
Manufactured Housing Rehabilitation Loans	2,138,781	-	119,500	2,019,281	
Occupied Rehabilitation Loans	1,441,137	127,095	-	1,568,232	
MAP Loans, net	6,419,494	18,043	49,952	6,387,585	
NIP Loans	3,010,389	59,697	182,302	2,887,784	
Owner Participation Agreement (OPA)	176,716	-	-	176,716	
First Time Home Buyer Program	52,450	-	-	52,450	
Multi-Family	720,000	-	-	720,000	
Holt Ave. Housing Partners LP Loans	1,906,142	19,000	-	1,925,142	
Telacu	833,346	36,765		870,111	
Total	\$ 32,519,927	\$ 944,968	\$ 901,396	\$ 32,563,499	

Note 5: Interfund Transactions

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Internal Balances - At June 30, 2016, the City had the following internal receivable and payable.

	Internal Receivable		
Internal Payable	Business-Type Activities		
Governmental Activities	\$	1,281,200	

The accumulation of the \$1,281,200 balance was to consolidate the internal service funds activities related to the enterprise funds.

Transfers - At June 30, 2016, the City had the following transfers. The purpose of the transfers was for debt service payments and to reimburse a construction project.

	Transfers Out		
	Business-Type		
Transfers In	Activities		
Governmental Activities	\$	482,001	

Note 5: Interfund Transactions (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Due To/Due From - At June 30, 2016, the City had the following short-term interfund receivables and payables.

		Due to Other Funds					
	General Debt	Governmental	Internal Service				
	Service	Funds	Funds	Total			
Due from Other Funds	_						
Governmental Funds:							
General Fund	\$ 1,764,620	\$ 69,512	\$ 38,476	\$ 1,872,608			

Due from other funds to the General Fund was for Series AR debt service payment in the General Debt Service Fund.

Due to the General Fund from the Non-Major Funds was to cover negative cash deficit at the end of the fiscal year.

Long-Term Advances - At June 30, 2016, the City had the following interfund long-term advances:

	Advance from	_		
	Governmen	=		
	General			
	Fund	Service		Total
Advances to Other Funds	_			_
Governmental Funds:				
Public Financing Authority	\$ -	\$ 41,950,000	\$	41,950,000
Non-Major Governmental Funds	304,435			304,435
Total	\$ 304,435	\$ 41,950,000	\$	42,254,435
	 			·

Long-term advances between the Public Financing Authority and the General Debt Service Fund are loan proceeds used to fund projects.

CITY OF POMONA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

Note 5: Interfund Transactions (Continued)

Transfers - At June 30, 2016, the City had the following transfers:

Iransiers in										
		Go	vernmental Fur	nds		Proprieta	ry Funds			
Transfers out	Miscellaneous Grants		General debt Service		Non-Major overnmental Funds	Water	Sewer	Total		
Governmental Fund General Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	81,004 23,584	\$ 4,339,294 207,297	\$	632,870 1,732,557	\$ - 1,624,090	\$ - 1,141,178	\$ 5,053,168 4,728,706		
Total Governmental Funds		104,588	4,546,591		2,365,427	1,624,090	1,141,178	9,781,874		
Proprietary Funds Water Sewer Internal Service Funds		- - -	600,000 417,050		1,037,561 228,656 600,000	- 112,961 -	- - -	1,637,561 758,667 600,000		
Total Proprietary Funds			1,017,050		1,866,217	112,961		2,996,228		
Total	\$	104,588	\$ 5,563,641	\$	4,231,644	\$ 1,737,051	\$ 1,141,178	\$ 12,778,102		

The transfer of \$4,339,294 between the General Fund and the General Debt Service Fund was for Series AG, AN / AP, AU / AV, and AR debt service payments.

All other General Fund transfers were in the normal course of the City's business.

Note 6: Due from Other Governments

At June 30, 2016, the City's due from other governments consisted of the following:

	Governmental			
	Activities			
Federal government	\$	1,694,352		
State of California		6,944,731		
County of Los Angeles		380,383		
Local government entities		57,330		
Total	\$	9,076,796		

Note 7: Land Held for Resale

At June 30, 2016, land held for resale in the amount of \$4,490,541 is recorded at cost in the Housing Authority Fund.

Note 8: Capital Assets

Government-Wide Financial Statements

At June 30, 2016, the City's capital assets consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities		В	Business-Type Activities		Total
Non-depreciable assets	7101111100			Activities		Total
Land	\$	80,966,521	\$	9,089,782	\$	90,056,303
Construction in process	Ψ	22,030,816	Ψ	4,405,074	Ψ	26,435,890
•						
Total non-depreciable assets		102,997,337		13,494,856		116,492,193
Depreciable assets:						
Buildings and building improvements		14,941,552		3,482,783		18,424,335
Improvements other than buildings		60,003,395		286,638		60,290,033
Machinery and equipment		21,146,261		221,948,295		243,094,556
Furniture and fixtures		1,014,456		5,105		1,019,561
Autos and trucks		11,219,732		4,510,802		15,730,534
Equipment under capitalized leases		1,037,970		4,257,381		5,295,351
Infrastructure		382,767,392				382,767,392
Total depreciable assets, at cost		492,130,758	_	234,491,004	_	726,621,762
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and building improvements		12,255,957		3,301,266		15,557,223
Improvements other than buildings		26,210,091		130,161		26,340,252
Machinery and equipment		17,764,462		80,732,207		98,496,669
Furniture and fixtures		860,742		5,105		865,847
Autos and trucks		8,820,685		3,385,111		12,205,796
Equipment under capitalized leases		470,120		1,277,214		1,747,334
Infrastructure		262,927,487		_		262,927,487
Total accumulated depreciation		329,309,544		88,831,064		418,140,608
Total depreciable assets, net		162,821,214	_	145,659,940	_	308,481,154
Total capital assets	\$	265,818,551	\$	159,154,796	\$	424,973,347

Note 8: Capital Assets (Continued)

The following is a summary of capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2016	
Non-depreciable assets:						
Land	\$ 81,168,660	\$ 411,000	\$ 613,139	\$ -	\$ 80,966,521	
Construction in process	22,682,709	5,833,903	1,361,585	(5,124,211)	22,030,816	
Total non-depreciable assets	103,851,369	6,244,903	1,974,724	(5,124,211)	102,997,337	
Depreciable assets:						
Buildings and building improvements	14,941,552	-	-	-	14,941,552	
Improvements other than buildings	60,003,395	-	-	-	60,003,395	
Machinery and equipment	20,754,160	360,203	-	31,898	21,146,261	
Furniture and fixtures	1,014,456	-	-	-	1,014,456	
Autos and trucks	10,756,126	478,569	14,963	-	11,219,732	
Equipment under capitalized leases	1,037,970	-	-	-	1,037,970	
Infrastructure	380,805,974	15,967	3,146,862	5,092,313	382,767,392	
Total depreciable assets, at cost	489,313,633	854,739	3,161,825	5,124,211	492,130,758	
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and building improvements	11,968,419	287,538	-	-	12,255,957	
Improvements other than buildings	24,683,385	1,526,706	-	-	26,210,091	
Machinery and equipment	16,466,672	1,297,790	-	-	17,764,462	
Furniture and fixtures	812,785	47,957	-	-	860,742	
Autos and trucks	8,283,866	551,782	14,963	-	8,820,685	
Equipment under capitalized leases	288,588	181,532	-	-	470,120	
Infrastructure	257,167,573	8,534,097	2,774,183		262,927,487	
Total accumulated depreciation	319,671,288	12,427,402	2,789,146		329,309,544	
Total depreciable assets, net	169,642,345	(11,572,663)	372,679	5,124,211	162,821,214	
Total capital assets	\$ 273,493,714	\$ (5,327,760)	\$ 2,347,403	\$ -	\$ 265,818,551	

Depreciation expense for capital assets of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2016, is as follows:

General Government	\$ 216,206
Public safety	1,818,135
Community Services	1,149,169
Urban development	9,202,140
Internal service funds	 41,752
Total	\$ 12,427,402

Note 8: Capital Assets (Continued)

The following is a summary of capital assets for business-type activities:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2016	
Non-depreciable assets:						
Land	\$ 9,089,782	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,089,782	
Construction in process	19,965,564	2,571,425		(18,131,915)	4,405,074	
Total non-depreciable assets	29,055,346	2,571,425		(18,131,915)	13,494,856	
Depreciable assets:						
Buildings and building improvements	3,482,783	-	-	-	3,482,783	
Improvements other than buildings	286,638	-	-	-	286,638	
Machinery and equipment	200,002,139	4,232,715	418,474	18,131,915	221,948,295	
Furniture and fixtures	5,105	-	-	-	5,105	
Autos and trucks	4,510,802	-	-	-	4,510,802	
Equipment under capitalized leases	4,257,381				4,257,381	
Total depreciable assets, at cost	212,544,848	4,232,715	418,474	18,131,915	234,491,004	
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and building improvements	3,291,986	9,280	-	-	3,301,266	
Improvements other than buildings	119,452	10,709	-	-	130,161	
Machinery and equipment	77,715,074	3,138,037	120,904	-	80,732,207	
Furniture and fixtures	5,105	-	-	-	5,105	
Autos and trucks	3,165,780	219,331	-	-	3,385,111	
Equipment under capitalized lease	851,476	425,738			1,277,214	
Total accumulated depreciation	85,148,873	3,803,095	120,904		88,831,064	
Total depreciable assets, net	127,395,975	429,620	297,570	18,131,915	145,659,940	
Total capital assets	\$ 156,451,321	\$ 3,001,045	\$ 297,570	\$ -	\$ 159,154,796	

Depreciation expense for capital assets of the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2016, is as follows:

Water	\$ 2,680,328
Sewer	600,474
Refuse	519,621
Canon Water Company	2,672
Total	\$ 3,803,095

Note 9: Other Investments

In November 2006, the Housing Authority of the City Pomona acquired a 29.846% membership interest in Mission Promenade I from a member interest holder for a purchase price of \$600,000.

Other investments in the Water Enterprise fund represent one-quarter of share of the San Antonio Water Company for a cost of \$9,000.

Note 10: Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2016:

				ccreted/							_	
		Balance	-	Accrued		A al al:4: a a		Dalations	1.	Balance		Oue Within
Governmental Activities		uly 1, 2015	_	Interest	Additions			Deletions	June 30, 2016		One Year	
Pollution remediation obligations	\$	960.809	\$	_	\$	1,200,000	\$	815,203	\$	1,345,606	\$	630,000
Obligation under capital leases	*	586,295	•	_	*	400,408	*	283,718	*	702,985	*	353,008
Notes payable		655,000		-		-		220,000		435,000		220,000
Revenue bonds		39,564,000		-		-		1,626,000		37,938,000		1,720,000
Pension obligation refunding bonds		44,333,953		433,200		-		615,000		44,152,153		715,000
Certificates of participation		11,336,191		-				365,622		10,970,569		355,000
Subtotal		97,436,248		433,200		1,600,408		3,925,543		95,544,313		3,993,008
Compensated absences		7,118,226		-		4,945,134		4,810,546		7,252,814		4,946,000
Claims payable		12,101,548		_		5,581,864		3,626,197		14,057,215		5,549,895
Total governmental activities	\$	116,656,022	\$	433,200	\$	12,127,406	\$	12,362,286	\$	116,854,342	\$	14,488,903
Business-Type Activities												
Obligations under capital leases	\$	3,004,393	\$	-	\$	-	\$	573,408	\$	2,430,985	\$	586,826
Revenue bonds		132,086,644		-		_		1,898,783		130,187,861	_	1,830,000
Subtotal		135,091,037		-		-		2,472,191		132,618,846		2,416,826
Compensated absences		1,302,207				1,052,183		950,780		1,403,610		1,054,000
Total business-type activities	\$	136,393,244	\$		\$	1,052,183	\$	3,422,971	\$	134,022,456	\$	3,470,826

Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt

Pollution Remediation Obligations

The City acquired properties which were determined to have soil and groundwater contamination. The City is responsible for the investigation, characterization and remediation of the soil and groundwater from the contamination. The City had a remediation study performed to determine any potential harm to the surrounding areas. The pollution remediation costs were initially estimated at \$1,781,262. During the current fiscal year, the City spent \$815,203 on clean-up cost. The remaining outstanding cost to complete the clean-up is estimated at \$1,345,606 at June 30, 2016.

Obligations under Capital Leases

At June 30, 2016, obligations under capital leases consisted of the following:

	Balance y 1, 2015	Additions		ns Deletions		_	Balance e 30, 2016	Due Within One Year		
PPF #1	\$ 155,673	\$	-	\$	76,891	\$	78,782	\$ 78,782		
HCC #2	430,622		-		138,850		291,772	143,489		
PNC #1	_	40	00,408		67,977		332,431	 130,737		
Total	\$ 586,295	\$ 40	00,408	\$	283,718	\$	702,985	\$ 353,008		

The City has entered into numerous equipment lease-purchase agreements with a leasing company whereby the lessor acquired certain equipment and leased it to the City with an option to purchase. The related assets have been capitalized as capital assets.

The total leased assets by major asset class consisted of the following:

	Jur	ne 30, 2016
Machinery and equipment	\$	260,616
Autos and trucks		777,354
Equipment under capitalized leases, at cost		1,037,970
Accumulated depreciation		(470,120)
Equipment under capitalized leases, net	\$	567,850

The depreciation expense for equipment under capitalized leases was \$181,532 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

The rates of interest on the lease purchase agreements range from 2.19% to 3.30% per annum. The annual debt service requirement outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	F	Principal	Interest			Total
2016-2017	\$	353,008	\$	16,579	\$	369,587
2017-2018		281,990		6,877		288,867
2018-2019		67,987		768		68,755
Total	\$	702,985	\$	24,224	\$	727,209

Notes Payable

At June 30, 2016, notes payable consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
HUD Section 108 Loan City of Claremont	\$ 430,000 225,000	\$ - -	\$ 145,000 75,000	\$ 285,000 150,000	\$ 145,000 75,000
	\$ 655,000	\$ -	\$ 220,000	\$ 435,000	\$ 220,000

HUD Section 108 Loan

The City has three notes guaranteed by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) under Section 108 of the Community Development Act and are payable from future Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) entitlements. The notes were made to Casa Herrera (\$2,375,000) on February 1, 1998; Village Car Wash (\$100,000) on September 17, 2012; and Freddie's Auto Repair (\$100,000) on August 20, 2012. On June 30, 2010, the balance of the original loan for Casa Herrera was defeased to refinance the loan at a lower interest rate. The new interest rate for Casa Herrera ranges from 4.96% to 5.77%, with new loan terms beginning on February 1, 2011 and maturing August 1, 2016. The interest rate for both Village Car Wash and Freddie's Auto Repair is variable and equal to 20 basis points (0.2%) above the applicable London Interbank Offered Rates (LIBOR), currently at 2.5%, with loan terms beginning on

July 1, 2013 and maturing on August 1, 2023. Casa Herrera is responsible for the principal payment on its note and the City is responsible for the interest payment. Village Car Wash and Freddie's Auto Repair are responsible for principal and interest payments on its notes. Again, all notes are guaranteed by CDBG funds; thus, in the event of default, the City's CDBG entitlement funds may be used to cover any outstanding debt.

The annual debt service requirement at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2016-2017	\$ 145,000	\$ 5,663	\$ 150,663
2017-2018	20,000	3,500	23,500
2018-2019	20,000	3,000	23,000
2019-2020	20,000	3,000	23,000
2020-2021	20,000	3,000	23,000
2021-2025	60,000	3,000	63,000
Total	\$ 285,000	\$ 21,163	\$ 306,163

City of Claremont

On July 2, 2013, the City entered into a loan agreement with the City of Claremont for \$300,000 to improve storm drain facilities within the City of Pomona. The loan requires repayment with 2% interest over a period of four (4) years.

The annual debt service requirement at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total		
2016-2017	\$ 75,000	\$ 3,750	\$	78,750	
2017-2018	75,000	3,750		78,750	
Total	\$ 150,000	\$ 7,500	\$	157,500	

Revenue Bonds

At June 30, 2016, revenue bonds consisted of the following:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2015	Ac	dditions	Deletions	Jι	Balance ine 30, 2016	_	oue Within One Year
2005 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AL	\$	3,915,000	\$	-	\$ 480,000	\$	3,435,000	\$	505,000
2005 Reassessment and Refunding Bonds, Series AM		3,389,000		-	386,000		3,003,000		415,000
2005 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AN		19,420,000		-	65,000		19,355,000		625,000
2005 Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AP		525,000		-	525,000		-		-
2006 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AU		2,310,000		-	35,000		2,275,000		30,000
2006 Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AV	_	10,005,000		-	135,000		9,870,000		145,000
Total	\$	39,564,000	\$		\$ 1,626,000	\$	37,938,000	\$	1,720,000
Unamortized Deferred Loss on Refunding 2006 Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AV	\$	(126,560)	\$		\$ (7,031)	\$	(119,529)		

2005 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AL – Original Issuance \$11,370,000

On February 1, 2005, the Public Financing Authority issued \$11,370,000 in 2005 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AL to purchase the 2005 Reassessment and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AM, to finance certain capital improvements in the City and to fund a reserve account for the Bonds.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each September 2 and March 2, commencing September 2, 2005. The rates of interest range from 2.50% to 5.10% per annum. Principal on the subordinate revenue bonds is payable in annual installments ranging from \$275,000 to \$955,000.

During 2008, the bonds in the amount of \$1,975,000 were called.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2005 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AL outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal		Interest			Total	
2016-2017	\$	505,000	\$	157,385		\$ 662,385	
2017-2018		530,000		132,671		662,671	
2018-2019		555,000		106,423		661,423	
2019-2020	585,000			78,270		663,270	
2020-2021		615,000	48,270			663,270	
2021-2022	645,000			16,448		661,448	
Total	\$	3,435,000	\$	539,467		\$ 3,974,467	

2005 Reassessment and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AM – Original Issuance \$9,524,000

On February 1, 2005, the City issued \$9,524,000 in 2005 Reassessment and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AM, to provide funds to refund the refunding Improvement Bonds, Assessment District No. 294. Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each September 2 and March 2. The rate of interest is 7.22% per annum.

During 2008, the bonds in the amount of \$1,920,000 were called.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2005 Reassessment and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AM outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal			Interest		Total	
2016-2017	\$	415,000	_	\$	201,835	\$	616,835
2017-2018		449,000			170,645		619,645
2018-2019		482,000			137,036		619,036
2019-2020		516,000			101,008		617,008
2020-2021		549,000			62,561		611,561
2021-2022		592,000			21,371		613,371
Total	\$	3,003,000		\$	694,456	\$	3,697,456

2005 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AN – Original Issuance \$19,910,000

On May 1, 2005, the Public Financing Authority issued \$19,910,000 in 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AN, to refinance certain obligations of the City in connection with the Authority's 1995 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series P (now retired) and finance certain public improvements of the City.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each October 1 and April 1. The rates of interest range from 3.00% to 4.375% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$45,000 to \$1,460,000. The bonds are secured by certain revenues consisting of certain Lease Payments with respect to the leased property by the City.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AN outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal		Interest		Total	
2016-2017	\$	625,000	\$ 893,723	\$	1,518,723	
2017-2018		650,000	869,173		1,519,173	
2018-2019		675,000	842,998		1,517,998	
2019-2020		700,000	815,060		1,515,060	
2020-2021		730,000	785,110		1,515,110	
2021-2026		4,150,000	3,439,676		7,589,676	
2026-2031		5,190,000	2,332,750		7,522,750	
2031-2036		6,635,000	861,875		7,496,875	
Total	\$	19,355,000	\$ 10,840,365	\$	30,195,365	

2005 Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AP - Original Issuance \$4,385,000

On May 1, 2005, the Public Financing Authority issued \$4,385,000 in 2005 Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AP, to refinance certain obligations of the City in connection with the Authority's 1995 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series P (now retired) and finance certain public improvements of the City.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each October 1 and April 1. The rates of interest range from 4.120% to 4.300% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$370,000 to \$525,000. The bonds are secured by certain revenues consisting of certain Lease Payments with respect to the leased property by the City.

At June 30, 2016, these bonds were paid in full.

2006 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AU – Original Issuance \$2,540,000

On December 6, 2006, the Public Financing Authority issued \$2,540,000 in 2006 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AU to finance certain public improvements of the City.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1. The rates of interest range from 3.250% to 4.375% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$25,000 to \$310,000. The bonds are secured by certain revenues consisting of certain Lease Payments with respect to the leased property by the City.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2006 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AU outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal		 Interest	Total		
2016-2017	\$	30,000	\$ 97,055	\$ 127,055		
2017-2018		35,000	95,975	130,975		
2018-2019		35,000	94,680	129,680		
2019-2020		35,000	93,350	128,350		
2020-2021		40,000	91,985	131,985		
2021-2026		220,000	434,379	654,379		
2026-2031		270,000	385,081	655,081		
2031-2036		415,000	315,806	730,806		
2036-2041		520,000	217,875	737,875		
2041-2045		675,000	86,406	761,406		
Total	\$	2,275,000	\$ 1,912,593	\$ 4,187,593		

2006 Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AV – Original Issuance \$10,790,000

On December 6, 2006, the Public Financing Authority issued \$10,790,000 in 2006 Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AV, to refinance certain obligations of the City in connection with the City's Certificates of Participation, 2002 Series AE (Mission Promenade Project) and finance certain public improvements of the City.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1. The rates of interest range from 5.00% to 5.70% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$95,000 to \$665,000. The bonds are secured by certain revenues consisting of certain Lease Payments with respect to the leased property by the City.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2006 Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AV outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal Int		Interest		Total
2016-2017	\$ 145,000	\$	558,170	\$	703,170
2017-2018	150,000		550,920		700,920
2018-2019	160,000		542,520		702,520
2019-2020	170,000		533,560		703,560
2020-2021	175,000		524,040		699,040
2021-2026	1,050,000		2,460,320		3,510,320
2026-2031	1,375,000	5,000 2,131,600			3,506,600
2031-2036	1,810,000		1,698,560		3,508,560
2036-2041	2,385,000		1,121,190		3,506,190
2041-2045	2,450,000		359,100		2,809,100
Total	\$ 9,870,000	\$	10,479,980	\$	20,349,980

The following is a summary of unamortized deferred loss on refunding outstanding at June 30, 2016:

	Balance						Balance
July 1, 2015 Additi		tions	D	eletions	Jur	ne 30, 2016	
\$	(126,560)	\$	-	\$	(7,031)	\$	(119,529)

Amortization expense was \$7,031 for June 30, 2016.

Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds

	Balance	Accreted		Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2015	Interest	Deletions	June 30, 2016	One Year
2006 Pension Obligation					
Bonds, Series AR	\$ 44,333,953	\$ 433,200	\$ 615,000	\$ 44,152,153	\$ 715,000

The City is a member of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), a public employees' defined benefits retirement program. In 2004, the City issued \$32,300,000 and \$5,700,000 in Pension Obligation Bonds, in order to fund the City's unamortized, unfunded actuarial accrued liability and fund the current year general fund contribution with PERS (see Note 11 for more information on the PERS pension plan). In 2006, the City issued \$42,280,684 in Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series AR to refinance the City's outstanding Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 AJ and Series 2004 AK. The refunding achieved net present value savings of \$868,932, or 2.3% of refunded par and changed the debt structure from variable rate to fixed rate.

2006 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series AR - Original Issuance \$42,280,684

On February 1, 2006, the City issued \$42,280,684 Pension Obligations Refunding Bonds, Series 2006 AR (Bonds) to refinance the City's outstanding Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 AJ and its Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 AK, to capitalize certain interest on the Bonds and to pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. The Bonds were issued as current interest bonds in the principal amount of \$36,205,000 and as capital appreciation bonds in the original issuance amount of \$6,075,684.

Interest on the current interest bonds is payable semiannually on each January 1 and July 1. The rates of interest vary and range from 5.24% to 5.832% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$71,302 to \$5,140,000. The capital appreciation bonds are payable only at maturity and will not bear interest on a current basis. The accreted value of each capital appreciation bond is equal to its accreted value upon the maturity thereof, being comprised of its initial purchase price and the accreted interest between the delivery date and its respective maturity date. The obligation of the City to make payments with respect to the Bonds is an absolute and unconditional obligation of the City imposed upon the City by the Retirement Law and is not limited to any special source of funds. The City's obligation for the Bonds is any money available in the City's General Fund. The Bonds are not secured or limited as to payment by any special source of funds of the City. The current interest bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. The capital appreciation bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

The annual debt service requirement outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

			Accreted	
	Principal	Interest	Interest	Total
2016-2017	\$ 715,000	\$ 2,089,629	\$ -	\$ 2,804,629
2017-2018	812,552	2,068,759	22,449	2,903,760
2018-2019	913,230	2,044,731	51,770	3,009,731
2019-2020	1,013,725	2,017,271	86,276	3,117,272
2020-2021	1,113,533	1,985,967	126,467	3,225,967
2021-2026	7,161,363	9,293,201	1,458,636	17,913,200
2026-2031	10,972,750	7,701,302	2,532,250	21,206,302
2031-2036	21,450,000	336,522		21,786,522
Total	\$ 44,152,153	\$ 27,537,382	\$ 4,277,848	\$ 75,967,383

Certificates of Participation

	Balance July 1, 2015		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2016		Due Within One Year	
2003 Certificate of Participation, Series AG Unamortized Bond Premium	\$	10,785,000 551,191	\$	- -	\$	335,000 30,622	\$	10,450,000 520,569	\$	355,000
Total	\$	11,336,191	\$		\$	365,622	\$	10,970,569	\$	355,000

2003 Certificates of Participation, Series AG – Original Issuance \$13,985,000

On July 1, 2003, the City issued \$13,985,000 Certificates of Participation, 2003 Series AG, to provide funds to finance certain public improvements, including street improvements throughout the City. Principal payments are made once a year on June 1. The bonds are set to mature on June 1, 2034. The Authority realized an original premium of approximately \$918,655 and incurred cost of issuance of approximately \$725,000.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1. The rates of interest range from 2.800% to 10.000% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$210,000 to \$880,000.

The annual debt service requirement outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal		Interest		Total		
2016-2017	\$	355,000	\$ 574,750	\$	929,750		
2017-2018		375,000	555,225		930,225		
2018-2019		395,000	534,600		929,600		
2019-2020		415,000	512,875		927,875		
2020-2021	440,000		490,050		930,050		
2021-2026	2,585,000		2,060,575		4,645,575		
2026-2031		3,380,000	1,266,375		4,646,375		
2031-2034		2,505,000	 280,500		2,785,500		
Total	\$	10,450,000	\$ 6,274,950	\$	16,724,950		

The following is a summary of the 2003 Certificate of Participation, Series AG unamortized premium outstanding at June 30, 2016:

E	Balance					Balance	
July 1, 2015		Addi	tions	Deletions	June 30, 2016		
•	551.191	¢		\$ 30.622	•	520.569	
Ф	551,191	Ф		\$ 30,622	Ф	520,569	

Note 10: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Compensated Absences

The following is a summary of compensated absences outstanding as of June 30, 2016:

Balance July 1, 201	5 Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
\$ 7,118,22	26 \$ 4,945,134	\$ 4,810,546	\$ 7,252,814	\$ 4,946,000

For the governmental activities, the majority of the liability will be paid by the General Fund.

Claims Payable

The following is a summary of the claims payable outstanding as of June 30, 2016:

Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
\$ 12,101,548	\$ 5,581,864	\$ 3,626,197	\$ 14,057,215	\$ 5,549,895

Claims payable will be liquidated from the Self-Insurance Fund.

Business-Type Activities

Obligations under Capital Leases

	Balance	A 1.420	Datago	Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016	One Year
HCC #1	\$ 3,004,393	\$ -	\$ 573,408	\$ 2,430,985	\$ 586,826

The City has entered into numerous equipment lease-purchase agreements with a leasing company whereby the lessor acquired certain equipment and leased it to the City with an option to purchase. The related assets have been capitalized in the capital assets account.

The total leased assets by major asset class consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2016
Equipment	\$ 4,257,381
Equipment under capitalized lease, at cost	4,257,381
Accumulated depreciation	(1,277,214)
Equipment under capitalized lease, net	\$ 2,980,167

The depreciation expense for equipment under capitalized leases was \$425,738 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Note 10: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The annual debt service requirement outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal		nterest	Total		
2016-2017	\$	586,825	\$ 56,885	\$	643,710	
2017-2018		600,557	43,153		643,710	
2018-2019		614,610	29,100		643,710	
2019-2020		628,993	14,719		643,712	
Total	\$	2,430,985	\$ 143,857	\$	2,574,842	

Revenue Bonds

	Balance July 1, 2015		Additions Deletions			Balance June 30, 2016		Due Within One Year		
2002 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AF	\$	12,545,000	\$	-	\$	225,000	\$	12,320,000	\$	240,000
2007 Revenue Bonds, Series AY		94,580,000		-		1,075,000		93,505,000		1,130,000
Unamortized Bond Premium		4,686,644		-		148,783		4,537,861		-
2007 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series AZ		5,560,000		-		275,000		5,285,000		285,000
2007 Revenue Bonds, Series BA		14,715,000				175,000		14,540,000		175,000
Total	\$	132,086,644	\$		\$	1,898,783	\$	130,187,861	\$	1,830,000
Unamortized Deferred Loss on Refunding										
2002 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AF	\$	(552,855)	\$	-	\$	(58,195)	\$	(494,660)		
2007 Revenue Bonds, Series AY		(1,101,665)				(78,691)	_	(1,022,974)		
Total	\$	(1,654,520)	\$		\$	(136,886)	\$	(1,517,634)		

2002 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AF - Original Issuance \$15,205,000

On October 1, 2002, the Public Financing Authority issued \$15,205,000 in 2002 Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AF, for the purpose of making an advance to the City's Sewer Fund for refunding the 1996 Revenue Bonds, Series Q, as well as provide funds to refinance certain sewer obligations of the City of Pomona and to finance certain improvements to the City's sewer enterprise project.

Interest is payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Interest rates range from 2.0% to 4.2% on serial bonds of \$3,900,000. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$165,000 to \$790,000 through December 2043. Term bonds of \$1,210,000, \$1,075,000, \$2,620,000, \$2,815,000 and \$3,585,000 mature on December 1, 2023, 2026, 2032, 2037, and December 1, 2042, respectively.

The annual debt service requirement outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal		Interest	Total
2016-2017	\$ 240,000	\$	577,175	\$ 817,175
2017-2018	245,000		567,625	812,625
2018-2019	260,000		557,395	817,395
2019-2020	270,000		546,395	816,395
2020-2021	280,000		534,425	814,425
2021-2026	1,630,000		2,464,450	4,094,450
2026-2031	2,045,000		2,051,688	4,096,688
2031-2036	2,555,000		1,525,325	4,080,325
2036-2041	3,255,000	807,375		4,062,375
2041-2043	 1,540,000		78,000	1,618,000
Total	\$ 12,320,000	\$	9,709,853	\$ 22,029,853

This advance refunding has increased the aggregate debt service payments that were required for the Refunded Bonds by approximately \$1,588,000 and provided an economic loss (difference between the present value of the new and old debt service payments) of approximately \$1,500,000.

The following is a summary of unamortized deferred loss on refunding outstanding at June 30, 2016:

Balance					Balance
July 1, 2015 Additions		Deletions	s June 30, 20		
\$ (552,8	\$55) \$	_	\$ (58,195)	\$	(494,660)

Amortization expense was \$58,195 for June 30, 2016.

2007 Revenue Bonds, Series AY – Original Issuance \$99,370,000

On January 1, 2007, the Public Financing Authority issued \$99,370,000 in 2007 Revenue Bonds, Series AY, to provide funds to partially refund the Authority's 1999 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AA and the 1999 Revenue Bonds, Series AC, and to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements to the Water Enterprise of the City.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each November 1 and May 1. The rates of interest range from 4.00% to 5.00% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$885,000 to \$6,040,000. The bonds are secured by an Installment Sale Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2007 between the City and the Authority. The Installment Payments are a special limited obligation of the City, payable from and secured by a pledge of and first lien on all Net Revenues, subject to the parity lien, if any, of any additional obligations as provided for in the Installment Sale Agreement, in the Utility Fund of the City in trust under the Installment Sale Agreement.

The annual debt service requirement outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal	Interest		Total
2016-2017	\$ 1,130,000	\$	4,625,450	\$ 5,755,450
2017-2018	1,175,000		4,580,250	5,755,250
2018-2019	1,235,000		4,521,500	5,756,500
2019-2020	1,280,000		4,472,100	5,752,100
2020-2021	1,335,000		4,420,900	5,755,900
2021-2026	7,665,000		21,108,000	28,773,000
2026-2031	10,980,000		18,961,500	29,941,500
2031-2036	16,055,000		15,649,000	31,704,000
2036-2041	20,475,000		11,215,000	31,690,000
2041-2046	26,135,000		5,557,750	31,692,750
2046-2048	6,040,000		302,000	6,342,000
Total	\$ 93,505,000	\$	95,413,450	\$ 188,918,450

The following is a summary of the 2007 Revenue Bonds, Series AY unamortized premium outstanding at June 30, 2016:

Balance					Balance	
July 1, 2015	Additions		Deletions	J	June 30, 2016	
\$ 4,686,644	\$	_	\$ 148,783	-	4,537,861	

Amortization expense was \$148,783 for June 30, 2016.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price (Series AY & AZ) and the net carrying amount of the bonds (Series AA & AC) of \$1,809,884. This difference is considered to be a deferred loss on refunding. The deferred loss on refunding, reported in the basic financial statements as a deduction from long-term debt, is amortized on a straight-line method over 23 years. The following is a summary of unamortized deferred loss on refunding outstanding at June 30, 2016:

Balance		Balance		
July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016	
\$ (1,101,665)	\$ -	\$ (78,691)	\$ (1,022,974)	

Amortization expense was \$78,691 for June 30, 2016.

2007 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series AZ – Original Issuance \$6,930,000

On January 1, 2007, the Public Financing Authority issued \$6,930,000 in 2007 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series AZ, to provide funds to partially refund the Authority's 1999 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AA (now retired) and 1999 Revenue Bonds, Series AC (now retired), and to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements to the Water Enterprise of the City.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each November 1 and May 1. The rates of interest range from 5.267% to 5.650% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$200,000 to \$555,000. The bonds are secured by an Installment Sale Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2007 between the City and the Authority. The Installment Payments are a special limited obligation of the City, payable from and secured by a pledge of and first lien on all Net Revenues, subject to the parity lien, if any, of any additional obligations as provided for in the Installment Sale Agreement, in the Water Enterprise Fund of the City in trust under the Installment Sale Agreement.

The annual debt service requirement outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal	Interest		 Total	
2016-2017	\$ 285,000	\$	297,511	\$ 582,511	
2017-2018	300,000		282,500	582,500	
2018-2019	320,000		265,550	585,550	
2019-2020	340,000		247,470	587,470	
2020-2021	355,000		228,260	583,260	
2021-2026	2,110,000		815,860	2,925,860	
2026-2030	1,575,000		181,365	1,756,365	
Total	\$ 5,285,000	\$	2,318,516	\$ 7,603,516	

2007 Revenue Bonds, Series BA – Original Issuance \$15,575,000

On January 1, 2007, the Public Financing Authority issued \$15,575,000 in 2007 Revenue Bonds, Series BA, to provide funds to finance certain improvements to the City's Sewer Enterprise. Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1. The rates of interest range from 3.625% to 5.000% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$110,000 to \$1,595,000. The bonds are secured by an Installment Sale Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2007 between the City and the Authority. The Installment Payments are a special limited obligation of the City, payable from and secured by a pledge of and first lien on all Net Revenues, subject to the parity lien securing the Authority's 2002 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AF, and of any additional obligations as provided for in the Installment Sale Agreement, in the Sewer Enterprise Fund held by the City in trust under the Installment Sale Agreement.

The annual debt service requirement outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal	Interest		 Total
2016-2017	\$ 175,000	\$	642,148	\$ 817,148
2017-2018	185,000		635,296	820,296
2018-2019	190,000		628,483	818,483
2019-2020	195,000		621,260	816,260
2020-2021	205,000		613,603	818,603
2021-2026	1,140,000		2,938,680	4,078,680
2026-2031	1,410,000		2,677,523	4,087,523
2031-2036	1,780,000		2,330,100	4,110,100
2036-2041	2,240,000		1,890,844	4,130,844
2041-2046	5,425,000		1,211,738	6,636,738
2046-2048	1,595,000		88,931	1,683,931
Total	\$ 14,540,000	\$	14,278,606	\$ 28,818,606

Compensated Absences

In the enterprise funds, the liability for vested and unpaid compensated absences (accrued vacation, sick pay, executive leave, and comp time) is reported in the fund as the benefits are earned and vest. The compensated absences accrued in the enterprise funds amounted to \$1,302,208 at June 30, 2016.

Balance			Balance	Due Within	
July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016	One Year	
\$ 1,302,207	\$ 1,052,183	\$ 950,780	\$ 1,403,610	\$ 1,054,000	

For the business-type activities, the liabilities will be paid in future years from the propriety funds.

Note 10: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Pledged Revenue

The City has pledged certain tax revenue to the repayment of its Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund bonds through final maturity on May 1, 2047, or earlier. These bonds were issued to refinance Series Q, Series AA/AC and finance certain public improvements of the City. All net available revenues are irrevocably pledged by the City to the repayment of the bond's debt services. In 2016, the Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds have net available revenues of \$10,319,759 and total debt service paid was \$7,976,918. The bonds required 77% of net revenue. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require roughly 92% of future net revenue. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid at June 30, 2016, on the Bonds is as follows:

Debt Issue	Rei	maining Balance		
2002 Series AF Bonds	\$	22,029,853		
2007 Series AY Bonds		188,918,450		
2007 Series AZ Bonds	7,603,516			
2007 Series BA Bonds	28,818,606			
Total	\$	247,370,425		
		2015-2016		
Revenue	Revenue			
Net available revenues;				
excluding debt service		\$ 10,319,759		

Outstanding Principal on Capital-Related Debt

The City has acquired capital assets through the issuance of bonds and capital lease obligations. Following is the outstanding balance at June 30, 2016, of capital assets related debt.

Governmental Activities:

		anding Principal Capital Related Debt
2003 Certificates of Participation, Series AG		\$ 10,897,438
2005 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AN		19,204,510
2006 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AU		2,084,282
2006 Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AV		4,292,694
Capital Lease Obligations		702,985
	Total	\$ 37,181,909

Note 10: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Business-Type Activities:

	Outstanding Principa on Capital Related Debt		
Water			
2007 Revenue Bonds, Series AY	\$	87,920,704	
2007 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series AZ	•	4,262,025	
Subtotal		92,182,729	
Sewer			
2002 Refunding Revenue Bonds. Series AF		9,843,357	
2007 Revenue Bonds, Series BA		12,661,735	
Subtotal		22,505,092	
Refuse			
Capital Lease Obligation		2,430,985	
Total	\$	117,118,806	

Note 11: Non-City Obligations

The following bond issues are not reflected as City long-term debt because these debts are solely payable from and secured by specific revenue sources described in the official statements of the respective issues. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City, the Successor Agency, the State of California or any political subdivision thereof, is pledged for payment of these bonds. Accordingly, since this debt does not constitute an obligation of the City, it is not reflected as long-term debt in the accompanying basic financial statements. The City is acting only as an agent.

Mortgage Revenue Bonds

Single family and multifamily housing revenue bonds were issued to provide construction and permanent financing to developers of multifamily residential rental projects located in the City to be partially occupied by persons of low and moderate income. These bonds are secured by first trust deeds and private mortgage insurance. The bonds, together with interest thereon, are payable solely from bond proceeds, revenues and other amounts derived solely from home mortgage and developer loans secured by first deeds of trust, irrevocable letters of credit and irrevocable surety bonds. The mortgage revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

		Balance
Mortage Revenue Bonds	Jι	ıne 30, 2016
Single Family, Series 1983 A (Southwest Project Bonds) Single Family Mortgage Refunding Bonds 90A Single Family Mortgage Refunding Bonds 90B	\$	700,000 26,520,000 11,625,000
	\$	38,845,000

Note 12: Defined Benefit Pension Plan Obligations

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and City ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from its Executive Office located at 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Miscellaneous Plan						
	Tier 1 *	Tier 2*	PEPRA			
		On or after				
Hire date	Prior to	August 14, 2011	On or after			
niie date	August 14, 2011	but prior to	January 1, 2013			
		January 1, 2013				
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 60	2.0% @ 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	minimum 50 yrs	minimum 50 yrs	minimum 52 yrs			
Monthly benefits, as a % of	1.426% - 2.418%, 50 yrs - 63+ yrs,	1.092% - 2.418%, 50 yrs - 63+ yrs,	1.000% - 2.500%, 52 yrs - 67+ yrs,			
eligible compensation	respectively	respectively	respectively			
Required employee contribution rates	7.000%	7.000%	6.250%			
Required employer contribution rates	17.053%	17.053%	17.053%			

^{*} Plan is closed to new entrants

Note 12: Defined Benefit Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Safety Plan						
Tier 1 * Tier 2 * PEPRA						
		On or after				
Hire date	Prior to	November 21, 2010	On or after			
Tille date	November 21, 2010	but prior to	January 1, 2013			
		January 1, 2013				
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 50	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	minimum 50 yrs	minimum 50 yrs	minimum 50 yrs			
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.000%, 50+ yrs	2.400% - 3.000%, 50 yrs - 55+ yrs, respectively	2.000% - 2.700%, 50 yrs - 57+ yrs, respectively			
Required employee contribution rates	9.000%	9.000%	12.750%			
Required employer contribution rates	40.523%	40.523%	40.523%			

^{*} Plan is closed to new entrants

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the plan:

	Number of members				
	Miscellaneous				
Description	Plan	Safety Plan			
Active members	356	152			
Transferred members	326	24			
Terminated members	184	17			
Retired members and beneficiaries	852	383			
Total	1,718	576			

Contribution Description

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the employer contributions recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability for all the Miscellaneous Plan and Safety Plan were \$3,803,283 and \$5,171,283 respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2015, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2015 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2014 total pension liability. The June 30, 2014 and the June 30, 2015 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial Assumptions	
Discount Rate	7.65%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation
Mortality Rate Table (1)	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Change of Assumptions

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate was changed from 7.50 percent (net of administrative expense in 2014) to 7.65 percent as of the June 30, 2015 measurement date to correct the adjustment which previously reduced the discount rate for administrative expense.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plan that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plan run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10*	Years 11+**
Global Equity	51.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Debt Securities	19.00%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Assets	6.00%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.00%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.55%	-1.05%

^{*} An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

^{**}An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period.

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension			lan Fiduciary		Net Pension
		Liability		Net Position	Li	ability/(Assets)
Miscellaneous Plan		(a)		(b)		(c)=(a)-(b)
Balance at: 6/30/2014 (Valuation Date) (1)	\$	254,669,734	\$	207,812,443	\$	46,857,291
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:						
Service Cost		3,161,189		-		3,161,189
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		18,495,828		-		18,495,828
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		(3,363,816)		-		(3,363,816)
Changes of Assumptions		(4,427,183)		-		(4,427,183)
Contribution from the Employer		-		3,747,091		(3,747,091)
Contributions from Employees		-		1,766,013		(1,766,013)
Net Investment Income		-		4,578,528		(4,578,528)
Benefit Payments including Refunds of Employee						
Contributions		(13,367,634)		(13,367,634)		-
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		(521)		521
Administrative Expense		-		(235,754)		235,754
Net Changes During 2014-15		498,384		(3,512,277)		4,010,661
Balance at: 6/30/2015 (Measurement Date) (1)	\$	255,168,118	\$	204,300,166	\$	50,867,952

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension		Р	lan Fiduciary	1	Net Pension
		Liability		Net Position		ibility/(Assets)
Safety Plan		(a)		(b)		(c)=(a)-(b)
Balance at: 6/30/2014 (Valuation Date) (1)	\$	324,344,654	\$	245,455,660	\$	78,888,994
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:						
Service Cost		4,785,362		-		4,785,362
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		23,712,742		-		23,712,742
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		(2,090,216)		-		(2,090,216)
Changes of Assumptions		(5,565,887)		-		(5,565,887)
Contribution from the Employer		-		6,367,577		(6,367,577)
Contributions from Employees		-		2,743,727		(2,743,727)
Net Investment Income		-		5,342,317		(5,342,317)
Benefit Payments including Refunds of Employee						
Contributions		(18,221,480)		(18,221,480)		-
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		521		(521)
Administrative Expense		-		(271,705)		271,705
Net Changes During 2014-15		2,620,521		(4,039,043)		6,659,564
Balance at: 6/30/2015 (Measurement Date) (1)	\$	326,965,175	\$	241,416,617	\$	85,548,558

⁽¹⁾ The fiduciary net position includes receivables for employee service buybacks, deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance and OPEB expense. This may differ from the plan assets reported in the funding actuarial valuation report.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate -	Current Discount	Discount Rate +
1%	Rate	1%
(6.65%)	(7.65%)	(8.65%)
\$ 211,290,057	\$ 136,416,510	\$ 74,573,728

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The plan fiduciary net position disclosed in the GASB 68 accounting valuation report may differ from the plan assets reported in the funding actuarial valuation report due to several reasons. First, for the accounting valuations, CalPERS must keep items such as deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance and OPEB expense included as assets. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in the funding actuarial valuation. In addition, differences may result from early Comprehensive Annual Financial Report closing and final reconciled reserves.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of the start of the measurement period (July 1, 2014), the net pension liability was \$125,746,785. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2015 (the measurement date), the City incurred a pension expense/(income) of \$3,996,959 for both the Miscellaneous Plan and Safety Plan.

Note that no adjustments have been made for contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Adequate treatment of any contributions made after the measurement date is the responsibility of the employer.

As of June 30, 2016, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Def	erred Outflows of	De	ferred Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Current year contributions that occurred after the measurement date of June 30, 2015	¢	11 701 272	ď	
Changes of Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual	\$	11,791,373 -	Ф	(5,897,071)
Experiences		-		(3,105,709)
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan				
Investments		19,249,497		(23,622,900)
Total	\$	31,040,870	\$	(32,625,680)

\$11,791,373 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement	Deferred				
Period Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)				
June 30:	of Resources				
2016	\$ (9,506,247)				
2017	(5,620,383)				
2018	(3,061,926)				
2019	4.812.373				

Note 13: Other Post-Employment Benefits

Collateral Benefits Plan

Plan Description

The Collateral Benefits Plan provides a supplemental retirement benefit to City employees upon resigning from the City and concurrently retiring with CalPERS. The supplemental benefit is a monthly benefit of \$100 from the first of the month following retirement from the City until the age of 65 for Tier 1 and Tier 2 employees. Tier 1 employees include Mid-Management and Confidential, Police Officers' Association, City Employees' Association, and Management Group B employees, and are required to have at least 20 years of City service upon retiring after July 1, 1987. Tier 2 employees include Executive Management Group A employees and are required to have at least one year of City service upon retiring after July 1, 1991. Employees hired after July 1, 2011, are not eligible for this plan.

Eligibility

Bargaining Group	City Service
Executive Management Group B, Mid-Management/Confidential	
Employees' Association, City Employees' Association,	
Police Officers' Association	20 Years
Executive Management Group A	1 Year
Police Management	Not Eligible

There are 88 participants receiving collateral benefits at June 30, 2016.

Funding Policy

The City's funding policy is to contribute the annual required contribution. The annual required contribution equals the sum of:

- normal cost, and
- amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 27 (Statement 27) requires that the City determine the plan's annual pension cost based on the most recent actuarial valuation. The annual pension cost equals the plan's annual required contribution, adjusted for historical differences between the annual required contribution and amounts contributed. The actuary has determined the City's annual required contribution equal to the sum of (a) normal cost, and (b) amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Annual Pension Cost

For the year ending June 30, 2016, the City's annual pension cost for the Collateral Benefits Plan of \$102,949 was equal to the actuarial required contribution.

The summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the annual required contribution is shown below:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2012
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization Method	Level Dollar
Average Remaining Period	Closed-12.5 Years as of July 1, 2013
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value on Date of Valuation
Actuarial Assumptions	
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	n/a
Cost of Living Adjustment	None

The following table provides 3 years of historical information of the Annual Pension Cost for the Collateral Benefits Plan:

	Annual		Net Pension	
	Pension	Percentage of	Obligation	
Year Ending	Cost(APC)	APC Contributed	(Asset)	
6/30/2014	\$ 110,032	100%	\$ -	
6/30/2015	110,032	100%	-	
6/30/2016	102,949	100%	-	

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The table below shows an analysis of the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of the annual covered payroll.

Schedule of Funding Progress Collateral Benefits Plan

					matera	ai bellellis Flail			
Ī						Unfunded			
	Actuarial	Actuarial	1	Actuarial		Actuarial			UAAL as a %
	Valuation	Value of	-	Accrued		Accrued	Funded	Covered	of Covered
	Date	Assets		Liability		Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
_	7/1/2009	\$ 179,275	\$	954,779	\$	(775,504)	18.8%	n/a	n/a
	7/1/2012	220,801		976,744		(755,943)	22.6%	n/a	n/a
	7/1/2014	258,073		905,593		(647,520)	28.5%	n/a	n/a

Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Program (PEMHCA) Plan

Plan Description

Employees of the City who retire through CalPERS, their spouses, and eligible dependents, may receive health plan coverage through the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Program (PEMHCA) Plan (Plan). The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan which provides the retirees a monthly medical contribution that is not to exceed the cost of the plan selected, with the maximum contribution limited for individual retirees based on bargaining groups as listed below:

Bargaining Group			
Pomona City Council Members	\$	700	
Pomona Executive Management Group		700	
Pomona Mid-Management/Confidential Employees' Association		700	
Pomona City Employees' Association		700	
Pomona Police Managers' Association		700	
Pomona Police Officers' Association		700	
Firefighters (Pre-Merger with Los Angeles County Fire District)		465	

Police Management retirees with at least 22 years of service as a Police Officer receive up to 90% contribution towards the most expensive 2-party CalPERS plan premium. This benefit terminates once the retiree is eligible for Medicare (age 65). This provision has been eliminated for employees hired or promoted to the unit after July 1, 2011.

Eligibility

There are 488 employees eligible to receive or are receiving post-employment benefits at June 30, 2016.

Funding Policy

The required contribution of the City is based on a pay-as-you-go financing requirement. For fiscal year 2016, the City contributed \$3,393,250 to the retiree health plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the Annual Required Contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excesses) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB Obligation to the Plan:

	Total
Annual required contribution	\$ 6,736,902
Interest on net OPEB obligation	792,089
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(1,014,032)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	6,514,959
Contributions made	3,393,250
Increase in net OPEB obligation	3,121,709
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	19,802,228
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 22,923,937

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Annual Contribution	% of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/2014	\$ 5,252,076	\$ 3,107,605	59.2%	\$ 17,668,252
6/30/2015	5,479,146	3,345,170	61.1%	19,802,228
6/30/2016	6,514,959	3,393,250	52.1%	22,923,937

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) for benefits was \$88,492,843 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0 resulting in an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) of \$88,492,843. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$39,293,795 and the ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 225.2%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The table below shows an analysis of the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of the annual covered payroll.

Schedule of Funding Progress
Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Program Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Val As	uarial ue of sets VA)	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability	Ac	Unfunded Actuarial crued Liability	Funded Ratio	An	nual Covered Payroll	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll
1/1/2012	\$	-	\$ 77,168,916	\$	(77,168,916)	0.0%	\$	36,101,000	213.8%
1/1/2014		-	76,618,515		(76,618,515)	0.0%		40,318,000	190.0%
1/1/2016		-	88,492,843		(88,492,843)	0.0%		39,293,795	225.2%

Actuarial valuation is performed every two years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2016, actuarial valuation, the entry age normal (EAN) cost method was used. The EAN normal cost equals the level annual amount of contribution from the employee's date of hire (entry date) to their retirement date that is sufficient to fund the projected benefit. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.0% investment rate of return which is based on the expected return on funds invested by CalPERS, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.0% and 5.0% for PPO and HMO respectively and reduced to an ultimate rate of 5.0% thereafter. The actuarial assumption for inflation was 2.75%. As of the valuation date, there are no eligible plan assets. The UAAL is being amortized over an initial 30 years using the level percentage-of-pay method on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016, was 22 years. As of the actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2016, the City had 508 active eligible participants and 693 eligible retired participants and beneficiaries.

Note 14: Joint Powers Agreements

Alameda Corridor-East Construction Authority

The City approved and adopted a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement in November 2012. The Alameda Corridor East Construction Authority (ACE) is a single purpose construction authority created by the San Gabriel Council of Governments in 1998 to mitigate the impacts of significant increases in rail traffic over 70 miles of mainline railroad in the San Gabriel Valley. The ACE Project consists of multiple construction projects to improve safety at various rail crossings as well as at various grade separations in the San Gabriel Valley.

CSAC - Excess Insurance Authority

The City became a member of CSAC Excess Insurance Authority (Authority) in July 2008. The Authority is a risk sharing pool of California public agencies dedicated to controlling losses and providing effective risk management solutions. Membership is currently comprised of various member counties and various public entity organizations. The governing board consists of one representative from each member county and seven members elected by the public entity membership.

Foothill Air Support Team

The City joined the Foothill Air Support Team (FAST) in January 2011. FAST was developed in 1999 creating a joint helicopter patrol operation that could enhance member agencies ability to deter criminal activity and apprehend offenders. The governing board consists of one representative from each of the seven member agencies.

Foothill Transit

The City is a member of the Foothill Transit Joint Powers Agreement. The JPA is comprised of 20 cities and the County of Los Angeles. The purpose of the authority is to provide a more efficient and cost effective local transportation service for the area. Each member city has one representative and three members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors.

Below are the most currently available condensed audited financial statements of the JPA as of June 30, 2016. Separate financial statements of Foothill Transit are available from its offices located in West Covina, California.

	Total
Assets	\$ 323,376,245
Liabilities	85,238,408
Net Position	\$ 238,137,837
Revenues	\$ 18,531,384
Expenses	101,711,307
Operating income	(83,179,923)
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)	 62,643,667
Net income	 (20,536,256)
Capital contributions	27,386,888
Net Position - July 1, 2015	231,287,205
Net Position - June 30, 2016	\$ 238,137,837

Gold Line Phase II Construction Authority

The City participates in the Gold Line Phase II Construction Authority (GLCA) joint venture, which became effective September 3, 2003. The GLCA oversees the planning, funding, designing and construction contracts for the completion of the Los Angeles-Pasadena Metro Blue Line light rail project. The GLCA's governing Board is comprised of an appointed representative from each of the affected cities and agencies, including the cities of Azusa, Claremont, Duarte, Glendora, Arcadia, La Verne, Ontario, Montclair, Irwindale, Pomona, San Dimas, Monrovia, Pasadena, and South Pasadena, and the San Bernardino Associated Governments (SANBAG). Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Agency (LACMTA) will have the responsibility to operate and maintain the rail after its completion. Member agencies will be paid for attending meetings, not to exceed \$1,800 per year, per member agency, plus direct expenses. Member agencies are not allowed to withdraw from the GLCA and each member agency is required to pay \$31,445 in initial dues (first payments were due October 1, 2003) and each member will be held liable for its share of operating costs.

The City paid the joint venture \$0 during the year ended June 30, 2016. Assets are divided based on the proportionate equity share at the time the joint venture dissolves, which is currently not significant to the City.

Interagency Communications Interoperability System

The City participates in the Interagency Communications Interoperability System (ICIS) joint powers authority which became effective September 2003. The intent of ICIS is to provide public safety agencies with a formalized governance structure through which the participants may share resources to construct and manage a system for wide-area communications interoperability. The governing board is comprised of one member from each of the seven member agencies. The City paid \$46,000 in annual dues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

Los Angeles County Disaster Management Area D

The City has participated in the Disaster Management Area D joint powers agreement (JPA) since 1958. The JPA is intended to promote the coordination of disaster management, training and preparedness of the Area D member cities under the direction of the Disaster Management Area Board. The governing board includes one representative from each of the 23 member cities. Annual dues at the rate of \$0.05 per capita are paid and totaled \$7,498 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

Los Angeles Interagency Metropolitan Police Apprehensive Crime Task Force

The City joined the Los Angeles Interagency Metropolitan Police Apprehensive Crime Task Force (LA Impact) in March 2011. It is a compilation of numerous federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies in Los Angeles County, whose primary purpose is to investigate major crimes, with an emphasis on dismantling mid-to-major level drug trafficking organizations. Since its inception, LA Impact has grown to 80 Officers from 35 different Los Angeles County law enforcement agencies. The City is solely responsible for the salary and benefits of one (1) Police Sergeant position, currently assigned to this program, which is fully funded within the Police Department's General Fund budget.

Pomona Valley Transportation Authority

The City is a member of the Pomona Valley Transportation Authority (PVTA). The PVTA is comprised of four cities and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the PVTA is to study, implement and provide for public transportation that will best serve transit-dependent persons, including handicapped and senior adults residing in the Pomona Valley.

Each member city has two representatives on the Board of Directors. Officers of the PVTA are elected annually by the Board of Directors.

The City does not have an equity interest in the PVTA. However, the City does have an ongoing financial interest. Because the City also has an ongoing financial responsibility for continued funding of the PVTA, the City is able to influence operations. As a result, the PVTA uses its resources on behalf of the City.

Following are the most currently available condensed audited financial statements of the PVTA as of June 30, 2016. Separate financial statements of the PVTA are available from its offices located in La Verne, California.

	Total
Assets	\$ 3,203,422
Liabilities Contributed capital Retained earnings	\$ 1,753,828 280,499 1,169,095
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 3,203,422
Operating revenues	\$ 298,577
Operating expenses	4,347,374
Operating (income)	(4,048,797)
Non-operating revenue	4,150,873
Net income	102,076
Retained earnings - July 1, 2015	1,067,019
Retained earnings - June 30, 2016	\$ 1,169,095

Pomona-Walnut-Rowland (PWR) Joint Water Line Commission

The City participates in the Pomona-Walnut-Rowland (PWR) Joint Water Line Commission (Commission) joint venture, which provides for the acquisition, construction, maintenance, repair and operation of a water transmission pipeline for the benefit of member agencies. The Pomona-Walnut-Rowland Joint Water Line Commission's governing board is comprised of an appointed representative from each of three member agencies – the City, Walnut Valley Water District, and Rowland Water District.

The cost of providing water to the member agencies is financed through user charges. The Commission purchases water for resale to the member agencies at a price sufficient to provide reserve funds for emergencies. In addition, the member agencies are billed for the costs of maintenance and operation of the pipeline. The City paid the joint venture \$3,550,577 during the year ended June 30, 2016, which is comprised of \$3,244,020 for

water use and \$306,557 for capacity charges and other charges. Assets are divided based on the proportionate equity share at the time the joint venture dissolves. The City's share in the equity of the Commission at June 30, 2016, was \$686,767.

As of June 30, 2016, the three participants had the following approximate ownership equity interest:

Member	Percentages	 Agreement Balance
City of Pomona	28%	\$ 686,767
Walnut Valley Water District	43%	1,054,676
Rowland Water District	28%	686,767
Unallocated	1%	 24,527
Total	100%	\$ 2,452,737

The Commission's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, reflect the implementation of GASB 34 and include the following:

Total Assets	\$ 5,473,079
Total Liabilities	3,020,343
Net Position	\$ 2,452,736

The Commission does not recognize income or loss. Net operating expenditures in excess of users' assessments are treated as accounts receivable on the Commission's books and charged to each user's account in the following year. Conversely, user's assessments in excess of net operating expenditures are treated as a liability and credited against each user's account, also in the following year. Under this basis, operating expenses for the Commission totaled \$16,415,037 compared to total operating revenues of \$16,418,204 in fiscal year 2016. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Pomona-Walnut-Rowland Joint Water Line Commission, P.O. Box 8460, Rowland Heights, CA 91748.

San Gabriel Valley Council of Governments

The City is a member of the San Gabriel Valley Council of Governments (Council) which became effective March 1994. The Council provides member agencies a vehicle to voluntarily engage in regional and cooperative planning and coordination of government services and responsibilities to assist member agencies in the conduct of their affairs. The goal and intent of the Council is one of voluntary cooperation among members for the collective benefit of cities and unincorporated areas in the San Gabriel Valley. The governing board is comprised of one member from each of 31 member cities and the San Gabriel Valley Water Districts, except the County of Los Angeles. The County has three members who represent the unincorporated communities of Supervisor Districts 1, 4, and 5. All member agencies pay dues. The City paid \$31,200 in annual dues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

Tri-City Mental Health Center

The City is a member of the Tri City Mental Health Center (Center). The Center is a jointly governed organization comprised of three cities and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the Center is to develop mental health services and facilities to serve persons residing in the three member cities. The City's contribution to the Center was \$43,675 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

The Board of Directors is comprised of seven members, two councilmembers from Pomona, one councilmember each from the cities of Claremont and La Verne, and one non-elected member from each of the three cities.

Below are the most currently available condensed audited financial statements of the Center as of June 30, 2016. Separate financial statements of the Center are available from its offices located in Pomona, California.

	Total
Assets	\$ 34,483,936
Deferred outflows of resources	1,251,844
Liabilities	14,166,881
Deferred inflows of resources	7,470,262
Net Position	\$ 14,098,637
Revenues	\$ 6,274,947
Expenses	15,862,691
Operating income	(9,587,744)
Non-operating revenue (expenses)	13,489,224
Net income	3,901,480
Special items	636,581
Net Position - July 1, 2015 (as restated)	9,560,576
Net Position - June 30, 2016	\$ 14,098,637

Note 15: Risk Management

The Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund is part of the City's self-insurance program for general liability, workers compensation, and unemployment insurance. The City is a member of the California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA). Through CSAC-EIA, the City has a program limit of \$25 million dollars with a self-insured retention of \$1 million for its excess liability program and its worker's compensation program. Additionally, the City purchases catastrophic excess liability coverage that provides an additional \$25 million in coverage.

CSAC-EIA is a governmental joint powers authority created by certain California counties and cities to provide a pooled approach to the members' liability and excess workers' compensation coverage as allowed under the California Government Code. The authority manages various types of pooled coverage programs for participating members.

As of June 30, 2016, estimated claims payable amounted to \$14,057,215.

Note 15: Risk Management (Continued)

The estimated claims payable reported at June 30, 2016, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

The following is a summary of changes in claims liabilities over the past three fiscal years:

		Claims Payable									
		Balance		Estimates	F	Payments		Ending Balance			
2013-2014	\$	19,031,566	\$	2,024,844	\$	4,876,966	\$	16,179,444			
2014-2015		16,179,444		2,029,341		6,107,237		12,101,548			
2015-2016		12,101,548		5,581,864		3,626,197		14,057,215			

Note 16: Commitments and Contingencies

Agency Participation Agreement

On April 5, 2004, the City entered into a reclaimed water agreement with the Los Angeles County Sanitation District (LACSD). The agreement is for 20 years, beginning on July 1, 2003, and requires the City to sell its interest in the Northside Recycled Water Line, a 20" non-reinforced concrete gravity reclaimed water pipeline to the LACSD for \$441,730. Additionally, the contract provides the City with up to 2/3 of the supply of water from the plant which can then be sold by the City to other customers. The City receives discounted rates on water during the first 12 years of the agreement.

Contractual Commitments

The following schedule summarizes the major capital project contractual commitments of the City as of June 30, 2016:

		Remaining				
Vendor	<u>C</u>	Commitments				
Gentry Brothers	\$	11,314,352				
Troy Acoustics		1,893,792				
AMB Electric		565,134				
Ferreira Construction Co.		509,122				
General Pump Co.		368,955				
Wildan Associates		188,259				
Stantec Consulting Services		186,287				
RKA		181,551				
Albert A. Webb Associates		125,699				
Leighton Consulting Inc.		125,384				
Dudek & Associates		124,065				
VA Consulting		120,366				
Gonzales Goodale Architects		116,000				
Civil Source, Inc.		115,077				
Fehr & Peers Kaku Associates		112,714				
E2 Managet		105,527				
All Other Commitment		435,545				
7	Total \$	16,587,829				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

Note 16: Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Lawsuits

The City is a defendant in certain other legal actions arising in the normal course of operations. As of June 30, 2016, in the opinion of City management, there were no additional outstanding matters that would have a significant effect on the financial position of the funds of the City.

Note 17: Net Position and Fund Balance

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The following is a calculation of net the investment in capital assets at June 30, 2016:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less: Outstanding principal on	\$ 265,818,551	\$ 159,154,796	\$ 424,973,347
capital related debt	(41,347,328)	(116,166,027)	(157,513,355)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 224,471,223	\$ 42,988,769	\$ 267,459,992

Unrestricted Net Position

The unrestricted net position for governmental activities has a deficit balance of \$227,001,243 at June 30, 2016.

Fund Financial Statements

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The following is a calculation of net investment in capital assets, for the Proprietary Funds at June 30, 2016:

		Enterprise					
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Canon Water	Total	Internal Service Funds	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 126,553,661	\$ 28,936,556	\$ 3,641,206	\$ 23,373	\$ 159,154,796	\$ 359,228	
Less: outstanding principal on capital related debt	(91,954,840)	(21,780,202)	(2,430,985)		(116,166,027)		
	\$ 34,598,821	\$ 7,156,354	\$ 1,210,221	\$ 23,373	\$ 42,988,769	\$ 359,228	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

Note 17: Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

Net Position and Fund Balances Restatement

Beginning net position and fund balances have been restated as follows:

Governmental Funds

Capital Outlay

To correct prior period capital outlay expenditures \$ 748,279

Enterprise Funds

Sewer Fund

To correct prior period capital outlay expenditures \$ (748,279)

Note 18: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency

On June 28, 2011, Governor Jerry Brown signed into law two bills that amended California Community Redevelopment Law in order to address the state's ongoing budget deficit. ABx1 26 ("the Bill") dissolved all California redevelopment agencies (RDAs) effective October 1, 2011. This legislation prevented RDAs from engaging in new activities and outlined a process for winding down the RDA's financial affairs. It also set forth a process for distributing funds from the former RDAs to other local taxing entities. A companion bill, ABx1 27, was also passed, which allowed individual RDAs to avoid dissolution if they agreed to make substantial annual payments into a Special District Allocation Fund and Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund.

In response, the California Redevelopment Association, the League of California Cities and other parties filed petitions with the California Supreme Court challenging the constitutionality of both ABx1 26 and ABx1 27. On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld the constitutionality of ABX1 26, while striking down ABx1 27 as unconstitutional. The ruling in California Redevelopment Association v. Matosantos also extended some of the deadlines stipulated in ABx1 26 due to delays caused by the litigation. As a result, approximately 400 RDAs were dissolved on February 1, 2012, with the assets and liabilities transferred to Successor Agencies and Successor Housing Agencies pursuant to ABx1 26. The California State Legislature made additional changes to the dissolution process when Governor Jerry Brown signed AB 1484 into law on June 27, 2012. This legislation made a variety of substantive amendments to the original Dissolution Act. These actions impacted the reporting entity of the City of Pomona that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the City or another unit of local government would agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until the assets were distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 9, 2012, the City Council adopted resolution number 2012-8 electing to assume the responsibility of Successor Agency for the former Pomona Redevelopment Agency.

After enactment of the law, redevelopment agencies in the State of California could not enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of an established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution.

Subsequent to the dissolution, Successor Agencies are only allocated revenue up to the amount necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligation of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directed the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between Redevelopment Agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers was not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller was required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill. The State completed its required audit and provided the Successor Agency its report on November 26, 2014.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the Successor Agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

Cash and Investments

The following is a summary of cash and investments of the Successor Agency at June 30, 2016:

Cash and investments		\$ 20,092,586
Restricted cash		52,473,582
	Total	\$ 72,566,168

The Successor Agency's cash and investments are pooled with the City's cash and investment in order to generate optimum interest income. The share of the pooled cash account is separately accounted for, and investment income is allocated to all participating funds based on the relationship of average quarterly cash balances to the total of the pooled cash and investments. Information regarding the authorized types of deposits and investments, the type of risks (i.e. credit, interest rate, custodial, etc.) and other disclosures associated with the City's pooled cash and investments is reported in Note 2.

Loans Receivable (Net)

At June 30, 2016, the Successor Agency's net loans receivable consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Ad	ditions	Deletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2016
Business Assistance Loans	\$ 1,450,000	\$	=	\$ -	\$	1,450,000
Guadalajara Market	210,600		-	-		210,600
Pomona Fox Theater	1,289,060		-	-		1,289,060
Pomona Fox Theater	1,150,000		-	-		1,150,000
Garey Village Complex	5,000,000			5,000,000		
Total	\$ 9,099,660	\$		\$ 5,000,000	\$	4,099,660

Land Held for Resale

At June 30, 2016, land held for resale in the amount of \$19,648,669 is recorded at cost in the Successor Agency Trust Fund.

Capital Assets

The following is a summary of capital assets for the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2016:

		Balance ly 1, 2015 Additions		Deletions			Balance e 30, 2016	
Non-depreciable assets:	¢.	105 400	¢		¢		¢	105 400
Land	\$	125,423	\$		\$		\$	125,423
Total non-depreciable assets		125,423						125,423
Depreciable assets:								
Buildings and building improvements		63,126		-		-		63,126
Inprovements other than buildings		148,995		-		-		148,995
Machinery and equipment		429,179		-		-		429,179
Furniture and fixtures		8,361		-		-		8,361
Autos and trucks		19,513				-		19,513
Total depreciable assets, at cost		669,174						669,174
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and building improvements		13,889		1,263		-		15,152
Inprovements other than buildings		125,157		5,962		-		131,119
Machinery and equipment		429,178		-		-		429,178
Furniture and fixtures		8,360		-		-		8,360
Autos and trucks		19,513				_		19,513
Total accumulated depreciation		596,097		7,225		_		603,322
Total depreciable assets, net		73,077		(7,225)				65,852
Total capital assets	\$	198,500	\$	(7,225)	\$		\$	191,275

Long-Term Debt

The following summary of debts of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2016, follows:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2015	Accre Accru Inter	ued	A	Additions Deletions		Balance June 30, 2016				
Pollution remediation obligations	\$	1.700.000	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,700,000	\$	630,000
County deferred tax loans	φ	48,488,194	φ 4,040	107	φ	-	φ	_	φ	52,528,691	φ	030,000
•		, ,	4,040	J, 4 91		-	00					-
Notes payable		3,330,366		-		-	29,	209		3,301,157		29,607
Tax allocation bonds		7,455,000		-		-	570,	000		6,885,000		595,000
Advances from the Public												
Financing Authority		155,255,000		_		_	5,925,	000		149,330,000		6,065,000
Advance from the Housing		,,					-,,			-,,		-,,
Authority - SERAF loan		4,000,000		_		_		_		4,000,000		_
		, ,								, ,		
Compensated absences		104,515				31,468	107,	030		28,953		28,000
Total	\$	220,333,075	\$ 4,040	0,497	\$	31,468	\$ 6,631,	239	\$ 2	217,773,801	\$	7,347,607

Pollution Remediation Obligations

The dissolution law that eliminated all redevelopment agencies in the State requires that all assets of the former Redevelopment Agency be sold, following State approval of the Long Range Property Management Plan (LRPMP). On October 7, 2014, the Successor Agency received State approval for the sale of a property. The property was the location of a former landfill and is subject to remedial action. As of June 30, 2016, the remediation cost is estimated at \$1,700,000. Sale of the property is contingent upon the completion of the remediation.

County Deferred Tax Loans

At June 30, 2016, the County deferred tax loans consisted of the following:

	 Balance July 1, 2015	 Accrued Interest	Addi	tions	Dele	tions	June 30, 2016	
Southwest Pomona Project Area South Garey/Freeway Corridor	\$ 41,100,138	\$ 2,877,010	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,977,148
Project Area	7,388,056	1,163,487						8,551,543
Total	\$ 48,488,194	\$ 4,040,497	\$		\$		\$	52,528,691

The former Redevelopment Agency entered into agreements with the County of Los Angeles whereby a portion of the County's share of tax increment revenues from the Southwest Pomona Project Area and South Garey/Freeway Corridor Project Area are loaned annually to the Successor Agency. Interest on both loans accrue at 7% per year, compounded annually. The Successor Agency will commence repayment of the loans when excess funds become available.

Notes Payable

	Jı	Balance uly 1, 2015	Addi	tions	D	eletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2016	 e Within ne Year
Mission Promenade, LLC PVEF Note US Bank Loans	\$	2,378,080 167,129 785,157	\$	- - -	\$	- - 29,209	\$	2,378,080 167,129 755,948	\$ - - 29,607
Total	\$	3,330,366	\$		\$	29,209	\$	3,301,157	\$ 29,607

Mission Promenade, LLC

In December 2008, the former Redevelopment Agency partially financed the purchase of the Mission Promenade project (MP 1) with a promissory unsecured note bearing 0% interest for the first 5 years. After the maturity date of 5 years, the Note is to bear interest at the LIBOR rate +1% or 6%, whichever is greater. The note may be prepaid at any time. The Successor Agency may sell the retail and office condominium project at any time in whole or in part. Once the \$9 million threshold is received by the Successor Agency, the excess cash flow from the property operations (rental income minus operating expenses) is to be paid to Mission Promenade, LLC to reduce the Note amount. The outstanding balance on the note, which includes the brokerage obligation, at June 30, 2016, is \$2,378,080. Due to insufficient Successor Agency funds available and thus the inability to pay the note, the Successor Agency will not report a due within one year.

Pomona Valley Education Foundation Note (PVEF Note)

In March 2008, the former Redevelopment Agency partially financed the purchase of properties from the Pomona Valley Education Foundation (PVEF) with a promissory note of \$167,129. The note is secured by a Second Trust Deed on the properties. In five years after closing, the Note is to accrue interest at a rate of 5% with the unpaid balance all due and payable in ten years. Due to insufficient Successor Agency funds available and thus the inability to pay the note, the Successor Agency will not report a due within one year.

The annual debt service requirements outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	PrincipalInterest		Interest		Total	
2016-2017	\$	108,634	\$	27,161	\$	135,795
2017-2018		33,426		8,357		41,783
2018-2019		25,069		6,264		31,333
Total	\$	167,129	\$	41,782	\$	208,911
Total	φ	107,129	φ	41,702	φ	200,91

US Bank Loans

In March 2008, the former Redevelopment Agency partially financed the purchase of properties from the Pomona Valley Education Foundation by assuming existing loans on the properties totaling \$988,730 bearing an adjustable interest rate not to exceed 12.250% from U.S. Bank.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal	* Interest	Total
2016-2017	\$ 29,577	\$ 26,681	\$ 56,258
2017-2018	30,481	26,066	56,547
2018-2019	31,615	24,932	56,547
2019-2020	32,791	23,756	56,547
2020-2021	34,011	22,536	56,547
2021-2026	189,998	92,735	282,733
2026-2031	228,065	54,667	282,732
2031-2036	179,410	11,600	191,010
Total	\$ 755,948	\$ 282,973	\$ 1,038,921

^{*} Interest rate is adjustable and was calculated using two separate interest rates as of June 30, 2016.

Tax Allocation Bonds

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
1998 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series X 1998 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series Y	\$ 1,145,000 6,310,000	\$ - -	\$ 335,000 235,000	\$ 810,000 6,075,000	\$ 350,000 245,000
Total	\$ 7,455,000	\$ -	\$ 570,000	\$ 6,885,000	\$ 595,000

1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series X – Original Issuance \$5,055,000

On October 1, 1998, the former Redevelopment Agency issued \$5,055,000 in 1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series X, for the Mountain Meadows Redevelopment Project to refund \$4,360,000 of the loan between the former Redevelopment Agency and the Public Financing Authority related to the Public Financing Authority's 1993 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series N.

Interest is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 at rates varying from 3.0% to 5.1% per annum. \$3,595,000 of bond principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$95,000 to \$300,000 through December 1, 2013. Term bonds of \$1,000,000 and \$460,000 mature on December 1, 2016 and December 1, 2024, respectively, and are subject to mandatory redemption from a sinking fund account in amounts ranging from \$45,000 to \$350,000, as outlined in the bonds' official statement. A municipal bond insurance policy has been issued that insures the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds when due. During 2007, the bonds in the amount of \$790,000 were refunded by the 2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds, series AT.

Note 18: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal		Interest		Total
2016-2017	\$	350,000	\$ 34,203	\$	384,203
2017-2018		45,000	23,625		68,625
2018-2019		50,000	21,060		71,060
2019-2020		50,000	18,360		68,360
2020-2021		55,000	15,525		70,525
2021-2025		260,000	28,890		288,890
Total	\$	810,000	\$ 141,663	\$	951,663

1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series Y – Original Issuance \$8,980,000

On October 1, 1998, the former Redevelopment Agency issued \$8,980,000 in 1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series Y, for the West Holt Avenue Redevelopment Project to refund \$7,130,000 of the loan between the former Redevelopment Agency and Public Financing Authority related to the Public Financing Authority's 1993 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series N, and to finance certain redevelopment activities within the West Holt Avenue Project Area.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on November 1 and May 1 at rates varying from 3.0% to 5.0% per annum. \$1,770,000 of bond principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$115,000 to \$180,000 through May 1, 2011. Terms bonds of \$390,000, \$2,360,000 and \$4,380,000 mature on May 1, 2013, May 1, 2022, and May 1, 2032, respectively, and are subject to mandatory redemption from a sinking fund account in amounts ranging from \$190,000 to \$550,000 as outlined in the bonds' official statements. Bonds maturing on May 1, 2009 through May 1, 2011 are subject to redemption prior to maturity, as a whole or in part, at the option of the Agency on any date on or after May 1, 2008 at redemption prices ranging from 100% to 101% of principal. A municipal bond insurance policy has been issued that insures the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds when due. During 2007, the bonds in the amount of \$645,000 were refunded by the 2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series AT.

The annual debt service requirements outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal		Interest	Total
2016-2017	\$	245,000	\$ 333,278	\$ 578,278
2017-2018		260,000	319,925	579,925
2018-2019		275,000	305,755	580,755
2019-2020		290,000	290,768	580,768
2020-2021		305,000	274,963	579,963
2021-2026		1,800,000	1,105,340	2,905,340
2026-2031		2,350,000	552,750	2,902,750
2031-2032		550,000	30,250	 580,250
Total	\$	6,075,000	\$ 3,213,029	\$ 9,288,029

Advances from the Public Financing Authority

The Public Financing Authority issued various debt instruments and advanced the proceeds to the former Redevelopment Agency, subsequently the Successor Agency, for the purposes described below for each debt issued. The Successor Agency is responsible for installment payments to the Public Financing Authority in amounts equal to the debt service requirement. The following is a summary of changes for the year ended June 30, 2016, of the long-term debts issued through the Public Financing Authority with proceeds advanced to the Successor Agency:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
1998 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series W 2001 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series AD 2003 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series AH	\$ 35,780,000 30,300,000 18,545,000	\$ - - -	\$ 450,000 2,110,000 1,380,000	\$ 35,330,000 28,190,000 17,165,000	\$ 470,000 2,120,000 1,440,000
2005 Taxable Housing Tax Revenue Bonds, Series AQ 2006 Revenue Bonds, Series AS	7,990,000 25,875,000	-	310,000 70,000	7,680,000 25,805,000	325,000 65,000
2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series AT 2007 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AW 2006 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AX	6,875,000 7,380,000 22,510,000	- - -	420,000 275,000 910,000	6,455,000 7,105,000 21,600,000	440,000 285,000 920,000
·	\$ 155,255,000	\$ -	\$ 5,925,000	\$ 149,330,000	\$ 6,065,000

1998 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series W - Original Issuance \$52,335,000

On March 1, 1998, the Public Financing Authority issued \$52,335,000 in 1998 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series W for the purpose of making an advance to the former Redevelopment Agency for refinancing the 1983 Refunding Southwest Pomona RDA Tax Allocation Bonds, refinancing in whole the 1994 variable Rate Demand Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series M Bonds, and refinancing a portion of the 1993 Local Agency Revenue Bonds, Series L. The prior bonds, now retired, were issued to finance or refinance certain improvements in the Southwest Pomona Redevelopment Area.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each August 1 and February 1. The rates of interest range from 3.8% to 5% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$30,000 to \$4,105,000. Term bonds of \$3,005,000, \$16,690,000 and \$29,285,000 mature on February 1, 2018, February 1, 2024 and February 1, 2030, respectively, and are subject to mandatory redemption from a sinking fund account in amounts ranging from \$545,000 to \$5,495,000, as outlined in the bond's official statement. MBIA has issued a municipal bond insurance policy that insures the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds when due. During 2007, the bonds in the amount of \$13,305,000 were refunded by the 2006 Revenue Bonds, Series AS, 2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series AT, and 2006 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AX.

The annual debt service requirements for the 1998 Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series W outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2016-2017	\$ 470,000	\$ 1,766,500	\$ 2,236,500
2017-2018	495,000	1,743,000	2,238,000
2018-2019	520,000	1,718,250	2,238,250
2019-2020	545,000	1,692,250	2,237,250
2020-2021	2,645,000	1,665,000	4,310,000
2021-2026	15,365,000	6,202,250	21,567,250
2026-2030	15,290,000	1,958,000	17,248,000
Total	\$ 35,330,000	\$ 16,745,250	\$ 52,075,250

2001 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series AD – Original Issuance \$39,165,000

On April 1, 2001, the Public Financing Authority issued \$39,165,000 in 2001 Revenue Bonds, Series AD for the purpose of making an advance to the former Redevelopment Agency to refinance certain prior bonds and to make an additional advance to the former Redevelopment Agency to provide financing for certain improvements in the merged project area. Tax Allocation Bonds defeased include the 1997 Refunding RDA Series S, the 1997 Refunding Series T, the 1998 Refunding Series U, the 1998 Refunding Subordinate Series V and the 1998 Refunding Series Z; the 1993 Refunding Series L Revenue Bonds were partially defeased.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each August 1 and February 1. The rates of interest range from 3.50% to 5.39% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$95,000 to \$2,470,000. Term bonds of \$10,550,000, \$10,115,000 and \$7,525,000 mature on February 1, 2021, February 1, 2027 and February 1, 2033, respectively, and are subject to mandatory redemption from a sinking fund account in amounts ranging from \$445,000 to \$2,470,000, as outlined in the bond's official statement.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2001 Revenue Bonds, Series AD outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Pri	ncipal	Interest	 Total
2016-2017	\$ 2	,120,000	\$ 1,409,500	\$ 3,529,500
2017-2018	2	,350,000	1,303,500	3,653,500
2018-2019	2	,470,000	1,186,000	3,656,000
2019-2020	2	,175,000	1,062,500	3,237,500
2020-2021	1	,435,000	953,750	2,388,750
2021-2026	8	,345,000	3,621,500	11,966,500
2026-2031	7	,945,000	1,452,750	9,397,750
2031-2034	1	,350,000	89,750	 1,439,750
Total	\$ 28	,190,000	\$ 11,079,250	\$ 39,269,250

2003 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series AH - Original Issuance \$46,650,000

On November 1, 2003, the Public Financing Authority issued \$46,650,000 in 2003 Revenue Bonds, Series AH, to provide funds for a loan to the former Redevelopment Agency for certain improvements and to refinance certain former Redevelopment Agency obligations to the Public Financing Authority, including defeasance of 1993 Series L.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each August 1 and February 1. The rates of interest range from 3.70% to 5.25% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$370,000 to \$4,870,000. Term bonds of \$2,410,000 and \$10,145,000 mature on February 28, 2028 and 2034, respectively.

During 2007, the bonds in the amount of \$17,110,000 were refunded by the 2006 Revenue Bonds, Series AS, 2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series AT, and 2006 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AX.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2003 Revenue Bonds, Series AH outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	 Principal		Interest	 Total
2016-2017	\$ 1,440,000	9	844,978	\$ 2,284,978
2017-2018	1,520,000		785,938	2,305,938
2018-2019	1,540,000		706,138	2,246,138
2019-2020	1,805,000		625,288	2,430,288
2020-2021	370,000		530,525	900,525
2021-2026	2,070,000		2,388,465	4,458,465
2026-2031	6,990,000		1,820,410	8,810,410
2031-2035	1,430,000		132,413	 1,562,413
Total	\$ 17,165,000		7,834,155	\$ 24,999,155

2005 Taxable Housing Tax Revenue Bonds, Series AQ - Original Issuance \$10,065,000

On December 1, 2005, the Public Financing Authority issued \$10,065,000 in 2005 Taxable Housing Tax Revenue Bonds, Series AQ, to provide funds to make a loan to the former Redevelopment Agency for the purpose of financing redevelopment activities with respect to the Merged Redevelopment Project Area.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each August 1 and February 1. The rates of interest range from 5.23% to 6.25% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$100,000 to \$750,000. The bonds are secured by monies in the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) monies for the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedules (ROPS).

The annual debt service requirements for the 2005 Taxable Housing Tax Revenue Bonds, Series AQ outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal		Interest	Total
2016-2017	\$	325,000	\$ 471,613	\$ 796,613
2017-2018		345,000	451,300	796,300
2018-2019		365,000	429,738	794,738
2019-2020		390,000	406,925	796,925
2020-2021		415,000	382,550	797,550
2021-2026		2,485,000	1,491,188	3,976,188
2026-2031		3,355,000	627,300	3,982,300
Total	\$	7,680,000	\$ 4,260,614	\$ 11,940,614

2006 Revenue Bonds, Series AS – Original Issuance \$26,305,000

On December 1, 2006, the Public Financing Authority issued \$26,305,000 in 2006 Revenue Bonds, Series AS, to make a loan to the former Redevelopment Agency for the purpose of refinancing a portion of the Public Financing Authority's 1998 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series W, 2003 Revenue Bonds, Series AH, and 2003 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AI.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each August 1 and February 1. The rates of interest range from 3.50% to 5.00% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$65,000 to \$5,400,000. The bonds are secured by certain revenues on the Series AS Loan pursuant to a Loan Agreement, dated as of December 1, 2006, between the Public Financing Authority and the former Redevelopment Agency. The loan payments are limited obligations of the Successor Agency payable solely from and secured by the pledged tax revenues to be derived from the Successor Agency's project area remaining after payment of the Senior Obligations.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2006 Revenue Bonds, Series AS outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2016-2017	\$ 65,000	\$ 1,246,210	\$ 1,311,210
2017-2018	105,000	1,243,723	1,348,723
2018-2019	165,000	1,240,469	1,405,469
2019-2020	235,000	1,235,218	1,470,218
2020-2021	450,000	1,227,300	1,677,300
2021-2026	1,440,000	5,925,344	7,365,344
2026-2031	6,730,000	5,247,813	11,977,813
2031-2036	12,035,000	2,301,250	14,336,250
2036-2041	4,580,000	596,700	5,176,700
Total	\$ 25,805,000	\$ 20,264,027	\$ 46,069,027

2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series AT – Original Issuance \$8,355,000

On December 1, 2006, the Public Financing Authority issued \$8,355,000 in 2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series AT, to make a loan to the former Redevelopment Agency for the purpose of refinancing a portion of the Public Financing Authority's 1998 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series W, 2003 Revenue Bonds, Series AH, 1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series X (now retired), and 1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series Y (now retired).

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each August 1 and February 1. The rates of interest range from 5.289% to 5.718% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$340,000 to \$760,000. The bonds are secured by certain revenues on the Series AT Loan pursuant to a Loan Agreement, dated as of December 1, 2006 between the Public Financing Authority and the former Redevelopment Agency. The loan payments are limited obligations of the Successor Agency payable solely from and secured by the pledged tax revenues to be derived from the Successor Agency's project area remaining after payment of the Senior Obligations.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series AT outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal		Interest	Total	
2016-2017	\$ 440,000	\$	355,574	\$ 795,574	
2017-2018	465,000		330,643	795,643	
2018-2019	490,000		303,340	793,340	
2019-2020	520,000		274,464	794,464	
2020-2021	545,000		244,016	789,016	
2021-2026	3,235,000		699,740	3,934,740	
2026-2029	 760,000		21,728	 781,728	
Total	\$ 6,455,000	\$	2,229,505	\$ 8,684,505	

2007 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AW - Original Issuance \$8,375,000

On July 1, 2007, the Public Financing Authority issued \$8,375,000 in 2007 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AW, to provide funds for a loan to the former Redevelopment Agency for certain improvements, funding a reserve account for the Bonds and paying costs of issuing the Bonds.

Interest on the Bonds is payable semiannually on each February 1 and August 1. The rates of interest range from 4.25% to 5.125% per annum. Principal on \$1,348,000 of the subordinate bonds is payable in annual installments ranging from \$230,000 to \$285,000. Term bonds of \$625,000, \$1,910,000 and \$4,285,000 mature on February 1, 2019, February 1, 2024, and February 1, 2033, respectively.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2007 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AW outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal		Interest		Total	
2016-2017	\$	285,000	\$ 351,206	\$	636,206	
2017-2018		305,000	337,550		642,550	
2018-2019		320,000	322,706		642,706	
2019-2020		335,000	306,731		641,731	
2020-2021		345,000	289,731		634,731	
2021-2026		2,030,000	1,154,075		3,184,075	
2026-2031		2,540,000	580,406		3,120,406	
2031-2034		945,000	 40,616		985,616	
Total	\$	7,105,000	\$ 3,383,021	\$	10,488,021	

2006 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AX – Original Issuance \$25,865,000

On December 1, 2006, the Public Financing Authority issued \$25,865,000 in 2006 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AX, to make a loan to the former Redevelopment Agency for the purpose of refinancing a portion of the Public Financing Authority's 1998 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series W, 2003 Revenue Bonds, Series AH, and 2003 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AI (now retired), and financing certain improvements in the former Redevelopment Agency's Merged Redevelopment Project.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each August 1 and February 1. The rates of interest range from 4.00% to 5.00% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$145,000 to \$1,515,000. The bonds are secured by certain revenues on the Series AX Loan pursuant to a Loan Agreement, dated as of December 1, 2006, between the Public Financing Authority and the former Redevelopment Agency. The loan payments are limited obligations of the Successor Agency payable solely from and secured by the Subordinate Tax Revenues to be derived from the Successor Agency's project area remaining after payment of the Senior/ Subordinate Obligations.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2006 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AX outstanding at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total	
2016-2017	\$ 920,000	\$ 1,024,265	\$ 1,944,265	
2017-2018	925,000	984,598	1,909,598	
2018-2019	970,000	943,370	1,913,370	
2019-2020	975,000	900,580	1,875,580	
2020-2021	1,020,000	856,690	1,876,690	
2021-2026	5,565,000	3,519,750	9,084,750	
2026-2031	6,955,000	1,967,875	8,922,875	
2031-2036	3,240,000	503,750	3,743,750	
2036-2041	1,030,000	123,250	1,153,250	
Total	\$ 21,600,000	\$ 10,824,128	\$ 32,424,128	

Advances from the Housing Authority

	Balance			Balance	Due Within	
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016	One Year	
SERAF loan	\$ 4,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,000,000	\$ -	

On July 24, 2009, Assembly Bill AB4-26 that shifts former Redevelopment Agency funds and established a Supplemental Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (SERAF) was passed. It was a "budget trailer bill" that was part of the State's legislation to balance its budget. The former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Pomona's share of SERAF obligation was \$8,264,547 in Fiscal Year 2009-10 and \$1.7 million in Fiscal Year 2010-11. Health and Safety Code Section 33690(c) provides that a redevelopment agency, which made a finding that insufficient monies were available to fund its SERAF obligation in Fiscal Years 2009-10 or 2010-11, may borrow funds from its Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund to make the full SERAF payment. On May 3, 2010, the Redevelopment Agency Board authorized a loan of \$5,000,000 from the Low-Mod Fund to provide partial funding for the balance of the SERAF payment due. The Successor Agency's outstanding balance on the note as of June 30, 2016, is \$4,000,000.

Compensated Absences

The following is a summary of compensated absences outstanding as of June 30, 2016:

Balance July 1, 2015	5 Additions Delet		eletions	_	Balance e 30, 2016	Due Within One Year		
\$ 104,515	\$	31,468	\$	107,030	\$	28,953	\$	28,000

Pledged Tax Revenues

The City has pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Pomona Public Financing Authority, certain tax revenues to the repayment of certain Successor Agency debts (bonds, loans and advances) through final maturity of bonded debt on February 1, 2047, or earlier retirement, whichever occurs first.

Tax revenues consist of tax increment revenues allocated to the Successor Agency to various project areas pursuant to Section 33670 of the Redevelopment Law. Such Law excludes a portion of tax increment revenues required to be paid under Tax-Sharing Agreements unless the payment of such amounts has been subordinated to the payment of debt service on the Bonds. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, property taxes allocated to redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to local agency and school entity pursuant to any pass through agreement, then second to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency. For the current year, the total property tax revenue recognized by the City was \$15,962,097 and the debt service obligation on the bonds was \$14,676,025.

Remaining balance on the debt at June 30, 2016, is as follows:

Debt Issue	Remaining Balance			
County of LA Agreement	\$	52,528,691		
1998 Series W Bonds		52,075,250		
1998 Series X Bonds		951,663		
1998 Series Y Bonds		9,288,029		
2001 Series AD Bonds		39,269,250		
2003 Series AH Bonds		24,999,155		
2005 Series AQ Bonds		11,940,614		
2006 Series AS Bonds		46,069,027		
2006 Series AT Bonds		8,684,505		
2007 Series AW Bonds		10,488,021		
2006 Series AX Bonds		32,424,128		
Total	\$	288,718,333		

Insurance

The Successor Agency is covered under the City of Pomona's insurance policies. Therefore, the limitation and self-insured retentions applicable to the City also apply to the Successor Agency. Additional information as to coverage and self-insured retentions can be found in Note 14.

Commitments and Contingencies

Agreement for Allocation of Tax Increment Funds

On December 5, 1988, the former Redevelopment Agency entered into an agreement with the County whereby the County has agreed to provide sufficient allocation of tax increment to allow the Successor Agency to meet its debt service agreements on debt it has incurred in connection with the Southwest Pomona Project Area. Beginning in fiscal year 1988-89, and thereafter for the life of the project, the County will provide a grant to the Successor Agency for any "deficiencies" of tax increment revenues allocated to the Successor Agency as described in the agreement. In accordance with the agreement, during the fiscal year 2015-16, the Successor Agency received a grant in the amount of \$3,100,000, which was recorded as intergovernmental revenue.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States for all governmental funds, except that encumbrances are shown in the year incurred for budgetary purposes. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

On or before the last day in January of each year, all operational units submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager for budget preparation purposes. The City Council holds public hearings and a final budget must be adopted no later than June 30.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City's department directors, with approval of the Finance Director and City Manager, may make transfers of appropriations within a department and between departments within a fund. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The City Council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year. The supplementary budgetary appropriations made in the various governmental funds are not detailed in the required supplementary information.

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary accounting. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end regardless of encumbrances. Following are the budget comparison schedules for the General Fund and all major special revenue funds.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$ 17,288,103	\$ 17,288,103	\$ 17,288,103	\$ -
Taxes	80,429,226	81,519,226	76,888,873	(4,630,353)
Licenses and permits	4,963,260	6,229,151	7,122,185	893,034
Intergovernmental	202,900	202,900	205,289	2,389
Charges for services	3,053,648	4,137,732	3,719,655	(418,077)
Interest and rentals	666,108	966,108	731,529	(234,579)
Fines and forfeitures	1,812,000	1,812,000	2,040,214	228,214
Miscellaneous	217,800	667,388	990,701	323,313
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				
Amounts Available for Appropriations	108,633,045	112,822,608	108,986,549	(3,836,059)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
General government	4,389,592	4,787,027	4,769,534	17,493
Public safety	69,844,192	69,993,526	69,328,233	665,293
Urban development	8,669,178	9,915,530	9,244,681	670,849
Neighborhood services	3,618,386	3,725,072	3,258,082	466,990
Capital outlay	47,000	717,050	192,589	524,461
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	226,354	296,861	281,827	15,034
Interest and fiscal charges	3,750	3,750	18,783	(15,033)
Transfers out	4,546,057	5,919,177	5,053,168	866,009
Total Charges to Appropriations	91,344,509	95,357,993	92,146,897	3,211,096
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 17,288,536	\$ 17,464,615	\$ 16,839,652	\$ (624,963)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget . Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1, as restated	\$27,325,363	\$27.325.363	\$ 27,325,363	\$ -		
Resources (Inflows):	φ21,323,303	φ21,323,303	φ 21,323,303	φ -		
Intergovernmental	12,144,426	12,174,088	12,297,325	123,237		
Charges for services	30,000	30,000	117,574	87,574		
Interest and rentals	384,273	384,273	624,169	239,896		
Miscellaneous	422,000	422,000	421,867	(133)		
Amounts Available for Appropriations	40,306,062	40,335,724	40,786,298	450,574		
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
Urban development	13,378,743	13,405,905	13,094,221	311,684		
Capital outlay	-	2,500	98,000	(95,500)		
Total Charges to Appropriations	13,378,743	13,408,405	13,192,221	216,184		
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$26,927,319	\$26,927,319	\$ 27,594,077	\$ 666,758		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MISCELLANEOUS GRANTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 18,446,177	\$ 18,446,177	\$ 18,446,177	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	5,424,432	8,320,572	2,576,815	(5,743,757)
Charges for services	51,000	116,017	153,521	37,504
Interest and rentals	-	-	356,133	356,133
Miscellaneous	526,947	584,104	185,679	(398,425)
Transfers in	75,010	75,010	104,588	29,578
Amounts Available for Appropriations	24,523,566	27,541,880	21,822,913	(5,718,967)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Public safety	291,011	1,073,778	572,879	500,899
Urban development	5,405,571	7,525,959	1,909,480	5,616,479
Neighborhood services	375,134	375,134	351,729	23,405
Capital outlay	144,000	310,254	140,002	170,252
Total Charges to Appropriations	6,215,716	9,285,125	2,974,090	6,311,035
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 18,307,850	\$ 18,256,755	\$ 18,848,823	\$ 592,068

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MISCELLANEOUS PLAN - AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

MEASUREMENT PERIOD		2015		2016
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY				
Service Cost	\$	3,310,829	\$	3,161,189
Interest		18,086,982		18,495,828
Difference Between expected and Actual Experience		-		(3,363,816)
Changes in Assumptions		-		(4,427,183)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of employee Contributions		(12,464,852)		(13,367,634)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	8,932,959	\$	498,384
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	_	245,736,775		254,669,734
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	254,669,734	\$	255,168,118
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION				
Contribution - Employer	\$	3,048,502	\$	3,747,091
Contribution - Employee	•	1,640,223	•	1,766,013
Net Investment Income		31,444,609		4,578,528
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(12,464,852)		(13,367,634)
Other Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		<u>-</u>		(236,275)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	23,668,482	\$	(3,512,277)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		184,143,961		207,812,443
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	207,812,443	\$	204,300,166
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Assets) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	46,857,291	\$	50,867,952
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total				
Pension Liability		81.60%		80.06%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	21,843,562	\$	22,874,123
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		214.51%		222.38%

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2013. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions.

⁽²⁾ Net of administrative expenses.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SAFETY PLAN - AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

MEASUREMENT PERIOD		2015		2016
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY				
Service Cost	\$	4,880,486	\$	4,785,362
Interest		23,069,282		23,712,742
Difference Between expected and Actual Experience		-		(2,090,216)
Changes in Assumptions		-		(5,565,887)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of employee Contributions		(17,510,572)		(18,221,480)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	10,439,196	\$	2,620,521
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		313,905,458		324,344,654
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	324,344,654	\$	326,965,175
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION				
Contribution - Employer	\$	4,480,201	\$	6,367,577
Contribution - Employee	Ψ	1,402,077	Ψ	2,743,727
Net Investment Income		37,455,889		5,342,317
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(17,510,572)		(18,221,480)
Other Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		-		(271,184)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	25,827,595	\$	(4,039,043)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		219,628,065	•	245,455,660
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	245,455,660	\$	241,416,617
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Assets) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	78,888,994	\$	85,548,558
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total		75.68%		73.84%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	15,182,720	\$	16,419,672
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-		519.60%		521.01%

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2013. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions.

⁽²⁾ Net of administrative expenses.

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2015	2016
Miscellaneous Plan		
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 3,803,283	\$ 4,653,491
Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	 (3,803,283)	 (4,653,491)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$
Covered-Employee Payroll (3) (4)	\$ 21,843,562	\$ 22,874,123
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (3)	17.41%	20.34%
Safety Plan		
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 5,171,283	\$ 7,137,882
Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	 (5,171,283)	(7,137,882)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$
Covered-Employee Payroll (3) (4)	\$ 15,182,720	\$ 16,419,672
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (3)	34.06%	43.47%

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

Note to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2013

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal cost method

Amortization method Level percent payroll / closed period

Assets valuation method Market Value

Discount rate 7.50% (net of administrative expenses)

Projected salary increases 3.30% to 14.20% depending on age, service, and type of employment

Inflation 2.75%
Payroll growth 3.00%

Individual salary growth A merit scale varying by duration of employment coupled with an

assumed annual inflation growth ate of 2.75% and an annual

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS

Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007.

Mortality The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS

Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of

Actuaries.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The **Community Development Block Grant Fund** develops viable urban communities by providing decent housing and a suitable environment and expand economic opportunity for persons of low and moderate income.

The **State Gas Tax Fund** accounts for revenues received and expenditures made for general street improvement and maintenance. The revenues consist of the City's share of state gasoline taxes collected under Sections 2105, 2106, 2107.5 of the Street and Highway Code.

The **Proposition "A" Fund** accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds derived from the one-half cent sales tax imposed by the Proposition "A" ordinance of the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission. The funds are used to finance public transportation projects.

The **Proposition "C' Fund** accounts for receipt and disbursement of funds derived from a 1990-91 increase in County sales tax. The funds are used to finance transit or transit-related projects.

The **Vehicle Parking District Fund** accounts for the operation, maintenance, capital improvements, and administration of parking lots in the downtown business area. Revenues are received from parking fees.

The **Air Quality Improvement Fund** accounts for the revenues and expenditures made for air quality improvement projects. The revenues consist of funds received from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) in accordance with AB2766.

The **Landscape Maintenance District Fund** accounts for revenues received and expenditures made for landscape and lighting maintenance in various areas of the City. Revenues consist of assessments received from property owners.

The **Asset Forfeiture Fund** accounts for the City's share of assets seized by law enforcement agencies. The monies are used for law enforcement purposes.

The **Traffic Offender Fund** accounts for the fees collected for the impoundment of vehicles and expenditures shall be for the enforcement, education and prosecution of drivers with a suspended or revoked license as well as unlicensed drivers operating a motor vehicle.

The **Measure "R" Fund** accounts for street maintenance, traffic signal, street light maintenance, traffic paint and sign services which are funded with 1/2-cent sales tax revenues.

The **General Sanitation Fees Operations Fund** accounts for street sweeping services, graffiti abatement, storm water compliance, landscape median maintenance, and right-of-way clean-ups.

The Special Fees Fund accounts for fee analysis rate review and Public Arts fees.

The Capital Outlay Fund accounts for the accumulation of the cost of capital projects.

The **Assessment District Improvement Fund** accounts for capital improvements through special charges levied against the properties benefited.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

		Special Rev	enue Funds			
	Community Development Block Grant	State Gas Tax	Proposition A	Proposition C		
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 67	\$ 1,508,079	\$ 2,325,710	\$ 7,787,601		
Receivables (net): Accounts Notes and loans Interest	- 1,903,878 -	22,168 - 910	2,000 - 2,869	9,629		
Prepaid costs Due from other governments Advances to other funds Restricted assets: Cash and investments	717,782 - -	- - -	295,281	- - -		
Total Assets	\$ 2,621,727	\$ 1,531,157	\$ 2,625,860	\$ 7,797,230		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable Payroll payable Deposits payable	\$ 71,468 41,167	\$ 184,122 33,477	\$ 157,149 4,854	\$ 261 3,066		
Due to other governments Due to other funds	3,798 63,675	<u> </u>	- -	- -		
Total Liabilities	180,108	217,599	162,003	3,327		
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues	131,455		295,281			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	131,455		295,281			
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaid costs	<u>-</u>	-	-	-		
Restricted Urban development Public safety	2,310,164	1,313,558	2,168,576	7,793,903		
Neighborhood services Capital projects Assessment district improvement	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -		
Total Fund Balances	2,310,164	1,313,558	2,168,576	7,793,903		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 2,621,727	\$ 1,531,157	\$ 2,625,860	\$ 7,797,230		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

(CONTINUED)

				Special Rev	enue	Funds		
		Vehicle Parking District		Landscape Air Quality Maintenance nprovement District		intenance	Asset Forfeiture	
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	2,389,069	\$	639,272	\$	810,148	\$	1,385,315
Receivables (net): Accounts Notes and loans	Ť	92,120	Ť	- -	*	-	Ť	-
Interest		3,068		753		1,067		1,928
Prepaid costs Due from other governments Advances to other funds Restricted assets:		327 304,435		52,149 -		25,267 -		8,441 5,080 -
Cash and investments								4 400 704
Total Assets	\$	2,789,019	\$	692,174	\$	836,482	\$	1,400,764
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Payroll payable	\$	15,757 10,606	\$	29,553 1,752	\$	87,844 6,288	\$	74,594 19,461
Deposits payable		2,334		-		-		-
Due to other governments Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		28,697		31,305		94,132		94,055
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues		30,274						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		30,274						
Fund Balances: Nonspendable								0.444
Prepaid costs Restricted		-		-		-		8,441
Urban development		2,730,048		660,869		-		-
Public safety Neighborhood services		-		-		742,350		1,298,268 -
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Assessment district improvement Total Fund Balances		2,730,048		660,869		742,350		1,306,709
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	2,789,019	\$	692,174	\$	836,482	\$	1,400,764

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds								
		Traffic Offender	r Measure R			General Sanitation Fees Operations		Special Fees Fund	
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	611,930	\$	2,376,609	\$	_	\$	920,045	
Receivables (net):	*	,	*	_,,	,	0.45.404	*	,	
Accounts Notes and loans		-		-		345,191 -		-	
Interest		754		3,134		553		-	
Prepaid costs Due from other governments		-		-		-		-	
Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-	
Restricted assets: Cash and investments		-		-		-		-	
Total Assets	\$	612,684	\$	2,379,743	\$	345,744	\$	920,045	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	160,159	\$	50,417	\$	251,530	\$	-	
Payroll payable Deposits payable		10,321		21,243		27,058		-	
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-	
Due to other funds						5,837			
Total Liabilities		170,480		71,660		284,425			
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues									
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaid costs						_			
Restricted		_		_		_		-	
Urban development Public safety		- 442,204		2,308,083		61,319		-	
Neighborhood services		-		-		-		920,045	
Capital projects Assessment district improvement		-		-		-		-	
Total Fund Balances		442,204		2,308,083		61,319		920,045	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	612,684	\$	2,379,743	\$	345,744	\$	920,045	

	Capital Pro	Capital Projects Funds						
	Capital Outlay	Assessment District Improvement	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds					
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 1,486,566	\$ 54,491	\$ 22,294,902					
Receivables (net): Accounts	182,251	-	643,730					
Notes and loans	- 0.025	-	1,903,878					
Interest Prepaid costs	2,035	118	26,818 8,441					
Due from other governments	72,136	-	1,168,022					
Advances to other funds	-	-	304,435					
Restricted assets: Cash and investments	2,107,120	174,903	2,282,023					
Total Assets	\$ 3,850,108	\$ 229,512	\$ 28,632,249					
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll payable Deposits payable Due to other governments Due to other funds	\$ 2,763,752 30,831 66,189	\$ - 863 - -	\$ 3,846,606 210,987 68,523 3,798 69,512					
Total Liabilities	2,860,772	863	4,199,426					
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues	72,136		529,146					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	72,136		529,146					
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaid costs	-	-	8,441					
Restricted Urban development	_	_	19,346,520					
Public safety .	-	-	1,740,472					
Neighborhood services	- 047 200	-	1,662,395					
Capital projects Assessment district improvement	917,200	- 228,649	917,200 228,649					
Total Fund Balances	917,200	228,649	23,903,677					
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	¢ 2.050.400	¢ 200.540	¢ 20.022.042					
nesources, and rund balances	\$ 3,850,108	\$ 229,512	\$ 28,632,249					

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Community Development Block Grant	State Gas Tax	Proposition A	Proposition C				
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Special assessments	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	-				
Licenses and permits	- 1,930,834	- 3,291,861	2,738,458	2,276,663				
Intergovernmental Charges for services	31,887	1,079	2,730,430	2,270,003				
Interest and rentals	2,001	5,066	12,506	42,085				
Fines and forfeitures Contributions	-	-	-	-				
Miscellaneous	10,681	71,030	26,280					
Total Revenues	1,975,403	3,369,036	2,777,244	2,318,748				
Expenditures: Current:								
General government Public safety	- 111,991	-	-	-				
Urban development	1,659,639	2,790,865	2,245,902	100,589				
Neighborhood services Capital outlay	-	-	- 44,752	-				
Debt service:	_	_	44,752	_				
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	145,000 5,730	-	-	-				
Total Expenditures	1,922,360	2,790,865	2,290,654	100,589				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	53,043	578,171	486,590	2,218,159				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in	18,000	131,750	-	(249.200)				
Transfers out Capital leases	(253,664)	(1,292,161)		(348,300)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(235,664)	(1,160,411)		(348,300)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (182,621)	\$ (582,240)	\$ 486,590	\$ 1,869,859				
Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements	\$ 2,492,785	\$ 1,895,798 -	\$ 1,681,986 -	\$ 5,924,044 -				
Beginning of year, as restated Net change in fund balances	2,492,785 (182,621)	1,895,798 (582,240)	1,681,986 486,590	5,924,044 1,869,859				
End of Year	\$ 2,310,164	\$ 1,313,558	\$ 2,168,576	\$ 7,793,903				

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Vehicle Parking District		r Quality provement	Ма	andscape intenance District	F	Asset Forfeiture
Revenues: Taxes Special assessments	\$	13,877	\$	-	\$	- 1,176,050	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Charges for services		- 194,089		188,273		- 819		- 29,645
Interest and rentals		542,325		3,290		4,139		9,419
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Contributions Miscellaneous		98,001		-		-		- 1,101,641
Total Revenues		848,292		191,563		1,181,008		1,140,705
Expenditures:								
Current: General government		_		-		_		_
Public safety				-		-		1,587,940
Urban development Neighborhood services		796,715		63,938		- 1,027,275		-
Capital outlay		313,000		-		-		198,385
Debt service: Principal retirement		76,891				_		_
Interest and fiscal charges		3,829						-
Total Expenditures		1,190,435		63,938		1,027,275		1,786,325
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(342,143)		127,625		153,733		(645,620)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in Transfers out		-		- (5,054)		-		1,308
Capital leases		-		-				-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(5,054)				1,308
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(342,143)	\$	122,571	\$	153,733	\$	(644,312)
Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements	\$	3,072,191	\$	538,298	\$	588,617	\$	1,951,021 -
Beginning of year, as restated Net change in fund balances	_	3,072,191 (342,143)		538,298 122,571		588,617 153,733		1,951,021 (644,312)
End of Year	\$	2,730,048	\$	660,869	\$	742,350	\$	1,306,709

	Special Revenue Funds							
December	(Traffic Offender		Measure R	Sa	General anitation Fees perations	Sp	ecial Fees Fund
Revenues: Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Special assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services		- - - 305,375		- 1,704,639		- 1,418,501 -		500,376 -
Interest and rentals Fines and forfeitures		3,321		14,303		2,093 15,401		625
Contributions Miscellaneous		-		-		599		-
Total Revenues		308,696		1,718,942		1,436,594		501,001
Expenditures: Current: General government								
Public safety		197,410		-		-		-
Urban development Neighborhood services		-		903,598		2,319,182		67,779 -
Capital outlay Debt service:		275,116		15,538		-		-
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		- -		- -		<u>-</u>		- -
Total Expenditures		472,526		919,136		2,319,182		67,779
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(163,830)		799,806		(882,588)		433,222
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		-		2,240		934,182		-
Transfers out Capital leases		-		(677,926)		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(675,686)		934,182		
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(163,830)	\$	124,120	\$	51,594	\$	433,222
Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements	\$	606,034	\$	2,183,963	\$	9,725	\$	486,823
Beginning of year, as restated Net change in fund balances		606,034 (163,830)		2,183,963 124,120		9,725 51,594		486,823 433,222
End of Year	\$	442,204	\$	2,308,083	\$	61,319	\$	920,045

	Capital Pro		
P	_Capital Outlay	Assessment District Improvement	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes Special assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest and rentals Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	\$ 139,498 - 375,728 514,698 80,254 13,554 - 602,278 8,149	\$ - - - - 511 - -	\$ 153,375 1,176,050 2,294,605 12,645,426 643,148 655,238 15,401 602,278 1,316,381
Total Revenues	1,734,159	511	19,501,902
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Urban development Neighborhood services Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	240 - - - 6,360,002 - -	- - 29,354 - -	240 1,897,341 10,948,207 1,027,275 7,236,147 221,891 9,559
Total Expenditures	6,360,242	29,354	21,340,660
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,626,083)	(28,843)	(1,838,758)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Capital leases	3,144,164 (2,151,601) 400,408		4,231,644 (4,728,706) 400,408
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,392,971		(96,654)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (3,233,112)	\$ (28,843)	\$ (1,935,412)
Fund Balances: Beginning of year, as originally reported Restatements	\$ 3,402,033 748,279	\$ 257,492	\$ 25,090,810 748,279
Beginning of year, as restated Net change in fund balances	4,150,312 (3,233,112)	257,492 (28,843)	25,839,089 (1,935,412)
End of Year	\$ 917,200	\$ 228,649	\$ 23,903,677

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL DEBT SERVICE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$(40,083,190)	\$(40,083,190)	\$(40,083,190)	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	,	,		
Taxes	547,106	547,106	646,562	99,456
Interest and rentals	1,615	1,615	7,280	5,665
Miscellaneous	334,053	334,053	341,168	7,115
Transfers in	5,572,772	5,572,772	5,563,641	(9,131)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	(33,627,644)	(33,627,644)	(33,524,539)	103,105
Charges to Appropriation (Outflows):				
General government	39,739	39,739	226,076	(186,337)
Debt service:		,	·	, ,
Principal retirement	756,365	756,365	1,001,000	(244,635)
Interest and fiscal charges	4,663,332	4,663,332	4,418,698	244,634
Transfers out	1,095,000	1,095,000	-	1,095,000
Total Charges to Appropriations	6,554,436	6,554,436	5,645,774	908,662
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$(40,182,080)	\$(40,182,080)	\$(39,170,313)	\$ 1,011,767

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY DEBT SERVICE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 47,768,511	\$ 47,768,511	\$ 47,768,511	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Interest and rentals	305,489	305,489	231,277	(74,212)
Miscellaneous	-	-	10,577	10,577
Transfers in	1,095,000	1,095,000		(1,095,000)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	49,169,000	49,169,000	48,010,365	(1,158,635)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflows):				
General government	6,734	6,734	6,734	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,575,000	1,575,000	1,575,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	180,658	180,658	180,658	
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,762,392	1,762,392	1,762,392	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 47,406,608	\$ 47,406,608	\$ 46,247,973	\$ (1,158,635)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$2,492,785	\$ 2,492,785	\$ 2,492,785	\$ -
Intergovernmental	2,211,307	2,255,857	1,930,834	(325,023)
Charges for services	-	40,976	31,887	(9,089)
Interest and rentals	-	-	2,001	2,001
Miscellaneous	145,800	145,800	10,681	(135,119)
Transfers in			18,000	18,000
Amounts Available for Appropriations	4,849,892	4,935,418	4,486,188	(449,230)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Public safety	168,208	111,991	111,991	-
Urban development	2,098,401	2,096,358	1,659,639	436,719
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	145,800	145,800	145,000	800
Interest and fiscal charges	15,100	15,100	5,730	9,370
Transfers out			253,664	(253,664)
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,427,509	2,369,249	2,176,024	193,225
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$2,422,383	\$ 2,566,169	\$ 2,310,164	\$ (256,005)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STATE GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,895,798	\$ 1,895,798	\$ 1,895,798	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	3,452,038	3,452,038	3,291,861	(160,177)
Charges for services	-	-	1,079	1,079
Interest and rentals	1,870	1,870	5,066	3,196
Miscellaneous	-	-	71,030	71,030
Transfers in	256,750	256,750	131,750	(125,000)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	5,606,456	5,606,456	5,396,584	(209,872)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Urban development	2,943,589	2,943,589	2,790,865	152,724
Capital outlay	125,000	125,000	-	125,000
Transfers out	1,426,879	1,426,879	1,292,161	134,718
Total Charges to Appropriations	4,495,468	4,495,468	4,083,026	412,442
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,110,988	\$ 1,110,988	\$ 1,313,558	\$ 202,570

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION A YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,681,986	\$ 1,681,986	\$ 1,681,986	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	2,739,580	2,774,580	2,738,458	(36,122)
Interest and rentals	1,592	1,592	12,506	10,914
Miscellaneous	12,000	26,280	26,280	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	4,435,158	4,484,438	4,459,230	(25,208)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Urban development	2,289,237	2,351,790	2,245,902	105,888
Capital outlay	86,400	135,680	44,752	90,928
Transfers out	730,000	730,000		730,000
Total Charges to Appropriations	3,105,637	3,217,470	2,290,654	926,816
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,329,521	\$ 1,266,968	\$ 2,168,576	\$ 901,608

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION C YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$5,924,044	\$ 5,924,044	\$ 5,924,044	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	. , ,	, ,		
Intergovernmental	2,272,410	2,272,410	2,276,663	4,253
Interest and rentals	4,603	4,603	42,085	37,482
Transfers in				
Amounts Available for Appropriations	8,201,057	8,201,057	8,242,792	41,735
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Urban development	131,860	131,860	100,589	31,271
Capital outlay	-	(365,062)	-	(365,062)
Transfers out	2,495,535	2,848,535	348,300	2,500,235
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,627,395	2,615,333	448,889	2,166,444
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$5,573,662	\$ 5,585,724	\$ 7,793,903	\$ 2,208,179

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE VEHICLE PARKING DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget / Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
B 1 4 5 1B 1 11 4				
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$3,072,191	\$ 3,072,191	\$ 3,072,191	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	12,758	12,758	13,877	1,119
Charges for services	205,904	205,904	194,089	(11,815)
Interest and rentals	565,030	565,030	542,325	(22,705)
Miscellaneous	-	-	98,001	98,001
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	301,475	301,475		(301,475)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	4,157,358	4,157,358	3,920,483	(236,875)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Urban development	823,934	879,214	796,715	82,499
Capital outlay	1 -	313,000	313,000	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	80,720	80,720	76,891	3,829
Interest and fiscal charges	<u> </u>		3,829	(3,829)
Total Charges to Appropriations	904,654	1,272,934	1,190,435	82,499
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$3,252,704	\$ 2,884,424	\$ 2,730,048	\$ (154,376)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 538,298	\$ 538,298	\$ 538,298	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	188,400	628,400	188,273	(440,127)
Interest and rentals	-	-	3,290	3,290
Transfers in		50,000		(50,000)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	726,698	1,216,698	729,861	(486,837)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Urban development	347,305	837,305	63,938	773,367
Transfers out	85,000	85,000	5,054	79,946
Total Charges to Appropriations	432,305	922,305	68,992	853,313
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 294,393	\$ 294,393	\$ 660,869	\$ 366,476

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 588,617	\$ 588,617	\$ 588,617	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Special assessments	1,196,401	1,196,401	1,176,050	(20,351)
Charges for services	-	-	819	819
Interest and rentals	757	757	4,139	3,382
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,785,775	1,785,775	1,769,625	(16,150)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Neighborhood services	1,276,592	1,276,592	1,027,275	249,317
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,276,592	1,276,592	1,027,275	249,317
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 509,183	\$ 509,183	\$ 742,350	\$ 233,167

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ASSET FORFEITURE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,951,021	\$ 1,951,021	\$ 1,951,021	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Charges for services	-	-	29,645	29,645
Interest and rentals	-	-	9,419	9,419
Miscellaneous	1,368,000	1,368,000	1,101,641	(266,359)
Transfers in			1,308	1,308
Amounts Available for Appropriations	3,319,021	3,319,021	3,093,034	(225,987)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Public safety	2,110,933	1,973,891	1,587,940	385,951
Capital outlay	78,580	215,622	198,385	17,237
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,189,513	2,189,513	1,786,325	403,188
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,129,508	\$ 1,129,508	\$ 1,306,709	\$ 177,201

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRAFFIC OFFENDER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 606,034	\$ 606,034	\$ 606,034	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Charges for services	325,000	325,000	305,375	(19,625)
Interest and rentals			3,321	3,321
Amounts Available for Appropriations	931,034	931,034	914,730	(16,304)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Public safety	220,593	220,593	197,410	23,183
Capital outlay	298,000	413,000	275,116	137,884
Total Charges to Appropriations	518,593	633,593	472,526	161,067
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 412,441	\$ 297,441	\$ 442,204	\$ 144,763

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE R YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget <i>i</i> Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$2,183,963	\$ 2,183,963	\$ 2,183,963	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	1,704,328	1,704,328	1,704,639	311
Interest and rentals	-	-	14,303	14,303
Transfers in			2,240	2,240
Amounts Available for Appropriations	3,888,291	3,888,291	3,905,145	16,854
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Urban development	986,981	971,049	903,598	67,451
Capital outlay	-	15,932	15,538	394
Transfers out	728,000	728,000	677,926	50,074
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,714,981	1,714,981	1,597,062	117,919
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$2,173,310	\$ 2,173,310	\$ 2,308,083	\$ 134,773

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL SANITATION FEES OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 9,725	\$ 9,725	\$ 9,725	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	1,392,531	1,392,531	1,418,501	25,970
Interest and rentals	-	-	2,093	2,093
Fines and forfeitures	8,218	8,218	15,401	7,183
Miscellaneous	800	800	599	(201)
Transfers in	1,426,879	1,426,879	934,182	(492,697)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	2,838,153	2,838,153	2,380,501	(457,652)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Urban development	2,828,429	2,828,429	2,319,182	509,247
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,828,429	2,828,429	2,319,182	509,247
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 9,724	\$ 9,724	\$ 61,319	\$ 51,595

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL FEES FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 486,823	\$ 486,823	\$ 486,823	\$ -
Resources (Inflows): Licenses and permits Use of money and property	321,200	321,200	500,376 625	179,176 625
Amounts Available for Appropriation	808,023	808,023	987,824	179,801
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow): Urban development Total Charges to Appropriations	<u>-</u>	55,000 55,000	67,779 67,779	(12,779) (12,779)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 808,023	\$ 753,023	\$ 920,045	\$ 167,022

CITY OF POMONA

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL OUTLAY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1, as restated	\$ 4,150,312	\$ 4,150,312	\$ 4,150,312	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	Ψ 1,100,012	Ψ 1,100,012	Ψ 1,100,012	Ψ
Taxes	-	-	139,498	139,498
Licenses and permits	12,000	12,000	375,728	363,728
Intergovernmental	-	13,214	514,698	501,484
Charges for services	-	-	80,254	80,254
Interest and rentals	-	-	13,554	13,554
Contributions from Successor Agency	-	3,841,535	602,278	(3,239,257)
Miscellaneous	-	120,000	8,149	(111,851)
Transfers in	4,568,535	26,701,728	3,144,164	(23,557,564)
Capital leases			400,408	400,408
Amounts Available for Appropriations	8,730,847	34,838,789	9,429,043	(25,409,746)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflows):				
General government	-	-	240	(240)
Capital outlay	4,218,535	5,033,763	6,360,002	(1,326,239)
Transfers out	356,475	520,475	2,151,601	(1,631,126)
Total Charges to Appropriations	4,575,010	5,554,238	8,511,843	(2,957,605)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 4,155,837	\$29,284,551	\$ 917,200	\$ (28,367,351)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The **Internal Service Funds** account for the maintenance and repair of City vehicles and equipment, risk management, general liability, workers' compensation, information technology, and printing and mail services provided to other departments or agencies of the City.

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Self- Insurance Funds	Equipment Maintenance	Information Technology	Printing/Mail Services	Total
Assets:					
Current: Cash and investments Receivables (net):	\$ 8,619,505	\$ 800,423	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,419,928
Interest	15,338	-	-	-	15,338
Prepaid costs	3,200	-	-	-	3,200
Inventories		357,977			357,977
Total Current Assets	8,638,043	1,158,400			9,796,443
Noncurrent: Capital assets, net of depreciation		143,781	215,447		359,228
Total Noncurrent Assets		143,781	215,447		359,228
Total Assets	8,638,043	1,302,181	215,447		10,155,671
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred pension related items	142,188	426,563	161,429	_	730,180
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	142,188	426,563	161,429		730,180
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 8,780,231	\$ 1,728,744	\$ 376,876	\$ -	\$ 10,885,851
Liabilities: Current:					
Accounts payable	\$ 270,928	\$ 138,427	\$ 41,741	\$ -	\$ 451,096
Payroll payable	17,917	45,113	15,445	200	78,675
Due to other funds Compensated absences	-	- 115,000	20,916	17,560	38,476 115,000
Claims and judgments	5,549,895				5,549,895
Total Current Liabilities	5,838,740	298,540	78,102	17,760	6,233,142
Noncurrent:					
Compensated absences	-	46,584	-	-	46,584 8.507.320
Claims and judgments Net pension liability	8,507,320 520,661	1,685,350	499,514	-	2,705,525
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9,027,981	1,731,934	499,514		11,259,429
Total Liabilities	14,866,721	2,030,474	577,616	17,760	17,492,571
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Deferred pension related items	151,394	495,384	141,288		788,066
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	151,394	495,384	141,288		788,066
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	- (6,237,884)	143,781 (940,895)	215,447 (557,475)	- (17,760)	359,228 (7,754,014)
Total Net Position					(7,394,786)
	(6,237,884)	(797,114)	(342,028)	(17,760)	(1,394,100)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 8,780,231	\$ 1,728,744	\$ 376,876	\$ -	\$ 10,885,851

CITY OF POMONA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Self-				
	Insurance	Equipment	Information	Printing/Mail	
Operating Revenues:	Funds	Maintenance	Technology	Services	Total
Charges for services	\$ 4,019,950	\$ 3,959,530	\$ 1,532,334	\$ 25,937	\$ 9,537,751
Miscellaneous	325,403		-		325,403
Total Operating Revenues	4,345,353	3,959,530	1,532,334	25,937	9,863,154
Operating Expenses:					
Personnel services	-	1,043,677	358,469	-	1,402,146
Operations	-	2,115,894	1,119,711	43,697	3,279,302
Claims expense	5,465,914	-	-	-	5,465,914
Insurance	-	43,743	11,106	-	54,849
Depreciation		19,312	22,440		41,752
Total Operating Expenses	5,465,914	3,222,626	1,511,726	43,697	10,243,963
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,120,561)	736,904	20,608	(17,760)	(380,809)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest revenue	59,762				59,762
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	59,762				59,762
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(1,060,799)	736,904	20,608	(17,760)	(321,047)
Transfers out		(600,000)			(600,000)
Changes in Net Position	(1,060,799)	136,904	20,608	(17,760)	(921,047)
Net Position:					
Beginning of Year	(5,177,085)	(934,018)	(362,636)	=	(6,473,739)
End of Year	\$ (6,237,884)	\$ (797,114)	\$ (342,028)	\$ (17,760)	\$ (7,394,786)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Self- Insurance Funds	Equipment Maintenance	Information Technology	Printing/Mail Services	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Tulius	Wallitellance	reciliology	Jei vices	Total
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 4,019,950	\$ 3,959,621	\$ 1,532,334	\$ 25,937	\$ 9,537,842
Cash received from (paid for) other	325,403	-	-	-	325,403
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(3,305,987)	(2,128,246)	(1,266,626)	(40,031)	(6,740,890)
Cash paid for general and administrative expenses	(54,269)	(1,287,764)	(415,012)		(1,757,045)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	985,097	543,611	(149,304)	(14,094)	1,365,310
Cash Flows from Non-Capital		040,011	(140,004)	(14,004)	1,000,010
Financing Activities:					
Cash transfers out	_	(600,000)	_	_	(600,000)
Amounts received from other funds	_	(000,000)	20,916	14,073	34,989
Amounts paid to other funds	(5,000,000)	_		,	(5,000,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	(2)222/22/				(2)222/22/
Non-Capital Financing Activities	(5,000,000)	(600,000)	20,916	14,073	(5,565,011)
·	(0,000,000)	(000,000)	20,010	14,070	(0,000,011)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	_		(13,491)	_	(13,491)
·			(13,491)		(13,431)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			//a /a/\		//
Capital and Related Financing Activities			(13,491)		(13,491)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Interest received	50,987				50,987
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					
Investing Activities	50,987	-	-	-	50,987
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash					
and Cash Equivalents	(3,963,916)	(56,389)	(141,879)	(21)	(4,162,205)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	12,583,421	856,812	141,879	21	13,582,133
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 8,619,505	\$ 800,423	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,419,928
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash					
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,120,561)	\$ 736,904	\$ 20,608	\$ (17,760)	\$ (380,809)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation	-	19,312	22,440	-	41,752
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	-	91	-	-	91
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	(3,200)	-	-	4,480	1,280
(Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(103,506)	26,141 (299,618)	(125,604)	-	26,141 (528,728)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	5,151	15,453	5,848	-	26,452
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	201,461	5,250	(135,809)	(849)	70,053
Increase (decrease) in payroll payable	5,999	(10,751)	5,069	35	352
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments	1,955,667	(10,701)	-	-	1,955,667
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	44,086	121,360	58,144		223,590
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(70,531)			(70,531)
Total Adjustments	2,105,658	(193,293)	(169,912)	3,666	1,746,119
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 985,097	\$ 543,611	\$ (149,304)	\$ (14,094)	\$ 1,365,310

Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: During fiscal year 2015-2016, there was no non-cash investing, capital and financing activities.

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The **Agency Funds** account for assets held by the City for other funds, governments or individuals. These funds include receipts and disbursements of funds for the debt service activity of the 1911 Act assessment districts, cash deposits collected for street and sidewalk encroachment permits, debt services activity related to debt without government commitment for various assessment district improvements, cash guarantees (deposits) collected by the City for various construction improvement projects, deposits of miscellaneous, self-supporting City projects, payment of various employee benefits and deductions, including, but not limited to, health and dental insurance premiums, federal and state withholding taxes, life insurance and other withholdings from regular compensation.

CITY OF POMONA

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Assessment Districts		Engineers' Revolving		Construction Guarantee		Municipal Revolving	
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	224,478	\$	420,113	\$	720,779	\$	1,244,551
Accounts Interest Due from other governments		- 285 6,183		- 465 -		- - -		13,460 - 2,625
Total Assets	\$	230,946	\$	420,578	\$	720,779	\$	1,260,636
Liabilities: Accounts payable Deposits payable Due to external parties/other agencies	\$	6,183 224,763	\$	- 420,578 -	\$	2,660 718,119 -	\$	434,938 825,698 -
Total Liabilities	\$	230,946	\$	420,578	\$	720,779	\$	1,260,636

CITY OF POMONA

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Employee Benefits/ Deductions		Total	
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 1,276,556	\$	3,886,477	
Accounts Interest Due from other governments	 - - -		13,460 750 8,808	
Total Assets	\$ 1,276,556	\$	3,909,495	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Deposits payable Due to external parties/other agencies	\$ 1,276,556 - -	\$	1,714,154 1,970,578 224,763	
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,276,556	\$	3,909,495	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance 7/1/2015			Additions		Deductions		Balance 6/30/2016
Assessment Districts								
Assets:	•	000 440	•	4 404	•	450		004.470
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	223,449	\$	1,181	\$	152	\$	224,478
Interest Due from other governments		196 37,389		285 6,183		196 37,389		285 6,183
Total Assets	\$	261,034	\$	7,649	\$	37,737	\$	230,946
Liabilities:								
Deposits payable	\$	37,389	\$	6,183	\$	37,389	\$	6,183
Due to external parties/other agencies Total Liabilities	\$	223,645 261,034	\$	1,415 7,598	\$	297 37,686	\$	224,763 230,946
Engineers' Revolving								
Assets:								
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	570,868	\$	-	\$	150,755	\$	420,113
Interest		319		465		319		465
Total Assets	\$	571,187	\$	465	\$	151,074	\$	420,578
Liabilities:								
Deposits payable	\$	571,187	\$	582	\$	151,191	\$	420,578
Total Liabilities	\$	571,187	\$	582	\$	151,191	\$	420,578
Construction Guarantee								
Assets:	Φ.	000 044	Φ.		Φ.	400.005	Φ	700 770
Cash and investments	\$ \$	920,014	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	199,235	\$	720,779
Total Assets	<u> </u>	920,014	\$	<u>-</u>		199,235	\$	720,779
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	4,409	\$	69,315	\$	71,064	\$	2,660
Deposits payable	<u> </u>	915,605	<u> </u>	48,003		245,489	<u> </u>	718,119
Total Liabilities	\$	920,014	\$	117,318	\$	316,553	\$	720,779
Municipal Revolving								
Assets:								
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	901,655	\$	1,682,281	\$	1,339,385	\$	1,244,551
Accounts		10,037		40,733		37,310		13,460
Due from other governments		3,834		2,625	_	3,834	_	2,625
Total Assets	\$	915,526	\$	1,725,639	\$	1,380,529	\$	1,260,636
Liabilities:	_							
Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$	238,272 677,254	\$	1,361,093 148,444	\$	1,164,427	\$	434,938 825,698
Total Liabilities	\$	915,526	\$	1,509,537	\$	1,164,427	\$	1,260,636
			_	. ,	<u> </u>	· ·		

CITY OF POMONA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance 7/1/2015	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2016
Employee Benefits/Deductions				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,680,299	\$ 36,641,436	\$ 37,045,179	\$ 1,276,556
Total Assets	\$ 1,680,299	\$ 36,641,436	\$ 37,045,179	\$ 1,276,556
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,680,299	\$ 36,641,436	\$ 37,045,179	\$ 1,276,556
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,680,299	\$ 36,641,436	\$ 37,045,179	\$ 1,276,556
Total - All Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 4,296,285	\$ 38,324,898	\$ 38,734,706	\$ 3,886,477
Accounts	10,037	40,733	37,310	13,460
Interest	515	750	515	750
Due from other governments	41,223	8,808	41,223	8,808
Total Assets	\$ 4,348,060	\$ 38,375,189	\$ 38,813,754	\$ 3,909,495
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,922,980	\$ 38,071,844	\$ 38,280,670	\$ 1,714,154
Deposits payable	2,201,435	203,212	434,069	1,970,578
Due to external parties/other agencies	223,645	1,415	297	224,763
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,348,060	\$ 38,276,471	\$ 38,715,036	\$ 3,909,495

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Statistical Section (Unaudited)

This part of the City of Pomona's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Conte	<u>ents</u>	<u>Page</u>
	cial Trends - These schedules contain information to help the reader to understand he City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
1 2 3 4 5	Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	178 180 184 186 188
	nue Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the most significant own-source revenue.	
6 7 8 9 10	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Principal Property Taxpayers Top 25 Sales Tax Generators Property Tax Levies and Collections	189 190 191 192 193
	<u>Capacity</u> - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of t current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	he
11 12 13 14 15 16	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Direct and Overlapping Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Pledged Revenue Coverage - Water Pledged Revenue Coverage - Sewer	194 196 197 198 199 200
	graphic and Economic Information - These schedules offer demographic and economic tors to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities ta	ke place.
17 18	Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers	201 202
under	ating Information - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader stand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides stivities it performs.	
19 20 21 22	Authorized Full-Time City Employees by Function Taxable Sales by Category Operating Indicators by Function Capital Asset Statistics by Function	203 204 206 207

	Fiscal Year						
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011		
Governmental activities: Net investment in							
capital assets	\$ 283,153,069	\$266,292,700	\$ 266,710,638	\$259,501,244	\$257,218,882		
Restricted	121,330,491	126,440,546	130,746,703	134,747,514	138,810,197		
Unrestricted	(182,279,410)	(188,834,296)	(213,456,367)	(227,480,138)	(232,125,172)		
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 222,204,150	\$203,898,950	\$184,000,974	\$166,768,620	\$ 163,903,907		
Business-type activities: Net investment in							
capital assets	\$ 52,018,893	\$ 58,437,024	\$ 68,860,850	\$ 62,252,632	\$ 53,012,960		
Restricted	4,049,389	3,015,084	2,940,659	2,225,388	7,660,879		
Unrestricted	28,867,217	32,851,495	32,957,936	34,455,240	36,095,478		
Total business-type	¢ 94 025 400	¢ 04202602	¢ 404 750 445	¢ 00 022 260	¢ 06.760.247		
activities net position	\$ 84,935,499	\$ 94,303,603	\$104,759,445	\$ 98,933,260	\$ 96,769,317		
Primary government: Net investment in							
capital assets	\$ 335,171,962	\$324,729,724	\$335,571,488	\$321,753,876	\$310,231,842		
Restricted	125,379,880	129,455,630	133,687,362	136,972,902	146,471,076		
Unrestricted	(153,412,193)	(155,982,801)	(180,498,431)	(193,024,898)	(196,029,694)		
Total primary government net position	\$ 307,139,649	\$ 298,202,553	\$ 288,760,419	\$ 265,701,880	\$ 260,673,224		

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in					
capital assets	\$272,949,495	\$266,340,326	\$239,862,742	\$232,263,791	\$224,471,223
Restricted	94,261,171	94,797,810	91,110,197	138,440,707	116,594,550
Unrestricted	(99,699,617)	(88,955,872)	(66,485,308)	(255,237,644)	(227,001,243)
Total governmental					
activities net position	\$ 267,511,049	\$272,182,264	\$264,487,631	\$115,466,854	\$114,064,530
Business-type activities:					
Net investment in					
capital assets	\$ 46,811,318	\$ 40,774,712	\$ 43,825,224	\$ 42,086,156	\$ 42,988,769
Restricted	13,544,047	14,805,693	32,725,153	28,900,238	23,984,978
Unrestricted	39,600,817	42,671,686	23,144,683	15,566,032	25,022,337
Total business-type					
activities net position	\$ 99,956,182	\$ 98,252,091	\$ 99,695,060	\$ 86,552,426	\$ 91,996,084
Primary government:					
Net investment in					
capital assets	\$319,760,813	\$307,115,038	\$283,687,966	\$274,349,947	\$267,459,992
Restricted	107,805,218	109,603,503	123,835,350	167,340,945	140,579,528
Unrestricted	(60,098,800)	(46,284,186)	(43,340,625)	(239,671,612)	(201,978,906)
Total primary					
government net position	\$ 367,467,231	\$370,434,355	\$364,182,691	\$202,019,280	\$206,060,614

			Fiscal Year		
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 5,374,997	\$ 7,799,411	\$ 11,325,897	\$ 6,492,505	\$ 6,064,138
Public safety	66,368,961	71,782,018	76,866,332	71,238,620	63,110,539
Urban development	70,071,752	58,907,290	68,405,205	87,717,680	77,538,633
Neighborhood services	12,761,215	21,517,903	10,418,491	8,228,099	7,082,135
Interest on long-term debt	25,372,308	30,865,822	27,731,312	29,442,106	29,390,035
Total governmental activities	179,949,233	190,872,444	194,747,237	203,119,010	183,185,480
Business-type activities:					
Water	23,845,899	22,807,789	18,980,506	27,457,755	29,408,125
Sewer	3,915,545	2,920,219	2,963,196	3,838,426	5,733,464
Refuse	8,921,093	8,837,471	9,805,894	8,598,275	8,762,936
Canon Water Company	17,472	96,255	16,681	11,787	13,927
Total business-type activities	36,700,009	34,661,734	31,766,277	39,906,243	43,918,452
Total primary					
government expenses	\$ 216,649,242	\$ 225,534,178	\$ 226,513,514	\$ 243,025,253	\$ 227,103,932
Program Revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
Police revenues	\$ 1,723,534	\$ 2,126,363	\$ 3,046,908	\$ 2,691,660	\$ 2,053,307
Plan check fees	543,317	924,010	410,451	297,073	354,575
Building permits	927,771	1,287,216	730,510	599,818	466,567
Graffiti abatement	530,399	560,006	566,197	561,363	564,531
Street sweeping fees	423,356	471,387	476,351	468,575	473,614
Maintenance assessment fees	1,208,338	1,172,825	1,242,240	1,214,568	1,214,829
All other	9,357,921	6,331,014	11,442,772	14,816,018	7,249,221
Operating contributions and grants	27,319,477	24,171,583	17,838,374	30,034,337	23,115,271
Capital contributions and grants	7,154,035	12,395,251	12,020,471	16,368,968	24,908,628
Total governmental					
activities program revenues	49,188,148	49,439,655	47,774,274	67,052,380	60,400,543
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Water	26,210,565	27,155,086	27,857,381	27,084,809	27,898,709
Sewer	3,384,966	4,008,291	4,189,672	4,271,176	4,342,682
Refuse	7,326,324	7,733,411	8,661,142	9,883,142	9,046,619
Canon Water Company	-	-	-	-	-
Operating contributions and grants	145,820	126,471	64,841	65,721	109,165
Capital contributions and grants	97,420	4,004,312	850		
Total business-type					
activities program revenues	37,165,095	43,027,571	40,773,886	41,304,848	41,397,175
Total primary government					
program revenues	\$ 86,353,243	\$ 92,467,226	\$ 88,548,160	\$ 108,357,228	\$ 101,797,718

	2040	2042	204.4	2045	2040
_	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses					
Governmental activities:	\$ 5.248.291	Ф 7.400.E70	¢	¢	¢ 7.500.044
General government Public safety	\$ 5,248,291 63,470,704	\$ 7,499,578 62,632,820	\$ 5,583,709 66,570,974	\$ 5,559,844 67,614,853	\$ 7,562,244 68,882,651
Urban development	94,480,470	36,407,420	47,913,493	42,134,924	43,544,386
Neighborhood services	6,771,751	14,858,140	6,181,264	6,151,817	7,853,695
Interest on long-term debt	21,834,146	7,997,227	5,364,960	5,252,517	5,027,126
Total governmental activities	191,805,362	129,395,185	131,614,400	126,713,955	132,870,102
Business-type activities:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Water	25,909,880	28,242,875	29,585,491	27,125,628	25,763,116
Sewer	5,192,272	8,544,029	4,164,990	3,962,091	4,026,081
Refuse	8,732,864	8,403,397	8,562,818	8,467,884	8,028,531
Canon Water Company	13,219	25,163	18,154	26,747	21,080
Total business-type activities	39,848,235	45,215,464	42,331,453	39,582,350	37,838,808
Total primary					
government expenses	\$ 231,653,597	\$174,610,649	\$ 173,945,853	\$ 166,296,305	\$ 170,708,910
		1			
Program Revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
Police revenues	\$ 2,493,299	\$ 3,066,121	\$ 3,316,768	\$ 3,488,416	\$ 3,376,174
Plan check fees	408,563	1,017,684	816,046	778,349	1,219,738
Building permits	687,783	937,070	1,107,049	1,093,143	2,353,704
Graffiti abatement	563,935	552,417	567,499	566,547	568,757
Street sweeping fees	472,717	462,461	475,665	474,722	476,646
Maintenance assessment fees	1,229,707	1,229,659	1,193,066	1,213,094	1,176,050
All other	731,866	9,066,076	6,014,243	6,708,617	8,100,519
Operating contributions and grants	18,896,518	20,548,119	19,501,511	17,564,805	16,994,223
Capital contributions and grants	18,512,640	15,442,436	12,758,089	12,627,464	11,413,949
Total governmental					
activities program revenues	43,997,028	52,322,043	45,749,936	44,515,157	45,679,760
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Water	29,405,992	30,633,205	31,611,142	29,888,243	28,189,546
Sewer	4,528,346	4,461,575	4,684,934	4,733,661	4,425,247
Refuse	9,273,301	9,107,603	9,561,681	9,523,134	9,692,936
Canon Water Company	-	64,221	64,221	64,221	64,221
Operating contributions and grants	880	46,588	42,833	42,052	45,841
Capital contributions and grants	388,000		-		
Total business-type		·	·		
activities program revenues	43,596,519	44,313,192	45,964,811	44,251,311	42,417,791
Total primary government					
program revenues	\$ 87,593,547	\$ 96,635,235	\$ 91,714,747	\$ 88,766,468	\$ 88,097,551

		Fiscal Y	ear		
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (130,761,085) 465,086	\$ (141,432,789) 8,365,837	\$ (146,972,963) 9,007,609	\$ (136,066,630) 1,398,605	\$ (122,784,937) (2,521,277)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (130,295,999)	\$ (133,066,952)	\$ (137,965,354)	\$ (134,668,025)	\$ (125,306,214)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes: Property taxes Sales taxes	\$ 51,952,231 19,072,975	\$ 56,246,496 17,200,015	\$ 65,303,064 10,628,900	\$ 60,772,676 11,224,835	\$ 58,116,765 9,507,105
Motor vehicle licenses Transient occupancy taxes Property transfer taxes Franchise taxes Utility users taxes Business licenses Other taxes Investment earnings/(expenses) Miscellaneous	874,237 1,727,097 2,152,388 5,871,860 18,290,416 2,844,503 2,459,714 19,509,780 2,240,671	718,936 1,718,607 1,189,405 5,776,052 18,154,259 2,977,865 1,973,674 19,956,964 2,568,179	555,277 1,450,270 1,020,258 6,861,266 17,732,063 3,051,371 17,579 17,219,062 3,246,127	479,477 1,300,209 1,114,825 6,094,548 17,165,968 2,890,920 10,356 14,542,222 2,193,630	829,147 1,266,721 987,363 5,910,791 17,718,623 2,730,397 4,008 23,775,050 2,547,071
Extraordinary gain/(loss) on disollution of Redevelopment Agency Transfers	716,025	(1,753,920)	(10,250)	1,044,610	(220,346)
Total governmental activities	127,711,897	126,726,532	127,074,987	118,834,276	123,172,695
Business-type activities: Investment earnings/(expenses) Miscellaneous Income (loss) on sale of capital assets	108,433 516,717	(1,696,056) 944,403	(563,393) 2,001,376	(6,192,697) 12,517	133,255 3,733
Transfers	(716,025)	1,753,920	10,250	(1,044,610)	220,346
Total business-type activities	(90,875)	1,002,267	1,448,233	(7,224,790)	357,334
Total primary government	\$ 127,621,022	\$ 127,728,799	\$ 128,523,220	\$ 111,609,486	\$ 123,530,029
Changes in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (3,049,188) 374,211	\$ (14,706,257) 9,368,104	\$ (19,897,976) 10,455,842	\$ (17,232,354) (5,826,185)	\$ 387,758 (2,163,943)
Total primary government	\$ (2,674,977)	\$ (5,338,153)	\$ (9,442,134)	\$ (23,058,539)	\$ (1,776,185)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental activities	\$ (147,808,334)	\$ (77,073,142)	\$ (85,864,464)	\$ (82,198,798)	\$ (87,190,342)
Business-type activities	3,748,284	(902,272)	3,633,358	4,668,961	4,578,983
Total primary					
government net expense	\$ (144,060,050)	\$ (77,975,414)	\$ (82,231,106)	\$ (77,529,837)	\$ (82,611,359)
General Revenues and					
Other Changes in Net Position					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 41,754,679	\$ 32,143,878	\$ 33,630,550	\$ 36,408,806	\$ 33,716,887
Sales taxes	10,804,554	12,354,719	12,040,357	13,544,946	15,171,472
Motor vehicle licenses	83,907	69,443	-	67,079	61,498
Transient occupancy taxes	1,359,064	1,473,662	1,560,682	1,568,387	1,723,719
Property transfer taxes	1,111,530	1,475,856	1,430,195	1,581,039	1,859,615
Franchise taxes	5,961,105	5,671,708	6,029,371	6,563,245	6,425,511
Utility users taxes	17,374,682	16,941,444	17,311,594	17,465,816	16,419,345
Business licenses	3,065,405	3,123,120	3,171,919	3,346,851	3,408,813
Other taxes	69,575	20,966	12,963	59,221	139,498
Investment earnings/(expenses)	13,432,247	4,363,428	2,304,604	2,109,521	2,665,388
Miscellaneous	6,703,775	2,347,387	2,900,772	3,461,493	3,759,791
Extraordinary gain/(loss) on					
disollution of Redevelopment Age	149,004,835	804,048	(144,397)	808,340	-
Transfers	690,118	954,698	538,371	1,011,800	(482,001)
Total governmental activities	251,415,476	81,744,357	80,786,981	87,996,544	84,869,536
Business-type activities:					
Investment earnings/(expenses)	126,449	41,890	125,696	92,349	313,933
Miscellaneous	2,250	31,677	117,000	121,408	817,020
Income (loss) on					
sale of capital assets	-	79,312	9,205	1,965	-
Transfers	(690,118)	(954,698)	(538,371)	(1,011,800)	482,001
Total business-type activities	(561,419)	(801,819)	(286,470)	(796,078)	1,612,954
Total primary government	\$ 250,854,057	\$ 80,942,538	\$ 80,500,511	\$ 87,200,466	\$ 86,482,490
Changes in Not Bookies					
Changes in Net Position	¢ 102 607 142	¢ 1671015	¢ (5.077.402)	¢ 5707.746	¢ (2.220.00c)
Governmental activities	\$ 103,607,142	\$ 4,671,215	\$ (5,077,483)	\$ 5,797,746	\$ (2,320,806)
Business-type activities	3,186,865	(1,704,091)	3,346,888	3,872,883	6,191,937
Total primary government	\$ 106,794,007	\$ 2,967,124	\$ (1,730,595)	\$ 9,670,629	\$ 3,871,131

		Fiscal Yea	ar		
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Fund:					
Reserved	\$ 6,888,120	\$ 4,459,873	\$ 4,365,820	\$ 4,270,613	\$ -
Unreserved	13,903,948	10,809,579	4,430,794	2,265,028	-
Non-spendable	-	-	-	-	126,089
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	5,563,011
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	<u> </u>				
Total General Fund	\$ 20,792,068	\$ 15,269,452	\$ 8,796,614	\$ 6,535,641	\$ 5,689,100
All Other Governmental Funds:					
Reserved	\$ 329,767,481	\$293,334,925	\$305,411,945	\$ 289,165,426	\$ -
Unreserved, designated	2,570,640	-	-	-	-
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds	21,518,821	12,653,645	5,729,977	18,753,085	-
Debt service funds	(182,023,917)	(198,469,799)	(155,935,490)	(160,398,749)	-
Capital projects funds	1,421,840	60,383,675	2,288,382	(1,497,507)	-
Non-spendable	-	-	-	-	259,577,717
Restricted	-	-	-	-	81,339,275
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned					(202,261,861)
Total All Other					
Governmental Funds	\$ 173,254,865	\$167,902,446	\$157,494,814	\$146,022,255	\$ 138,655,131

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Fund:					
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-
Non-spendable	140,834	109,949	112,436	102,280	106,876
Restricted Committed	2 007 195	- 7,316,769	12,260,809	- 14 467 014	- 15 664 072
Assigned	2,007,185	7,310,709	12,200,009	14,467,914	15,664,972
Unassigned	-	-	-	2,717,909	1,067,804
Total General Fund	\$ 2,148,019	\$ 7,426,718	\$12,373,245	\$17,288,103	\$16,839,652
All Other Governmental Funds:					
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, designated	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service funds	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds		-	-	-	-
Non-spendable	60,310,838	13,880,356	11,996,916	84,397,170	9,081
Restricted	41,875,382	88,633,395	86,119,256	54,043,537	116,585,469
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	(43,208,211)	(41,655,762)	(41,134,968)	(59,893,036)	(39,170,313)
Total All Other					
Governmental Funds	\$58,978,009	\$60,857,989	\$56,981,204	\$78,547,671	\$77,424,237

	Fiscal Year									
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011					
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 105,245,421	\$ 113,490,746	\$ 109,044,092	\$ 98,510,896	\$ 95,691,191					
Special assessments	1,166,719	1,172,826	1,220,222	1,214,569	1,214,829					
Licenses and permits	6,690,241	6,261,842	7,350,264	4,297,116	3,333,417					
Intergovernmental	34,431,013	27,091,322	25,673,807	48,689,417	50,654,510					
Charges for services	2,296,395	2,755,212	2,080,651	8,855,789	3,625,992					
Interest and rentals	19,509,672	19,954,480	17,115,029	14,542,222	15,732,587					
Fines and forfeitures	2,647,955	3,364,372	4,108,850	2,065,041	1,784,123					
Loans repaid	912,428	235,265	253,064	46,814	-					
Contributions and donations	3,344,179	257,000	-	-	-					
Miscellaneous	2,240,671	2,629,419	4,888,034	3,401,802	4,663,782					
Total Revenues	178,484,694	177,212,484	171,734,013	181,623,666	176,700,431					
Expenditures:										
General government	5,000,827	5,054,617	4,104,160	4,046,274	3,073,323					
Public safety	64,735,812	70,637,275	72,729,944	67,888,838	61,574,218					
Urban development	58,373,543	59,624,349	69,119,619	88,899,216	83,925,250					
Neighborhood services	12,120,611	20,816,615	8,823,294	7,121,480	5,889,207					
Capital outlay	19,944,715	2,246,951	5,462,154	2,969,473	2,644,383					
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	9,251,232	8,078,448	4,127,225	4,338,517	5,480,210					
Interest and fiscal charges	27,328,302	27,092,737	26,855,452	27,311,933	26,522,841					
Debt issuance costs	1,253,413	241,350								
Total Expenditures	198,008,455	193,792,342	191,221,848	202,575,731	189,109,432					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	(19,523,761)	(16,579,858)	(19,487,835)	(20,952,065)	(12,409,001)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Notes and loans issued	74,207,460	8,805,595	533,765	533,765	649,425					
Bond premium	1,087,257	57,600	-	-	-					
Payments to escrow agent	(59,750,000)	-	-	-	-					
Proceeds from capital leases	1,714,407	304,646	2,048,956	-	-					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	110,148	980,368	34,894	5,640,158	1,764,196					
Gain/Loss - sale of land held for resale	(654,961)	(101,238)	-	-	-					
Transfers in	71,510,464	35,568,008	29,592,084	21,194,695	25,487,284					
Transfers out	(70,794,439)	(39,460,156)	(29,602,334)	(20,150,085)	(29,524,748)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	17,430,336	6,154,823	2,607,365	7,218,533	(1,623,843)					
Extraordinary gain/(loss) on dissolution										
of Redevelopment Agency	e (2.002.40E)	- (40 40F 00F)	- (46 000 470)	- (40 700 F00)	- (1.4.020.044)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (2,093,425)	\$ (10,425,035)	\$ (16,880,470)	\$(13,733,532)	\$(14,032,844)					
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	21.25%	18.49%	16.68%	15.86%	17.16%					

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 79,677,392	\$72,063,654	\$74,894,452	\$79,325,218	\$77,688,810
Special assessments	1,229,707	1,229,658	1,193,067	1,213,093	1,176,050
Licenses and permits	4,234,901	5,770,483	6,637,168	6,569,523	9,416,790
Intergovernmental	38,432,208	35,229,918	32,189,819	30,287,748	27,724,855
Charges for services	3,637,583	4,619,080	4,145,014	4,009,626	4,633,898
Interest and rentals	13,417,141	4,364,959	2,294,343	2,098,902	2,605,626
Fines and forfeitures	1,820,973	1,960,621	2,119,972	2,063,417	2,055,615
Loans repaid	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions and donations	-	_	_	51,581	602,278
Miscellaneous	5,223,877	5,040,269	2,329,091	3,175,185	3,266,373
Total Revenues	147,673,782	130,278,642	125,802,926	128,794,293	129,170,295
Expenditures:					
General government	2,385,778	4,388,871	3,569,806	4,037,452	5,002,584
Public safety	61,362,969	62,362,342	65,349,307	68,400,434	71,798,453
Urban development	59,708,273	45,707,873	43,679,402	43,859,126	35,196,589
Neighborhood services	5,577,913	5,007,798	4,748,939	4,702,795	4,637,086
Capital outlay	1,835,062	2,040,791	1,660,811	993,126	7,666,738
Debt service:	, ,	. ,	, ,	,	
Principal retirement	8,123,605	2,437,533	2,817,951	2,916,051	3,079,718
Interest and fiscal charges	25,243,568	7,358,464	4,974,045	4,855,160	4,627,698
Debt issuance costs	-	_	_	_	-
Total Expenditures	164,237,168	129,303,672	126,800,261	129,764,144	132,008,866
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(16,563,386)	974,970	(997,335)	(969,851)	(2,838,571)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Notes and loans issued	-	200,000	300,000	_	-
Bond premium	-	_	_	_	-
Payments to escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from capital leases	620,860	695,000	-	-	400,408
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	271,938	4,529,370	1,047,249	35,530	-
Gain/Loss - sale of land held for resale	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	15,766,850	16,654,519	8,628,509	9,379,865	9,899,873
Transfers out	(15,076,732)	(15,699,821)	(7,764,284)	(8,368,065)	(9,781,874)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,582,916	6,379,068	2,211,474	1,047,330	518,407
Extraordinary gain/(loss) on dissolution					
of Redevelopment Agency	(68,237,733)	(195,359)	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (83,218,203)	\$ 7,158,679	\$ 1,214,139	\$ 77,479	\$ (2,320,164)
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures	20.55%	7.70%	6.23%	6.03%	6.20%

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Motor Vehicle License	Transient Occupancy	Property Transfer Tax	Franchise	Utility Users Tax	Business Licenses	Other	Total
2007	\$51,952	\$ 19,073	\$ 874	\$ 1,727	\$ 2,152	\$ 5,872	\$ 18,290	\$ 2,845	\$ 2,460	\$ 105,245
2008	56,246	17,200	719	1,719	1,189	5,776	18,154	2,978	1,974	105,955
2009	65,303	10,629	555	1,450	1,020	6,861	17,732	3,051	19	106,620
2010	60,773	11,225	479	1,300	1,115	6,095	17,166	2,891	10	101,054
2011	58,117	9,507	829	1,267	987	5,911	17,719	2,730	4	97,071
2012	41,755	10,805	84	1,359	1,112	5,961	17,375	3,065	70	81,586
2013	32,144	12,355	69	1,474	1,476	5,672	16,941	3,123	20	73,274
2014	33,631	12,040	-	1,561	1,430	6,029	17,312	3,172	13	75,188
2015	36,409	13,545	68	1,568	1,581	6,563	17,466	3,347	59	80,606
2016	33,717	15,171	61	1,724	1,860	6,426	16,419	3,409	139	78,926

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Other	Unitary Values	Unsecured Property	Less: Tax Exempt Property (1)	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (2)	Estimated Actual Taxable Value (3)	Factor of Taxable Assessed Value (3)
2007	\$ 5,555,560	\$ 850,046	\$ 927,732	\$ 619,284	\$ 5,880	\$ 376,178	\$ 274,419	\$ 8,060,261	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -
2008	6,175,439	946,442	1,012,035	690,821	790	372,791	429,662	8,768,656	1.13719	-	-
2009	6,486,480	1,019,941	1,104,778	754,630	790	384,081	447,378	9,303,322	0.14340	8,726,237	0.937970
2010	5,759,284	1,039,418	1,197,842	830,321	788	381,397	459,461	8,749,589	0.17547	8,691,272	1.004839
2011	5,441,493	1,034,597	1,244,142	885,973	788	352,403	538,120	8,421,276	0.20728	8,288,686	0.984255
2012	5,571,482	998,040	1,226,077	905,772	655	360,777	652,301	8,410,502	0.20375	8,637,468	1.026986
2013	5,679,812	1,019,770	1,178,211	884,418	655	350,896	678,279	8,435,483	0.21734	9,148,296	1.084502
2014	5,932,623	1,059,762	1,233,924	869,787	374	372,621	647,264	8,821,827	0.18781	11,575,340	1.312125
2015	6,396,012	1,070,267	1,261,918	942,134	_	379,640	814,565	9,235,406	0.19079	12,340,257	1.336190
2016	6,713,231	1,111,554	1,325,414	305,936	-	383,971	818,224	9,840,106	0.22197	10,658,330	1.339440

Source: Los Angeles County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC (for years 2007 to 2015), HdL for the 2016 year. Prior Year values have been restated for consistency and compliance with GASB No. 44 guidelines (1) Exemptions are exclusive of home owner exemptions.

(2) Total direct tax rate is the voter approved taxes over and above the 1% Proposition 13 tax for TRA 007-790.

(3) Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current median sale prices. Based on these calculations a multiplier value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

Schedule 7

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Dania City and County Laws										
Basic City and County Levy:										
City of Pomona	0.000000	0.000000	0.233504	0.310821	0.233504	0.233504	0.233504	0.233504	0.233504	0.233504
Other taxing agencies	0.000000	0.000000	0.766496	0.689179	0.766496	0.766496	0.766496	0.766496	0.766496	0.766496
Total	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
Override Assessments:										
County	0.000660	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
Unified Schools	0.124010	0.113790	0.115771	0.145455	0.177212	0.173636	0.184882	0.164074	0.165993	0.297990
Community College	0.021840	0.017500	0.023326	0.025710	0.026363	0.026415	0.028957	0.020231	0.021294	0.037950
Flood Control	0.000050	0.001400	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
Metro Water District	0.004700	0.004500	0.004300	0.004300	0.003700	0.003700	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500
Total	0.151260	0.137190	0.143397	0.175465	0.207275	0.203751	0.217339	0.187805	0.190787	0.339440
_		·	·	·	·		·			
Total Tax Rate	1.151260	1.137190	1.143397	1.175465	1.207275	1.203751	1.217339	1.187805	1.190787	1.339440

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor/Controller data, MuniServices, LLC (for years 2007 to 2015), HdL for the 2016 year.

2007-08 and prior: prior year CAFR reports
For presentation purposes, TRA 007-790 is represented

	20	16	2007				
			Percent of Total City				Percent of Total City
	Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable
Taypayar	Assessed	Donk	Assessed		Assessed	Donk	Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Value		Valuation	Rank	Value
Crest Financing LP	\$ 83,535,719	1	0.85%				
Los Angeles County Fair Assoc	46,592,577	2	0.47%	\$	32,998,297	4	0.41%
Rexford Indurstrial Realty LP	39,412,025	3	0.40%				
KTR Pomona LLC	37,004,717	4	0.38%				
Monterey Station LLC	35,515,060	5	0.36%				
LBA Realty Fund III - Company VII LLC	30,666,314	6	0.31%				
CMC Dragon LP	29,112,221	7	0.30%				
Pomona II LLC	28,858,509	8	0.29%				
PI Properties	25,739,538	9	0.26%				
Bre Paragon MF Olive Ridge	24,624,203	10	0.25%				
Pomona Valley Hospital Medical Center	, ,				89,532,866	1	1.11%
Udr Crest Lp					61,860,611	2	0.77%
Casa Colina Hospital					43,889,801	3	0.54%
West 2nd Street Storage Ptrs					31,992,300	5	0.40%
Ripon Cogeneration LLC					30,917,652	6	0.38%
Realty Associates					24,645,474	7	0.31%
Rockwell Collins Inc.					23,441,869	8	0.29%
Topanga Owensmouth 7 LLC					23,114,984	9	0.29%
Devry Inc.					21,268,678	10	0.26%
•					, ,		

Source: Los Angeles County Assessor data, HdL, Coren & Cone

City of Pomona
Top 25 Sales Tax Generators
in Alphabetical Order
Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

2016

ACS Distributors

Alstar Kia

Arco AM/PM Mini Marts

Bastian Material Handling

Cornucopia Foods

DD's Discounts

Ferguson Enterprises

Giant RV Center

Global Rental Company

HD Supply Repair & Remodel

Home Depot

Huntington Hardware

Hyundai Lease Titling Trust

Mar-Co Equipment Company

Mike Thompson's Recreational

Phenix Enterprises

Ralph's Grocery Company

Richard S. Dawson Company

Rohr Steel

Ryder Vehicle Sales

Sheraton Hotel

Superior Duct Fabrication

Target Stores

USA Service Stations

Wal Mart Stores

Source: MuniServices, LLC

2007

Arco AM/PM Mini Marts Barretts Equine Sales

Car Pros Kia

Chevron Service Stations

Circuit City

Contractors Warhouse Ferguson Enterprises

GTE Communication Systems Corp

Home Depot

Huntington Hardware

Mike Thompson's Recreational

Myers Tire Supply

Puma Oil

Rancho Valley Chevrolet/Geo Redhill Forest Products Inc Rio Rancho Buick/Pontiac/GMC Rio Rancho Chrysler Jeep & Dod

Rohr Steel

Shell Service Stations

Siemens Energy & Automation Sylvania Lighting Services Texaco Service Stations

Toys R Us Wal Mart Stores West Coast RV's

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected w Fiscal Year o		Delinguent			Total Collections to Date			
Ended June 30	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Tax Collections			Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2007	\$ 11,542,995	\$ 11,208,880	97.1%	\$	1,627,684	\$	12,836,564	111.2%		
2008	12,434,540	12,278,199	98.7%		1,355,970		13,634,169	109.6%		
2009	13,488,955	12,976,085	96.2%		977,302		13,953,387	103.4%		
2010	12,344,605	12,099,841	98.0%		608,391		12,708,232	102.9%		
2011	11,962,439	11,830,918	98.9%		697,738		12,528,656	104.7%		
2012	12,329,907	12,113,998	98.2%		377,392		12,491,390	101.3%		
2013	12,528,234	12,434,130	99.2%		349,337		12,783,467	102.0%		
2014	13,596,705	13,442,112	98.9%		637,832		14,079,944	103.6%		
2015	14,612,641	14,510,121	99.3%		613,771		15,123,892	103.5%		
2016	13,843,856	13,691,612	98.9%		230,228		13,921,840	100.6%		

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor/Controller, City of Pomona Finance Department

			Governme	ntal Activities		
Fiscal Year	Tax		Pension	Certificates		Total
Ended	Allocation	Revenue	Obligation	of		Governmental
June 30	Bonds	Bonds	Ref Bonds	Participation	Other	Activities
2007	\$ 9,815,000	\$ 227,448,178	\$ 42,280,684	\$ 13,801,167	\$ 32,120,626	\$ 325,465,655
2008	9,730,000	229,692,274	42,280,684	13,520,545	33,021,439	328,244,942
2009	9,645,000	227,390,370	42,280,684	13,234,923	36,000,684	328,551,661
2010	9,555,000	224,932,467	42,209,382	12,944,301	37,228,313	326,869,463
2011	9,460,000	222,313,564	44,114,118	12,643,679	43,497,491	332,028,852
2012	-	43,836,347	44,299,214	12,333,057	2,379,277	102,847,895
2013	-	42,446,378	44,400,752	12,012,435	1,864,337	100,723,902
2014	-	41,110,000	44,414,040	11,681,813	1,754,285	98,960,138
2015	-	39,564,000	44,333,953	11,336,191	1,241,295	96,475,439
2016	-	37,938,000	44,152,153	10,970,569	1,137,985	94,198,707

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior year.

Bus	siness-type Activi	ties			
Revenue Bonds	Other	Total Business-type Activities	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Debt per Capita (1)
\$ 140,135,710	\$ 2,219,551	\$ 142,355,261	\$ 467,820,916	n/a	2,885
139,885,619	1,744,955	141,630,574	469,875,516	n/a	2,876
139,635,527	1,286,361	140,921,888	469,473,549	n/a	2,873
139,070,435	844,741	139,915,176	466,784,639	n/a	2,857
137,580,343	515,674	138,096,017	470,124,869	n/a	2,877
136,030,252	174,904	136,205,156	239,053,051	n/a	1,468
135,674,210	4,112,175	139,786,385	240,510,287	n/a	1,593
133,915,426	3,564,689	137,480,115	236,440,253	n/a	1,558
132,086,642	3,004,392	135,091,034	231,566,473	n/a	1,519
130,187,861	2,430,985	132,618,846	226,817,553	n/a	1,458

		General	Bon	ded Debt	Outs	tanding						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Revenue Bonds	Tax llocation Bonds	Ol	ension oligation of Bonds		rtificates of ticipation	Total	estricted for t Service *	Ne	et Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Value of Property (1)	Per pita (2)
2007	\$227,448	\$ 9,815	\$	42,281	\$	13,802	\$ 293,346	\$ 7,031	\$	286,315	3.9%	\$ 1,809
2008	229,692	9,730		42,281		13,521	295,224	14,073		281,151	3.6%	1,807
2009	227,390	9,645		42,281		13,235	292,551	13,233		279,318	3.1%	1,790
2010	224,932	9,555		42,209		12,944	289,640	17,589		272,051	3.3%	1,779
2011	222,313	9,460		44,114		12,644	288,531	29,115		259,416	3.4%	1,933
2012	43,836	_		44,299		12,333	100,468	51,855		48,613	1.2%	670
2013	42,446	-		44,401		12,012	98,859	50,439		48,420	1.2%	655
2014	41,110	_		44,414		11,682	97,206	49,229		47,977	1.1%	640
2015	39,564	_		44,334		11,336	95,234	47,845		47,389	1.0%	625
2016	37,938	-		44,152		10,971	93,061	46,248		46,813	0.9%	598

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*} Includes bond reserves and unspent bond proceeds.

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule 6 for property value data.

⁽²⁾ Population data can be found in Schedule 17.

OVERLAPPING DEBT 06/30/2016:	Total Debt 6/30/2016	% Applicable (1)	City's Share of Debt 06/30/2016
Los Angeles County Flood Control District Metropolitan Water District Citrus Community College District Mount San Antonio Community College District Bonita Unified School District Claremont Unified School District Pomona Unified School District Total Overlapping Debt City of Pomona 1915 Act Bonds Obligations Under Capital Leases Notes Payable Revenue Bonds Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds Certificates of Participation	\$ - 44,916,916 96,907,553 367,992,615 128,484,790 29,070,000 240,584,892 907,956,766 3,915,000 702,958 435,000 37,938,000 44,152,153 10,970,569	0.000% 0.619% 1.229% 12.047% 0.254% 6.077% 75.786% 100.000% 100.000% 100.000% 100.000% 100.000%	\$ - 277,825 1,191,254 44,331,779 326,984 1,766,684 182,329,896 230,224,422 3,915,000 702,958 435,000 37,938,000 44,152,153 10,970,569
Total Direct Debt TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT	98,113,680 \$1,006,070,446	- 100.000%	98,113,680
OVERLAPPING DEBT 06/30/2007:	Total Debt 6/30/2007	% Applicable (1)	City's Share of Debt 06/30/2007
Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Flood Control District Metropolitan Water District Citrus Community College District Mount San Antonio Community College District Bonita Unified School District Claremont Unified School District Pomona Unified School District Total Overlapping Debt	\$ 8,395,000 370,000 165,681,509 57,100,000 176,917,046 54,539,790 42,665,000 153,632,278 659,300,623	0.685% 0.672% 0.757% 1.335% 12.915% 0.144% 6.766% 76.916%	\$ 57,471 2,487 1,253,815 762,289 22,849,244 78,666 2,886,576 118,168,231 146,058,779
Total Overlapping Debt City of Pomona 1915 Act Bonds Participation Agreement County Deferred Tax Loan Obligations Under Capital Leases Notes Payable Revenue Bonds Tax Allocation Bonds Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds Certificates of Participation Total Direct Debt	9,485,000 25,475,833 4,169,793 2,475,000 227,448,178 9,815,000 42,280,684 13,801,167 334,950,655	100.000% 100.000% 100.000% 100.000% 100.000% 100.000% 100.000% 100.000%	9,485,000 25,475,833 4,169,793 2,475,000 227,448,178 9,815,000 42,280,684 13,801,167 334,950,655
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT	\$ 994,251,278	-	\$ 481,009,434

Source: HdL, and prior year CAFR

¹⁾ Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within the boundaries of the city.

City of Pomona Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

2016	1,840,106 15.00%	,476,016	,476,016	%00.0
2015	840,106 \$9 15.00%	476,016 \$1	476,016 \$1	%00:0
2014	,821,827 \$9, 15.00%	,323,274 \$1,	,323,274 \$1,	%00.0
2013	\$9,303,322 \$8,749,589 \$8,421,276 \$8,410,502 \$8,435,483 \$8,821,827 \$9,840,106 \$9,840,106 15.00% 15.00	1,265,322 \$1	\$1,395,498 \$1,312,438 \$1,263,191 \$1,261,575 \$1,265,322 \$1,323,274 \$1,476,016 \$1,476,016	%00.0
2012	8,410,502 \$1 15.00%	1,261,575 \$	1,261,575 \$	%00.0
2011	\$8,421,276 \$ 15.00%	\$1,263,191 \$	\$1,263,191	%00:0
2010	\$8,749,589 \\ 15.00%	\$1,312,438	\$1,312,438	0.00%
2009	\$9,303,322 15.00%	\$1,395,498	\$1,395,498	%00:0
2008				%00'0
2007	\$8,060,261 \$8,768,656 15.00% 15.00%	\$1,209,039 \$1,315,298 -	\$1,209,039 \$1,315,298	0.00%
	Assessed valuation Debt limit percentage	Debt limit Amount of debt applicable to debt limit	Legal debt margin	Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2016

Assessed Value Debt Limit 15%	\$9,840,106 1,476,016
Debt applicable to debt limit	•
Legal Debt Margin	\$1,476,016

Notes: Under State Finance Law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of the total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

			Wat	er Revenue Bor	nds		
Fiscal Year		Less	Net				
Ended	Water	Operating	Available		Debt Service		
June 30	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2007	32,745,372	30,868,171	1,877,201	-	616,981	616,981	3.0
2008	26,282,806	21,557,482	4,725,324	_	-	-	N/A
2009	27,750,167	22,229,863	5,520,304	-	5,106,170	5,106,170	1.1
2010	27,071,134	20,970,174	6,100,960	200,000	5,099,665	5,299,665	1.2
2011	27,087,846	19,041,122	8,046,724	1,095,000	5,087,935	6,182,935	1.3
2012	27,735,841	18,961,467	8,774,374	1,140,000	5,041,155	6,181,155	1.4
2013	28,794,435	20,836,902	7,957,533	1,190,000	4,992,405	6,182,405	1.3
2014	29,734,402	22,343,608	7,390,794	1,240,000	4,941,475	6,181,475	1.2
2015	29,076,093	20,837,368	8,238,725	1,295,000	4,888,376	6,183,376	1.3
2016	28,189,546	18,073,465	10,116,081	1,350,000	4,991,195	6,341,195	1.6

Notes: Details regarding the City's Water Fund outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Prior Year information has been restated for consistency and compliance with GASB No. 44 guidelines.

No ratio calculation for 2008 due to bond refunding.

			Sew	er Revenue Bor	nds		
Fiscal Year		Less	Net				
Ended	Sewer	Operating	Available		Debt Service		
June 30	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2007	3,745,389	2,671,343	1,074,046	175,000	827,787	1,002,787	1.1
2008	4,368,532	2,356,508	2,012,024	180,000	1,295,540	1,475,540	1.4
2009	4,424,826	2,426,368	1,998,458	180,000	1,302,305	1,482,305	1.3
2010	4,348,448	2,530,093	1,818,355	295,000	1,310,465	1,605,465	1.1
2011	4,400,436	2,444,519	1,955,917	325,000	1,301,753	1,626,753	1.2
2012	4,570,662	2,445,349	2,125,313	340,000	1,290,216	1,630,216	1.3
2013	4,497,533	2,511,043	1,986,490	355,000	1,277,020	1,632,020	1.2
2014	4,736,852	2,800,219	1,936,633	370,000	1,262,289	1,632,289	1.2
2015	4,783,591	2,777,759	2,005,832	385,000	1,247,875	1,632,875	1.2
2016	4,490,402	2,014,093	2,476,309	400,000	1,231,690	1,631,690	1.5

Notes: Details regarding the City's Sewer Fund outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Prior Year information has been restated for consistency and compliance with GASB No. 44 guidelines.

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (2) (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Median Age	Public School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2007	162,140	2,398,683	14,794	26.5	33,683	5.8%
2008	163,405	2,398,683	14,679	26.5	33,683	5.8%
2009	163,408	2,747,869	16,816	28.7	30,032	8.4%
2010	162,817	2,728,162	16,756	28.7	31,864	12.9%
2011	149,243	2,651,969	17,769	28.6	28,298	14.7%
2012	149,950	2,533,677	16,897	28.1	27,737	13.2%
2013	150,942	2,593,902	17,185	29.5	27,186	12.2%
2014	151,713	2,392,059	15,767	30.2	26,264	11.0%
2015	152,419	2,659,712	17,450	29.9	25,311	7.9%
2016	155,604	2,575,663	16,552	30.4	24,673	7.5%

Source: 2008-09, 2009-10, 2011-12, 2012-13, 2013-14, and 2014-15: MuniServices, LLC

Source: 2010-11, 2008-09 and prior: prior year previous CAFR reports.

Source: 2015-16, HdL

⁽¹⁾ Population Projections are provided by California Department of Finance Projections.

⁽²⁾ Income Data is provided by the United States Census Data and is adjusted for inflation.

⁽³⁾ Public School Enrollment reflects the total number of students enrolled in Pomona Unified School District only, per scho

⁽⁴⁾ Unemployment rates are provided by the Employment Development Department, Bureau of Labor and Statistics Depar

		2016	i		2007	7
			Percentage			Percentage
	Number of		of Total City	Number of		of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Pomona Valley Hospital	3,270	1	5.0%	3,080	2	4.6%
Pomona Unified School District	2,926	2	4.5%	3,406	1	5.1%
California State Polytechnic University	2,612	3	4.0%			
Fairplex	954	4	1.5%			
Casa Colina Rehabilitation Center	938	5	1.4%	600	6	0.9%
City of Pomona	685	6	1.1%	708	4	1.1%
Verizon	596	7	0.9%	596	7	0.9%
County of Los Angeles Department of Social Services	400	8	0.6%	378	9	0.6%
First Transit	348	9	0.5%	311	11	0.5%
Inland Valley Care & Rehab	341	10	0.5%	270	15	0.4%
Kittrich Corporation	256	11	0.4%			
Torn & Glasser Inc.	242	12	0.4%			
Hayward Industries Inc	230	13	0.4%	351	10	0.5%
Walmart Stores Inc	207	14	0.3%	284	13	0.4%
Anheuser Busch Sales Pomona	204	15	0.3%			
Lanterman Developmental Center				1,780	3	2.6%
California Acrylic Industries				650	5	1.0%
Royal Cabinets				450	8	0.7%
Interstate Brands West Corp				300	12	0.4%
Pioneer Electronics				280	14	0.4%

Source: City of Pomona business license data and Businesses; 2007 CAFR Total Employment Source: www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Government	36	36	29	26	24	20	19	19	20	20
Support Services	46	52	44	36	33	32	32	32	31	32
Police	345	348	342	335	271	270	269	270	268	270
Public Works	88	87	81	199	184	184	170	169	170	106
Water/Wastewater	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	68
Community Development	40	40	40	38	47	40	38	40	0	0
Dev & Neighborhood Svcs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	47
Utility Services	127	128	127	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Community Services and										
Library _	78	80	78	32	21	21	11	9	2	2
Total =	760	771	741	666	580	567	539	539	538	545

Various departments were consolidated in 2009-2010

Source: City of Pomona Finance Department

City of Pomona Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Calendar Years (in thousands of dollars)

	2007		 2008		2009		2010		2011
Apparel Stores General Merchandise Food Stores Eating and Drinking Places Building Materials Auto Dealers and Supplies Service Stations Other Retail Stores All Other Outlets Drug Stores Home Furnishing Packaged Liquor Store	\$	7,929 49,839 71,838 121,796 283,287 217,924 194,850 130,933 544,522	\$ 9,884 49,203 72,852 124,146 234,707 178,694 207,178 148,426 343,162	\$	8,210 48,733 70,991 119,631 189,624 91,100 161,684 115,747 284,376	\$	12,239 43,655 71,379 117,873 160,244 77,879 158,016 115,538 263,940	\$	12,339 42,089 66,041 115,634 146,146 58,177 196,602 132,188 279,060
Total	\$	1,622,918	\$ 1,368,252	\$	1,090,096	\$	1,020,763	\$	1,048,2

Source: MuniServices, LLC

2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		
\$	12,581	\$	13,953	\$ 15,277	\$	22,874	\$	22,621		
	41,037		43,478	52,726		62,148		67,799		
	63,376		65,447	68,432		74,104		77,912		
	121,730		128,363	135,882		149,074		179,655		
	163,013		185,123	207,681		242,612		269,847		
	67,975		75,686	78,793		78,672		97,748		
	216,063		201,642	195,460		180,021		143,687		
	137,444		165,937	127,969		142,246		130,415		
	301,495		316,419	308,980		360,476		333,147		
	-		-	14,704		14,696		14,521		
	-		-	16,848		13,418		26,194		
	-		-	7,321		7,677		8,220		
\$	1,124,714	\$	1,196,048	\$ 1,230,073	\$	1,348,018	\$	1,371,766		

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Police:										-
Felony Arrests	4,234	3,686	3,584	3,150	2,825	2,713	3,145	3,105	2,726	2,441
Misdemeanor Arrests	8,886	8,042	7,824	6,686	5,557	5,780	5,821	5,876	6,424	7,446
Parking Citations	14,670	24,293	26,223	24,305	22,685	21,462	36,718	30,145	30,788	31,807
Moving Citations	18,663	18,470	25,305	18,412	11,554	10,452	9,179	9,791	9,153	8,898
Fire:										
Incidents	12,557	12,393	12,171	12,317	12,239	11,807	12,447	13,675	15,289	16,381
incidents	12,557	12,393	12,171	12,317	12,239	11,007	12,447	13,075	15,269	10,301
Urban development:										
Residential building permits issued	3,039	2,111	1,372	1,314	655	720	622	722	925	294
Inspections	20,877	23,235	17,278	6,918	5,378	5,645	4,054	6,050	5,536	6,236
Asphalt repaired (square feet)	16,600	31,862	23,911	26,489	38,842	9,222	19,400	36,068	84,879	84,649
Sidewalk repaired (square feet)	16,859	14,977	6,328	12,508	18,700	12,415	7,285	1,500	1,750	2,279
Community services:*										
Community Center participants	919,153	899.611	409,595	335,931	502,674	572,270	520.157	501.727	_	_
Senior Program participants	185,285	244,000	145,851	101,104	120,095	121,165	108,086	100,703	44,768	44,228
Youth program participants	286,925	234,648	263,744	254,827	381,280	403,617	362,217	337,180	56,728	52,075
Other program participants	70,329	72,345	47,043	64,574	36,296	42,343	49,854	66,743	32,480	26,126
Sports participants	376,614	348,618	206,853	314,405	254,989	311,201	309,795	366,978	168,034	182,529
Facility rentals	424	273	220	248	310	547	635	687	2,090	1,815
Library										
Library:	11,514	10.711	12,350	10,855	8,857	8,568	1,770	0.570	2.040	3,077
Program attendance (all programs)	,	- ,	12,350 871	,	6,657 709	0,366 749	1,770	2,578	2,940	3,077
Literacy instruction (hours)	762	639	8/1	968	709	749	-	-	-	-
Water:										
New connections	47	152	23	10	5	7	17	9	12	21
Average daily consumption	23,028	22,086	20,693	18,487	17,719	17,865	18,670	19,615	17,905	14,450
(thousands of gallons)										
Refuse:										
Curbside Collection (in tons)	42,884	41,638	39,407	37,436	38,068	36,472	37,246	36,593	35,474	36,682
Recycle Collection (in tons)	9,380	8,871	8,003	7,512	7,108	6,801	6,896	6,907	7,218	6,544
Greenwaste Collection (in tons)	14,687	13,259	13,267	13,975	14,280	13,234	12,510	11,934	11,904	13,480
	,	-,	-,	-,	,	-,	,	,	,	-,

Source: Various City Departments
*Due to staffing changes in Community Services, the methodology for counting service delivery was changed beginning 2015.

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Police: Stations Patrol Units	1 45	1 45	1 44	1 44	1 44	1 42	1 58	1 51	1 51	1 46
Fire: Fire stations	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Public works: Streets (miles) Streetlights Traffic signals	297 9,939 175	388 7,645 175	388 7,645 176	388 7,645 180	388 7,645 180	388 7,645 161	388 7,701 162	388 7,721 164	388 7,725 164	388 7,725 169
Community services: Parks Park Acreage Baseball fields Soccer fields Basketball courts Tennis courts Community centers Libraries	25 210 14 11 18 9 12	26 210 14 13 22 9 13	26 221 14 17 22 9 13	26 221 14 17 22 9 13	26 221 14 17 22 9 14	26 221 14 17 22 9 14	26 221 14 17 22 9 14	26 221 14 17 22 9 14	26 221 14 17 22 9 14	26 221 14 17 22 9 14
Water: Water mains (miles)	436	439	439	439	467	457	457	457	457	457
Sewer: Sanitary sewers (miles) Storm drains (miles)	313 120	313 120	313 120	313 120	357 120	305 120	305 120	305 120	305 120	305 120

Source: Various City Departments

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